# 37. STAR CLUSTERS AND ASSOCIATIONS (AMAS STELLAIRES ET ASSOCIATIONS)

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#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

This triennium has been quiet but industrious. Information and understanding about star clusters and associations have advanced in a quantitative way, on a broad front that encompasses all their aspects. The tabulations given below refer to many of the well-known objects, for which improved data are now available, plus an impressive number of objects that heretofore have been little more than catalogue entries. Clusters and associations have always been the source, the stage, and the touchstone for the investigation of star birth, stellar evolution, populations, and galactic structure, and the data of the 1976 report of Commission 37 will figure in the scientific advances reported in 1979 by several other IAU Commissions.

Two trends are worthy of note. One is common to all of observational astronomy: the increase of telescope power — in the total number of effective telescopes, in the number of large telescopes, and in the effectiveness of their utilization. Particularly in the southern sky, we are in the midst of a period of rapid advance.

The second trend that I would single out is the broadening of the concept of stellar populations to include a range of abundance parameters. For the globular clusters this ghost has been knocking at the door for more than a decade; and we can now hope that studies currently under way will show us, as clusters have done again and again in the past, what physical variables control the bewildering array of differences that we see between – and <u>sometimes</u> within – the HR diagrams of individual clusters. For open clusters the new parameters are really a new dimension: along with age, we must give direct consideration to chemical abundance factors, so that 'solar' abundances are only a norm against which each individual cluster is to be measured. Of particular interest is the use of open clusters, both in the Milky Way and in the Magellanic Clouds, to delineate the apparent abundance differences that are being found within and between galaxies.

Also noteworthy are the discovery of X-ray sources in globular clusters, the advance in the understanding of dynamics, particularly with regard to the cores of clusters, and the appearance of several important catalogues or compilations of data. These will be discussed in the individual sections below.

This report has been assembled by the President of the Commission, but other members have made important contributions. The discussion of stellar associations was prepared by Dr. Larsson-Leander, the discussion of globular clusters by Dr. White, the summary of astrometric work by Dr. van Altena, and the discussion of dynamics by Dr. Wielen. I am especially grateful to them, to Drs. Barkhatova and Kuz'mina, who collected information for the USSR, and also to the dozens of astronomers who responded to my request for information about their current work.

As usual, an important part of the report consists of the tables of associations, open clusters, globular clusters, and other galaxies (with respect to work on their clusters), which list recent and current work in each object. For these I have relied primarily on responses to my inquiry but have also attempted to supplement the tabulations by reference to Astronomy and

Astrophysics Abstracts (AAA). In accordance with IAU procedure, published work is referred to, wherever possible, by its AAA number.

Non-AAA references that occur in the text are numbered and collected at the end. Those that occur only within the tables are lettered within each table and appear at the end of that table.

If a name appears without a reference, this means that the work is not yet published. In that case the author's location is given in parentheses.

Contrary to the practice of the previous report, which listed objects in the order in which they appear in the *Catalogue of Star Clusters and Associations* (04.153.051), the listing here is by standard designation - NGC, IC, followed by other types of nomenclature in an order that I hope will be obvious.

## 2. SYMPOSIA AND COLLOQUIA

The following conferences dealt with topics of interest to the Commission:

(1) IAU Symposium 69, 'Dynamics of Stellar Systems,' Besançon, France, September 1974. The Symposium was cosponsored by Commissions 37 and 33; the proceedings were published by Reidel in 1975, in the regular IAU series.

(2) IAU Colloquium 33, 'Observational Parameters and Dynamical Evolution of Multiple Stars,' Oaxtepec, Mexico, October 1975. The proceedings, which included papers on associations, small clusters, and binary stars in clusters, will be published in the *Revista Mexicana de Astronomia y Astrofisica*.

(3) Conference on 'Multicolor Photometry and the Theoretical HR Diagram,' Albany, USA, October 1974 (13.012.008).

(4) Royal Greenwich Observatory Tercentenary Symposium, 'The Milky Way and the Local Group.' Herstmonceux, England, July 1975. The proceedings will appear as an RGO publication.

## 3. CATALOGUES AND COLLECTIONS OF DATA

The Catalogue of Star Clusters and Associations (04.153.051) is now being maintained by Balázs, Ruprecht, and White. It is hoped that copies of the First Supplement to the Second Edition will be available for distribution at the time of the General Assembly. Work on a third edition is in progress.

Kukarkin published The Globular Star Clusters (12.003.082), which collects data of all types for 129 globular clusters and reduces them to homogeneous tabulations. Sawyer Hogg published A Third Catalogue of Variable Stars in Globular Clusters Comprising 2119 Entries (10.120.005). Alcaino published his Atlas of Galactic Globular Clusters with Colour Magnitude Diagrams, which gives color-magnitude arrays, tables of individual magnitudes, and finding charts for 42 globulars for which photoelectrically calibrated B and V can be derived. White is keeping up his bibliography of c-m diagrams for globular clusters (last published as 03.154.014) and can make the list available as requested. Philip is preparing a set of computergenerated c-m and 2-color diagrams, for all globulars for which UBV data were available in December 1975.

Mermilliod has collected, for 200 open clusters, a catalogue of UBV magnitudes and MK classifications of more than 10,000 stars. These will be published as an Astron. Astrophys. Supplement, and the catalogue will remain available on magnetic tape at the Centre de Données Stellaires at Strasbourg. A valuable adjunct is a set of cross-identification tables for the various systems of numbering and nomenclature of individual stars. Mermilliod plans to keep his catalogue current and to issue an up-date every year or so.

Weaver reports that the Trumpler velocities of individual stars in open clusters are ready for publication, for which he hopes to secure financial support.

## 4. ASSOCIATIONS

Stellar associations are generally connected with gas and dust clouds, out of which the stars have formed; and the stellar and interstellar ingredients interact in a complicated way. Associations are studied by a variety of techniques, and combined observations in optical, infrared, and radio wavelengths have proved particularly rewarding.

Individual studies are listed in Table 1 (p.125), but several areas and aspects are worthy of special note. Expanding gas shells in associations were studied by Sancisi *et al.* (12.131.075, 12.152.009). The kinematics of the young stars in associations continue to be of great interest. Garmany's study of Cep OB3 shows that the two subgroups of the association are separating from each other in longitude. Expansions continue to be controversial, however. Steffey (10.152.009) questioned published evidence for rapid expansions of OB associations in general. On the other hand, Strand (09.031.002) rejected the arguments forwarded by Vasilevskis (06.132.003) that the expansion found for Ori OBld should be due to instrumental effects. Clearly, many more studies of internal motions in associations are necessary, both to separate non-member stars and to obtain a more convincing picture of the kinematical patterns, and hence more accurate kinematical ages.

The problem of circumstellar obscuration of OB stars was critically examined by Bohannan (1), who rejects Reddish's conclusion that obscuration is correlated with luminosity. Of 15 groups carefully examined, only one, Cyg OB2, was found to retain an indication of the effect. The higher reddening for the most luminous stars in this association may be due to their being situated in the densest parts of the dust cloud.

T associations received considerable attention. Grasdalen *et al.* (13.152.002) found Chamaeleon T to be at 115 pc, which makes it the nearest dark cloud. They suggest that it is intermediate in character between a normal T association and an OB association. For the ratio of visual to selective absorption, they find R = 5.5, a value similar to that of several other regions with high content of gas and dust. Gieseking studied Cyg T1 extensively and found that its associated dust cloud is 300 to 500 pc from us. The young stellar group around T CrA, also seems to be a T association (Knacke *et al.*, 09.152.002). Glass and Penston (2) studied infrared colors in the region and confirmed that the 6 known infrared excesses are due to circumstellar shells. In addition, several additional stars behind the dust cloud appear to have a visual absorption of about 8 magnitudes.

Considerable interest has been given during recent years to R associations, i.e., stellar associations connected with reflection nebulae. Van den Bergh and Herbst (3) identified 20 new R associations in the southern Milky Way, and Herbst (4-7) studied them in detail. These objects appear to be useful for study of the local spiral structure.

Observations of stellar associations are closely related to problems of their birth out of compressed interstellar clouds, rich in dust and molecules, and to problems of pre-main-sequence evolution. Reviews in this area have been given by Wynn-Williams (8), Mezger and Wink (9), and Strom *et al.* (10). A formation mechanism was suggested by Mouschovias (11.151.048); it involves a magnetic Rayleigh-Taylor instability initiated by the passage of a galactic shock. Sancisi (12.152.009) attempted to explain the gas and dust shells in some associations by supposing that they are old supernova shells.

The stellar-ring controversy appears to be ebbing. Isserstedt (11.113.010, 11) defended the original concept, whereas it was opposed by Baars (12.141.026), Hahn and Haupt (12), Kolesnik *et al.* (10.152.001), Lindemann and Burki (13), Vidal and Bern (10.152.007), and Voroshilov *et al.* (12.152.002). Uranova (10.152.003,004) listed 88 new rings, but in a later study (12.152.010) she was unable to confirm the reality of these or of Isserstedt's rings.

## 5. OPEN CLUSTERS

In every sense of the word, open clusters are the broadest concern of the Commission. They are the most numerous class in our catalogue, and their number is still increasing at a considerable rate. They show the full range of ages, and it now appears that the range in their chemical abundance is also becoming an important question. Dynamically, their time scales are

such that a proper study of them must consider all of the processes that are relevant anywhere in stellar dynamics, and their star numbers span the range from small to large values of  $\log N$ .

Table 2 (p.126) lists work carried on since the last Commission report. (There may be some small overlap with the previous report, especially where work was not yet published 3 years ago.) There are entries for 280 objects. It is impressive that about half the entries include contributions by Moffat, Vogt, and FitzGerald (Bochum). The number of clusters studied by Clariá and Osborn is also noteworthy.

An exciting development has been the discovery of metal deficiencies in some of the older open clusters. McClure, Forrester, and Gibson (11.153.023) found that NGC 2420 has an age of  $3 \times 10^9$  years and [Fe/H] = -0.5 with respect to the Hyades. Hawarden (13a) finds for NGC 2243 an age of  $5 \times 10^9$  years and a similar metal deficiency. Both clusters are in the anticenter hemisphere and far from the galactic plane. Hawarden (14) has also given a list of old clusters, and we may hope that more of these will soon be investigated for abundance properties.

On the other hand, it now appears that the anomalous line strengths in the giant stars of M 67 and NGC 188 are not due to abnormal metal abundances (11.153.001, 015, 024).

At the lower end of the age range, clusters serve both as calibrators of luminosities of cepheids and supergiant stars and as tracers of spiral structure. For the latter problem two studies were made by Vogt and Moffat (09.155.015, 13.155.029), and a finding list was published by Sanduleak (11.153.010). Searches have been made for cepheids, by Moffat and his collaborators and by Hagen-Harris and van den Bergh. It is distressing to note one disagreement, however: Hagen-Harris reports, 'We confirm the membership of TW Nor in Lynga 6,' whereas Moffat and Vogt (13.153.018) report this group as 'no cluster'.

The discovery of new clusters continues, especially in the southern hemisphere. Van den Bergh and Hagen, in a uniform survey of the southern Milky Way (13.153.001), listed 63 new clusters. Lodén (09.153.016) gave a list of 44 suspected clusters. The work of Moffat and Vogt included 14 newly discovered clusters (listed in Table 2 as Bochum 1–14). On the other hand, Table 2 contains about 15 reports that a supposed cluster does not exist.

Also worthy of mention are studies of HI in young clusters by Tovmassian *et al.* (11.153.003–007) and of dark matter in clusters by Wallenquist (13.153.032), and a catalogue of magnitudes in 14 young clusters by Moffat and Vogt (12.153.038).

## 6. GLOBULAR CLUSTERS

A new area of interest has developed for globular clusters with the discovery in them of X-ray sources (11.142.035, 15, 16, 17,). The X-ray positions are still not accurate enough to allow the sources to be identified, but the error boxes of X-ray sources fall on the clusters NGC 1851, 6440, 6441, 6624, and 7078 (M15). It is interesting to note that these are among the clusters of highest central concentration, central density, and escape velocity.

At the same time, radio and infrared searches have set upper limits on the emission of globular clusters in those parts of the spectrum. Kerr and Knapp (08.154.006) examined 12 clusters for 21-cm radiation, and later Knapp, Rose, and Kerr (10.154.022) set more severe limits in 8 clusters. Knapp and Kerr (10.154.001) also examined 16 clusters for OH. Hills and Klein (09.154.002) failed to find 3.8-cm radiation from ionized gas in 5 clusters. Erkes and Philip (13.154.007) found no evidence for radio emission at 3 and 6 cm, in 10 clusters examined at both wavelengths, contradicting their earlier positive indication (08.154.005). At 10 $\mu$  Cohen and Fawley (12.154.009) found a negative result in 8 clusters. A reported 10 $\mu$  detection in M15 by MacGregor, Phillips, and Selby (10.154.007) remains unconfirmed. At 2.3 and 4.7 $\mu$  Hansen and Hesser (18) scanned 8 clusters and found no indication of emission by dust. Finally, Smith, Hesser, and Shawl (19) searched 26 clusters for H $\alpha$  emission, with completely negative results.

All in all, it appears that gas produced by evolving stars is generally lost from globular clusters (Knapp, Rose, and Kerr, 10.154.122; Scott and Rose, 13.154.005; Tayler and Wood, 13.154.014); but the X-ray sources may indicate that high-concentration clusters retain some gas, even though the mechanism responsible for the X-rays is far from clear.

Internal motions are beginning to be observed in globular clusters in appreciable numbers. Illingworth (Stromlo, KPNO) determined velocity dispersions in 10 southern clusters (11.154.011, 20, 21) and has deduced masses from them. Griffin and Gunn (Hale) are observing 7 globulars (and 3 open clusters) with their photoelectric radial-velocity spectrometer. Cudworth (Yerkes) reports that this astrometry will yield an internal velocity dispersion in M15.

In addition to the compilations mentioned in Section 3, several important collections of new data have been published: Peterson (orbital eccentricities of 41 clusters: 11.154.018); Peterson and King (observed radii and structural parameters in 101 clusters: 13.154.016); Lohmann (mean velocities of stars in 58 clusters: 13.154.001); Bingham and Martin (UV-excesses of 38 clusters: 11.154.004); Harris and van den Bergh (integrated UBV magnitudes and colors of 29 clusters: 11.154.005); Zaitseva, Lutyj, and Kukarkin (integrated UBV magnitudes and colors of 26 clusters: 11.154.005); Racine (reddening values for 86 clusters: 09.154.004); Burstein and McDonald (interstellar reddening from integrated UBV colors: 13.154.002); Kukarkin and Kireeva (integrated UBVRI colors and [Fe/H]: 11.154.010); Andrews and Evans (integrated spectral types of 17 clusters: 10.154.008); and Knapp and Kerr (H I column densities in the direction of 81 clusters: 12.155.038). In addition, IAU Colloquium 21 (10.012.006), dedicated to Dr. Helen Sawyer-Hogg, summarizes the present state of affairs regarding variable star research in the clusters.

A great deal of interpretative and theoretical work has been published. Models of horizontal branch (HB) stars have been studied by Peterson (effects of He-flash mixing: 07.065.113), Hartwick and Vanden Berg (effects of CNO abundance variations: 09.154.018), while Elijgenson has made a comparative study of HB stars in the Galaxy, the Magellanic Clouds, and the Sculptor dwarf spheroidal galaxy (11.154.003). General problems concerning cluster He-abundance have been studied by Demarque, Sweigart, and Gross (08.154.012), and by Hartwick and Vanden Berg (isochrones for metal-rich clusters: 10.154.016). Kukarkin and Kireeva (11.154.019) discuss the use of UBVRI photometry in the determination of the interstellar reddening.

Recent and current work on individual globular clusters is summarized in Table 3 (p. 132).

Some current observational programs are too extensive to be included conveniently in the table. D. H. P. Jones (RGO) has made integrated light measurements of 50 clusters in an intermediate-band photometric system (the system is described in 10.127.055), augmented by a G-band measure. Kron and Gordon (Mt. Stromlo) are using the four 'central' colors of the Stebbins-Whitford six-color system to measure the integrated light from 45 clusters. Chun and Freeman (Mt. Stromlo) have studied 20 clusters for radial variations in surface UBV colors and show that eight clusters exhibit a decrease of  $\sim 0.1$  in (B - V) and  $\sim 0.2$  in (U - B) from the clusters' centers outwards; the remaining 12 clusters appear to have radially uniform colors to within  $\pm 0.02-0.03$  mag. Peterson (DTM) is doing star counts in 24 clusters and has determined the limiting radii of 15 clusters for which values were not previously known.

## 7. CLUSTERS IN OTHER GALAXIES

Since this area overlaps with the concerns of Commission 28, this section will be brief, merely touching on problems covered.

A large amount of work has dealt with clusters and associations in the Magellanic Clouds. Alcaino (22) collected and reproduced c-m diagrams for 30 clusters in the LMC and 6 in the SMC, along with the individual magnitudes and identification charts. He also tabulated basic data for the most conspicuous clusters, 162 in the LMC and 116 in the SMC. The photoelectric magnitude sequences in both Clouds also appear in this publication. New c-m diagrams were given for 96 associations in the LMC by Lucke (12.152.003), and for individual clusters by Hodge and Flower (10.154.015), Tifft and Connolly (10.159.001), and Walker (12.154.008). Penny (Herstmonceux) has studied NGC 1466 electrographically and finds its distance modulus to be 'significantly less than the currently accepted figure for the LMC.' M. Kontizas (Edinburgh) has determined c-m diagrams for 20 clusters in the SMC, using plates from the UK 1.2-m Schmidt. With the 4-m CTIO reflector Hesser, Hartwick, and Ugarte (23) have determined uncalibrated c-m arrays for 24 LMC clusters, 18 of which had been thought to be similar to galactic globulars. They report that 'very few ... show features in their instrumental C--M diagrams reminiscent of galactic globular clusters'; they suggest that some clusters identified as red globulars are actually of intermediate age. Cannon and Gascoigne have taken plates of several clusters in both Clouds with the 3.9-m AAT and are working on faint photoelectric sequences.

Hagen and van den Bergh (11.065.097) have compared c-m diagrams for young clusters in the Magellanic Clouds and the Milky Way and suggest that the differences are due largely to lower metal abundances in the Clouds. Heckman (12.154.010) synthesized populations to represent the colors of young 'globular clusters' in the Clouds.

Danziger (09.154.010) made 11-color observations of the integrated light of 28 clusters in the Magellanic Clouds. Bernard and Bigay (11.153.025) measured 95 clusters in the LMC in UBV. Bernard (13.154.017) observed 35 LMC red globulars in UBV; 24 of them were also measured in uvby. Kron and Gordon are observing about 40 SMC clusters in 4 colors. Borgman, van Duinen, and Koornneef (24) have used the Astronomical Netherlands Satellite to study some associations around 30 Dor in the LMC in the far unltraviolet.

Walborn (09.131.168) studied the nature of the central object in 30 Dor.

Freeman and Munsuk (09.154.003) discussed the masses of old globular clusters in the LMC. Freeman and Craft are completing a study of the structure of 9 'blue globular clusters' in the LMC. Andrews and Evans (08.159.008) determined spectral types and velocities of 15 'blue globulars' in the LMC. Illingworth, Oemler, and Freeman are studying the 'red' globulars in the LMC spectrospically, to classify them and to determine their velocities within the Cloud. The distribution of clusters in the SMC was discussed by Hodge (12.153.004), and Hodge and Wright (12.153.003) catalogued 86 new clusters. An extensive study was carried out by M. Brück (25, 26), on plates of the SMC taken with the U.K. 1.2-m Schmidt. Her survey more than doubles the number of clusters known in her  $6 \times 6^{\circ}$  field; the types and the spatial distribution are discussed.

In M31 Sharov listed 25 new globular clusters (09.154.005), and he also published some finding charts for clusters (10.154.004). Sharov, Lutyj, and Esipov (26a) have prepared a summarizing photoelectric catalogue of the globular clusters of M31. Hartwick and Sargent (11.158.101) used the motions of globulars to estimate the mass of M31. In M87 Ables, Newell, and O'Neil (11.154.029) gave B and V magnitudes for a number of globular clusters, and Harris and Smith (27) studied the distribution of about 4000 globulars. Hodge (11.154.028) did UBV photometry of the 5 known globular clusters in NGC 185; he is also completing a study of clusters and associations in NGC 6822. Finally, Danziger's 11-color study (09.154.010) includes 3 globular clusters in the Fornax dwarf spheroidal galaxy.

#### 8. ASTROMETRY

Astrometric research on clusters has been directed primarily towards the determination of membership in selected open clusters during the past few years. In the future there seem to be two areas that deserve attention; first, the confirmation of membership of more cepheid variables in open clusters to improve the zero point of the cepheid luminosity calibration; and second, extremely precise proper-motion studies of a few clusters for the purpose of investigating their internal kinematics. In the first case, great care must be taken to firmly establish the magnitude-dependent position errors, since the cepheid variable is usually by far the brightest star in the cluster.

Astrometric work on clusters in progress at the present time includes the following: New Mexico State University, Sanders has completed membership studies of M67, and is initiating similar studies of NGC 6494 (M23) and NGC 6709. He is also studying M11 in collaboration with MacNamara. University of South Florida, Fallon has derived new proper motions for members of the Orion Nebula Cluster for an investigation of the cluster's dynamics. Yale University Observatory, van Altena is initiating membership studies of NGC 188, NGC 2244 (The Rosette Nebula Cluster), NGC 2506 and Tr 37 (IC 1396), while Hanson is enlarging his

previous study of the distance to the Hyades cluster based on new absolute proper motions with respect to the galaxies. Yerkes Observatory, Cudworth is determining membership for several globular clusters including M15, M92, M3, M5, and M13. The investigation of M15 is complete and that of M92 is just beginning. Stone has completed a membership study for NGC 654.

Astrometric research on clusters published, 1973-1974 (subsequent to the summary 09.112.008):

 $\alpha$  Persei: 09.112.012. 11.112.014; Orion: 12.132.050; Pleiades: 09.112.002; NGC 129: 10.153.005; NGC 457: 09.112.010; NGC 663: 09.112.011; NGC 1039 (M34): 11.112.009; NGC 1664: 09.153.011; NGC 2682 (M67): 11.112.009; NGC 6611 (M16): 11.153.019; NGC 6633: 09.153.003, 11.112.010; NGC 6755: 11.112.011; NGC 6913 (M29): 09.153.004; NGC 7789: 12.153.018; IC 4756: 09.153.019.

#### 9. DYNAMICS OF STAR CLUSTERS

Recent progress in the dynamics of star clusters has been conveniently summarized in review articles, *e.g.* those of Aarseth (10.151.030, 11.151.020, 28), Aarseth and Lecar (29), Hénon (10.151.026), King (11.151.031, 30), Spitzer (31), and Wielen (11.151.053, 32). The proceedings of IAU Symposium 69 cover most of the important new results. A survey of the recent work of Soviet astronomers on cluster dynamics can be found in a conference report (10.012.034).

The theoretical predictions for the dynamical evolution of a star cluster by various methods are now in quite satisfying agreement (12.151.044, 32): The N-body simulations give essentially the same results for the evolution of the spatial structure of an isolated, spherical star cluster as those methods which are based on the classical theory of relaxation by weak two-body encounters (Fokker-Planck equation). Hénon (33) has improved this agreement by considering also the non-dominant terms in the diffusion coefficients. There is, however, still disagreement on the mechanism of escape of stars from clusters (28, 31, 32). The importance of large energy changes for escape underlines the need for also considering discrete random processes for describing the effect of stellar encounters (e.g. 07.151.028, 09.151.015).

All the methods quoted above agree in predicting a 'singular event' at the center of a cluster after a finite time: In N-body simulations, a close binary is formed at the center. In the Monte-Carlo methods and in the fluid-dynamical approach, the central density becomes infinite. The thermodynamic explanation of this effect as a gravothermal catastrophe (e.g. 10.151.025) has been questioned (09.151.021, 12.151.033, 13.151.009). The central 'singularity' occurs after a few relaxation times for clusters with a realistic spectrum of stellar masses. Hence most of the open clusters and globular clusters should have reached this stage. Observational confirmation of some central abnormality in star clusters is highly desirable in order to confirm the theoretical predictions. For the theoretical studies, the central 'singularity' poses problems for a realistic continuation of the evolution after the collapse of the core (33, 34), especially if the short lifetimes of the dominating massive stars are taken into account. Closely related to this problem is the question of how much the dynamical evolution of star clusters is affected by the presence of binaries. Shrinking close binaries could act as powerful energy sources for a cluster and could strongly affect the dissolution of clusters. Heggie (12.151.011, 35) has studied the binary problem in great detail, and Hills (36) has attempted to show the effect of binaries on cluster cores.

Among other theoretical investigations of star cluster dynamics in general, the following papers are especially noteworthy: studies of the dynamical stability of spherical clusters (09.151.023, 09.151.047), comparison of simulations with theoretical predictions on the behaviour of the random force in gravitating systems (09.151.012, 13.151.017, 37) and on dynamical friction (11.151.033), application of virial theorem in tensor form (07.151.001, 38), correct simulation of field stars in numerical experiments (08.151.002), evolution of clusters under the effect of external gravitational shocks (10.151.004). The numerical methods of handling the N-body problem for clusters (surveyed in 11.012.005) have been drastically improved by Ahmad and Cohen's force separation (10.151.084) and by new regularization

techniques (12.042.017-20). The consequence of the inherent instability of the N-body problem for cluster simulations (07.151.100) is still poorly understood. Interesting work has been done on the behaviour of relativistic star clusters (reviewed by Ipser, 39), although there is as yet still no direct evidence for the existence of relativistic stellar systems. Saslaw (09.151.017) reviewed the properties of dense stellar systems.

For the application of dynamical theories to actual star clusters, it is necessary to know density distributions, velocity dispersions, total masses, etc., of these stellar systems. Our knowledge of relevant observational data for globular clusters has been dramatically improved by the velocity dispersions and total masses obtained by Illingworth and Freeman (11.154.011, **20**, **21**), by Griffin's individual radial velocities of cluster members (12.034.004), and by Peterson and King's cluster radii and structural parameters (13.154.016). For open clusters, new faint members of the Hyades (**40**) and internal radial velocities (13.153.027) represent a major observational progress for cluster dynamics.

A detailed dynamical model of the globular cluster M3 has been constructed by Da Costa and Freeman (preprint). They emphasize the importance of considering the whole spectrum of stellar masses and conclude that M3 is not deficient in low-mass stars. Much effort has been spent in investigating the relation between globular clusters and the surrounding gravitational field: Important studies have been carried out on the tidal effect of the galactic field (13.151.011, 13.154.006), on the effect of a compressive shock for a cluster when penetrating the galactic disk (10.151.004), and on the variation of the field star density due to the presence of a globular cluster (10.154.002, 12.151.029). Among the dynamical studies of open clusters, the discussion of the Hyades by Pels, Oort, and Pels-Kluyver (40) gave the interesting result that there exists a considerable number of probable members (perhaps escapers) outside the tidal radius and that there is no sign of the expected tidal compression of the cluster in the z-direction.

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## Table 1. Associations

(Note: For abbreviations and lettered references, see end of table. For numbered references, see end of report.)

Name	Observer and data	Name	Observer and data
η Car	Walborn (09.152.001) sp., E, d of indiv. st. in whole complex		Isobe (10.152.008) distr. of st., dust, H II
Car OB2	Clariá (a) $UBV\beta$		Steffey (10.152.009) motions in Ori
Cen OB2	Ardeberg (Lund), Maurice (Marseille) sp-ph		OB1a Moreno (10.152.012) sp-ph
Cep OB2	Aslanov, Akhundova, Ivanova (b) spph		Cannell, Ianna (12.132.050) p.m. Sharpless (12.152.008) rotations
Cep OB3 Cha T	Garmany (09.152.004) p.m., r.v. Henize, Mendoza (09. 152.003) sp.,		Hesser (CTIO), Warren (Indiana) $uvby\beta, d, E$ , ages
	em., var. Feast, Glass (10.152.005) R Mon		Sanders, MacNamara (N. Mex. State) r.v., sp-ph for masses
	object	Ori T2	Zakirov (d) search for wide binaries
	Grasdalen (13.152.002) UBVHKLN, sp-ph	Per OB1	Dzervitis, Spulgis (Latvia) BVR of red super-G
CMa OB1	Clariá (12.155.043, 13.152.001) sp., UBV $\beta$ , E, d, relation to dust and cl.	Per OB2	Sancisi (12.131.075) H I, OH maps, expansion
CMa R1	Clariá (13.152.001) related to CMa	Pup OB2	Havlen $(12.152.005) d$ of st.
	OB1	Sco OB1	Sivan (11.155.044) Ha survey, r.v.
CrA T	Knacke et al. (09.152.002)		Walborn (e) sp., CNO abund.
	BVHKLNQ, sp.		Laval, Sivan (Marseille) motions, st.
	Glass, Penston (2) JHKL for E		form.
	Marraco (La Plata, CTIO) UBVRI, polarimetry, sp.	Sco OB2	Peterson, Shipman (09.153.014) He abund.
Cyg OB2	Walborn (09.114.041) sp., d		abund. Sancisi (12.152.009) expansion in
052	Voelcker, Elsasser (09.152.010,		H I
	10.113.085) i-r	Tau T1	Uzbek cts.
	Voelcker (12.152.007, c) i-r, E	Tau T2	Zakirov (d) search for wide binaries
Cyg T1	Gieseking (11.152.003, 12.152.011) UBV, c-m, d, em. st., var. st.	Tau T3	Dragomiretskaya (12.114.069) sp., mags. of var.
Lac OB1	Peterson, Shipman (09.153.014) He		Zakirov (d) search for wide binaries
	abund.		Shevchenko, Slutskij (f) cts., mags.,
	Adelman (10.152.010) sp., Ap st.		absorption
Nor OB1	Muzzio, Forte (La Plata, CTIO)	V.I OD1	Uzbek cts.
	$UBV\beta$	Vel OB1	Denoyelle (Uccle) r.v. of st., no
	Vrba et al. (13.153.008) JHKL, 2µ	IC 274	expansion, doubtful ass'n Kolesnik (07.152.001) d of a ring
Ori OB1	map Strand (09.031.002) expansion of	IC 274 IS 58	Voroshilov, Kolesnik, Uranova
OUODI	Ori OBld	10 00	(12.152.002) BV, sp., no real group

Abbreviations: d = distance, E = color excess or reddening, em. = emission, i-r = infrared, p.m. = proper motion, r.v. = radial velocity, sp. = spectrum, sp-ph = spectrophotometry, st. = stars, var. = variable.

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## Table 2. Individual Open Clusters

(Note: For key to abbreviations and lettered references, see end of table. For numbered references, see end of report.)

' NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
129	Frolov (10.153.006) p.m., ceph.mem., <i>d</i> , age	1662	Vasilevskij (08.153.012) [Fe/H] for gK
188	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Pulkovo p.m., color for mem. Pagel (11.153.015) CN strength	1664	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Kerridge, Nelson, Mesrobian (09.153.011) p.m., mem.
100	Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w. theory		Alksnis, Alksne, Daube (10.113.016) C st.
	McClure (12.153.030) abund. range Danilov (12.153.034) mass, lifetime	1778	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Barbon, Hassan (09.153.015) UBV,
	Osborn (Mérida) $T_e, g$ , masses of RG Barry (S. Calif.), Schoolman		d, E, age, sp. Joshi, Sagar, Pandey (13.153.028)
	(Lockheed) sp-ph		UBV, d, E, age
	van Altena (Yale) p.m. for mem. Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale)	1817	W. Harris, G. H. Harris (Yale) faint c-m
	r.v. of indiv. st. Mano, Simoda (Tokyo) faint c-m	1893	Kholopov (07.003.154) var. st. Cuffey (09.153.035, 10.153.012)
	Saio, Shibata, Simoda (Tokyo) age	10(0	UBV c-m, d, var. E
225 457	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Latypov (09.112.010) p.m.	1960 2099	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H] Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]
-57	Lang (10.153.030) st. distr.	2000	Baldone Obs. (Latvia) Schmidt survey
	Baldone Obs. (Latvia) Schmidt	2129	Kuznetsov (08.114.067) sp. to 15 <sup>m</sup>
	survey		Baldone Obs. (Latvia) Schmidt survey
559	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]	2158	Abastumani BV, sp.
581	Steppe (11.153.008) RGU, d, E, age Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2158 2168 (M35)	Walker (Lick) spectracon BV Vidal (09.153.040) UBV c-m, age, l.f.
654	Samson (13.153.013) mass,	2100 (14155)	Salukvadze (Abastumani?) UBV, str.
659	interstellar mat. Steppe (11.153.008) RGU, d, E, age	2169	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Sagar (b) UBV, d, E, age, mem.
663	Latypov (09.112.011) p.m.	2105	Tovmassian, Shahbazian (11.153.004)
752	Chekanikhina (09.153.027) l.f.	2175	amt. of H I
	Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w. theory	2186	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.
	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2204	Hawarden (c) UBV c-m, d, E, age
869	Cohen, Gaustad (10.113.116) i-r excess in M super-G	2232	$3 \times 10^9$ yr, $ z  = 1250$ pc Clariá (10.153.022) photometry
884	Cohen, Gaustad (10.113.116) i-r excess in M super-G	2243	Levato, Malaroda (12.153.006) MK, $d$ Hawarden (13) UBV c-m, $d, E$ , age
1027	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2273	$5 \times 10^9$ yr, $ z  = 1100$ pc
1039 (M39)	Latypov (11.112.009) p.m. Pyadtshenko (12.153.029) R mags	2244	van den Bergh (Toronto) old
1245	Ryadtchenko (12.153.029) B mags. Urals Obs. c-m, str., l.f.	2244	Ogura, Ishida (Japan) c-m, d
1502	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2251	van Altena (Yale) p.m. for mem. Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]
1545	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2252	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, $[Fe/H]$
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
2264	Peterson, Shipman (09.153.014) He abund. Tovmassian, Shahbazian (11.153.004)	2467 2477	Darsa, Hidajat (10.153.017) <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> Cannon (06.065.068) compar. of RG w. theory
	amt. of H I Koch, Perry (11.153.013) variables		Lohmann (10.153.014) distr. of faint st. Hartwick, Hesser (12.153.010) BV c-m,
	Badalyan, Erastova (09.122.130) mags. Mendoza (Mexico) UBVRIα + narrow-	2482	$uvby\beta$ , g, Am st., rotations Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam., U Gem mem.?
	band	2483	Darsa, Hidajat (10.153.017) d, E
	Barry (S. Calif.), Schoolman (Lockheed) sp-ph, r.v.		FitzGerald, Moffat (13.153.023) UBV, sp., not a real cl.
	MacNamara (N. Mex. State) sp-ph, masses	2506 2516	van Altena (Yale) p.m. for mem. Feinstein, Marraco, Mirabel (09.153.006)
2269	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.		$UBVRI\beta, d, E$ , age Eggen (11.153.009) $uvby\beta, UBV$ ,
2281	Vasilevskij (08.153.012) [Fe/H] for gK		relation to Plei, grp. Snowden (12.153.035) $uvby\beta$ , var. E,
2287	Poppel, Vieira (10.153.023) H I study	2527	age, Ap st. Lindoff (09.153.005) UBV, d, E
	Eggan (11.153.009) $uvby\beta$ , $UBV$ ,	2539	Naini Tal Obs. UBV
	relation to Plei. grp. Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2548 2571	Naini Tal Obs. <i>UBV</i> Clariá (Mérida) <i>UBVβ</i> , DDO of RG
2301	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	2632 (Prae-	Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w.
2302 2323	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	sepe)	theory Moshkalev (d) <i>BV</i> for 8 new mem.
2325	Clariá (09.153.007, 13.152.001) UBV,	0.440	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
2343	d, E, age, not rel. to CMa OB1 Clariá (13.152.001) not rel. to CMa OB1	2660	Hartwick, Hesser $(10.153.003) BV$ c-m,
2345	Moffat (11.153.021) UBV c-m, d, var. E	2669	$uvby\beta, d, E$ , age, C st. Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
2353	Tovmassian, Shahbazian (11.153.004) amt. of H I	2682 (M67)	Janes (09.153.017, 11.153.024) DDO, d, E, CN-abund.
2360	Clariá (13.152.001) nucleus of CMa OB1 Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w. theory		Latypov (11.112.009) p.m. Osborn (12.114.016) $T_{e}$ , g, masses of RG
	Osborn (Mérida) T <sub>e</sub> , g, masses of RG		Barry, Cromwell (11.153.001) sp.,
2362	Tovmassian, Shahbazian (11.153.004) amt. of H I		normal abund. Pagel (11.153.015) CN strength
	Clariá (Mérida) Hβ		Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w. theory
2383 2414	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Moffat, FitzGerald (Bochum) mags., sp.		Barry (S. Calif.), Schoolman (Lockheed) sp-ph, g, d
2420	of OB st. McClure, Forrester, Gibson (11.153.023)		Sanders (N. Mex. State) p.m., 649
2420	UBV, DDO, age 3 x 10 <sup>9</sup> y, [Fe/H] = -0.5		probable mem. Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of indiv. st.
	Keenan, Innanen (11.155.024) galactic		Pulkovo p.m.
	orbit	2972	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
	Hawarden (13a) age, $d$	3053	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
	Osborn (c) T <sub>e</sub> g, masses of RG Salukvadze (Abastumani?) UBV, str.	3105	Moffat, FitzGerald (11.153.020) UBV c-m. d, E, possible ceph.
2421	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, $d, E$ , diam.	3114	Levato, Malaroda (e) MK, Ap st. W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m, DDO
2422	Dworetsky (13.153.005) MK, r.v., rotation, binaries	3255	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, diam., doubtful cl.
2439	White (13.153.007) UBV c-m, d, age, super-G	3293	Tovmassian, Shahbazian, Nersessian (11.153.005) amt. of H I
2451	W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m, DDO		W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m, DDO
2453	Darsa, Hidajat (10.153.017) <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> Moffat. FitzGerald (12.153.007) <i>UBV</i> c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i>	3324	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam. Clariá (Mérida) $UBV\beta$
			- (, <b>-</b> - , <b>p</b>

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## Table 2. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
3572	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam. Clariá ( <b>f</b> ) nucleus of Car OB2	6231	Tovmassian, Shahbazian, Nersessian (11.153.005) amt. of H 1 Tovmassian, Nersessian, Shahbazian
3590	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam. Clariá (f) $UBV$	0251	(11.153.006) amt. of H 1 Walborn (h) sp. N-deficient
3603	Walborn (09.131.168) central trapezium, WR st.		Laval (Marseille) nucleus of Sco OB1, r.v.
3680	Moffat (12.131.525) UBV, d, E Maeder (11.153.017) compar. w. theory	6242	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, $d, E$ , diam.
	Hawarden (13a) Ε, δ(U-B) Osborn (Mérida) T <sub>e</sub> , g, masses of RG	6249	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, $d, E$ , diam.
3766	Winnenburg (09.153.009) <i>UBV</i> c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , age, diam.	6250	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.
4337 4439	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) faint, diam. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,	6259	Hawarden (12.153.028), 13.153.901) UBV, c-m, d, E, age
4463	d, E, diam. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,	6281 6322	Feinstein, Forte (11.153.053) UBV, c-m, d, E, age, X-ray source
4755 4815	d, E, diam. W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m, DDO Moffat Vogt (09.153.031) UBVβ,	6383	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam. Tovmassian, Nersessian, Shahbazian
5168	probably no cl. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,	6396	(11.153.006) amt. of H 1 Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,
5281	d, E, diam. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBV $\beta$ , c-m,	6405 (M6)	<i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam. Vleeming (12.153.001) <i>UBV</i> , c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> ,
5460	<i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam. Clariá (09.153.022) <i>UBV</i>	. ,	age G. H. Harris (Yale) MK, r.v., mem., irr.
5606	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, $d, E$ , diam.	6475 (M7)	var. BM Sco Conti, Hensberge, van den Heuvel,
5617	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.		Stickland (12.153.008) blue stragglers Abt (13.153.030) sp., Ap, Am, binaries
5662	Lohmann (g) l.f., str. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) <i>UBV</i> β, c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.	6494 (M23) 6514 (M20)	· · · ·
5822	Bozkurt (13.153.004) <i>UBV</i> , c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.		Ogura, Ishida (Japan) $UBV$ , c-m, $d, E$ , age
6005	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , doubtful cl.	6523 (M8) 6530	Naini Tal Obs. <i>UBV</i> Parsatharathy (13.153.029) sp.
6031	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.	6531	Tovmassian, Nersessian, Shahbazian (11.153.006) amt. of H I
6067 6167	Dzigashvili (08.151.052) orbit W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m, DDO Tovmassian, Shahbazian, Nersessian	6604	Tovmassian, Nersessian (11.153.007) amt. of H I Moffet Vort (12.152.018) UBVa am
0107	(11.153.005) amt. of H I Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) UBVβ, c-m,	6611 (M16)	
6169	d, E, diam. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBV $\beta$ , no cl.		amt. of H I Kamp (11.153.019) p.m. for mem., <i>B-V</i> ,
6178	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.		E, d, age Ogura, Ishida (Japan) UBV, c-m
6192 6193	Handschel (11.153.032) <i>UBV</i> Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) <i>UBV</i> β, c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.	6633	Vasilevskij (08.153.012) [Fe/H] for gK Sanders (09.153.003) p.m. for mem. Latypov (11.112.010) p.m.
	Tovmassian, Shahbazian, Nersessian (11.153.005) amt. of H I	6649	Talbert (13.153.021) <i>UBV</i> , minimum <i>d</i> , ceph. V367 Sct
6200	Herbst (12.153.013) $UBV$ , sp., c-m, d, E Tovmassian, Shahbazian, Nersessian (11.152.005) amt of H L	6705 (2011)	van den Bergh, Madore (Toronto) ceph. V367 Sct
6204	(11.153.005) amt. of H I Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.	0/US (MII)	W. Harris, G. H. Harris (Yale) UBV, uvbyβ, DDO, sp., faint c-m

# Table 2. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
	Sanders, MacNamara (N. Mex. State)	77(2)	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Zacharova (08.153.030) UBV, l.f.
	p.m., mem., vel. disp. Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of	7762	Urals Obs. c-m, l.f., str.
	indiv. st.	7788	Pulkovo p.m., colors for mem.
6709	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG Sanders (N. Mex. State) p.m., mem.	7789	Alksnis, Alksne, Daube (10.113.016) C st.
6755	Latypov (11.112.011) p.m.		Koroleva (12.153.018) corona, blue
6811	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]		stragglers, p.m.
	Urals Obs. c-m, str., l.f.		Artyukhina, Kholopov (13.153.025) st.
6819	Auner (11.153.002) UBV, c-m, d, E, MS		distr.
(0.0.2	gap, cts.		Pendl (13.153.031) blue stragglers
6823	Tovmassian, Nersessian (11.153.007) amt. of H I	7790	Pulkovo p.m., colors for mem. Pulkovo p.m., colors for mem.
6834	Voroshilov, Kalandadze, Kuznetsov	IC 348	Strom, Strom, Carrasco (12.153.033)
0054	(08.131.123) <i>BV</i> , <i>E</i> , st. distr.	10 540	UBVHKL, E, age, st. form.
	Abastumani BV, sp.	IC 1369	Hassan (08.153.008) UBV, d, age, mem.
6866	Koroleva (08.153.008) str. of corona	IC 1396	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]
	Pulkova p.m., color for mem.		van Altena (Yale) p.m.
6871	Bogdanovic, Straizis (08.113.049)	IC 1795	Ogura, Ishida (Japan) UBV c-m
	UPXYZVS	IC 2157	Grubissisch (10.153.001) <i>RGU</i> c-m, <i>d</i>
	Crawford, Barnes, Warren (11.153.002)	IC 2581	Turner (10.153.007) var. $E$
	$uvby\beta, d, E, Cyg X-1$ more distant	10 2602	Moffat (11.153.011) E
	Alksnis, Bogdanovic (12.113.015, 016)	IC 2602 IC 4651	Levato (13.153.002) rotations Hawarden (13a) $E, \delta(U-B)$
6883	multicolor, sp. Alksnis, Alksne, Daube (10.113.016)	IC 4651 IC 4665	Ferrer, Jaschek (09.153.028) inclinations
0005	C st.	10.4005	of binaries
6913 (M29)		IC 4756	Vasilevskij (08.153.012) [Fe/H] for gK
•••	changes of $E$ , pecularities of st.		Herzog, Sanders, Seggewiss (13.153.006)
	Sanders (09.153.004) p.m. for mem.		p.m. for mem., $UBV$ , $d$ , $E$ , blue
	Bakos (09.153.029) light var. of st.		stragglers, super-G
	Abastumani BV, sp.	IC 4996	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
6940	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG	IC 5146	Samson (13.153.014) gas, dust
7031	Hassan, Barbon (10.153.004) UBV, d, E,	Coma	Sedyakina (06.122.149) new flare st.
7020	age, mem.		Barry (S. Calif.), Schoolman (Lockheed)
7039	Hassan (09.153.008) UBV, d, age, mem.	11	sp-ph
7062	Hassan (09.153.008) UBV, d, age, mem.	Hyades	Sedyakina (06.122.149) new flare st.
7067 7082	Hassan (09.153.008) UBV, d, age, mem. Hassan (09.153.008) UBV, d, age, mem.		Golay (10.153.009) $UBVB_1B_2V_1G,d$ Upgren, Kerridge, Mesrobian
7092 (M39)			(10.153.010) d from px.
7072 (M37)	rotations, binaries		van Altena (11.153.014) review of $d$
7127	Uranova, Tsarevskij (13.152.003) UBV		Robinson, Kraft (11.153.030) var. of dK,
7128	Alksnis (10.123.003) var. st.		dM
7142	Pendl (09.153.037)		Clube (11.153.034) convergent
7160	Vasilevskij (a) sp. of RG, [Fe/H]		Conti, Hensberge, van den Heuvel,
7209	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG		Stickland (12.153.008) blue stragglers
7243	Hill, Fisher, Allison (11.153.012) $H\gamma$ EW	,	Upgren (12.153.025) d from R-I
	d		Hanson (13.153.019) p.m., mem., d
	Pulkovo p.m.		Corbin, Smith, Carpenter (13.153.020) d
7419	Daube (06.114.128) new C vars.		Barry (S. Calif.), Schoolman (Lockheed)
	Alsknis, Alksne, Daube (10.113.016)		sp-ph MacNamara (N. Mex. State), Klemola,
	C st. Handarhal (11, 152, 022) $UBV$		Harlan, Wirtanen (Lick) px.
	Handschel (11.153.032) UBV Fawley, Cohen (12.153.026) sp., r.v.,		Hanson (Yale) new p.m.
	sp-ph, far i-r of M st.		Moscow p.m., color for men
7654	Voroshilov, Kalandadze, Kuznetsov	α Per	Sedyakina (06.122.149) flare st.
	(08.131.124) E, st. distr.		Artyukhina (07.153.015) str.
	Abastumani BV, sp.		Dieckvoss (09.112.012) p.m.
	/ • ·		

## Table 2. (Continued)

Name	Observer and data	Name	Obs
	Zakharova, Svechnikov (09.153.042) st. formation, age	Bo 6	Moi c-
	Artyukhina, Kalinina (11.112.014) p.m., mem.	Bo 7	Mot c-
	Crawford, Barnes (11.153.029) $uvby\beta$ , var. E, d	Bo 8	Moi c-
Pleiades	Ambartsumyan <i>et al.</i> (06.122.094, 08.122.142, 09.122.136, 10.122.030,	Bo 9	Mot
	11.122.020) flare st. Mirzoyan, Mnatsakyan (06.122.130)	Bo 10	Moi c-
	distr. of flare st.	Bo 11	Mot
	Kholopov (11.122.006) distr. of flare st. B. F. Jones (09.112.002) p.m., mem. Erastova (09.122.131) flare st.	Bo 12	c- Moi c-
	van Altena, B. F. Jones (09.153.018) absolute p.m.	Bo 13	Moi c-
	Vykhrestyuk, Karetnikov (10.153.020) sp-ph	Bo 14	Moi c-
	Robinson, Kraft (11.153.030) var of dK, dM	Bo 15	Fitz U
	Conti, Hensberge, van den Heuvel, Stickland (12.153.008) blue stragglers	Cr 96	Moi c-
	Artyukhina, Kholopov (13.153.024) distr.	Cr 107	Isse (C
	Coyne (i) polarization	Cr 121	Cla
UMa	Wielen (Heidelberg) dynamics	Cr 132	Clai
Ba 10	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) UBV, c-m, d,	Cr 135	Cla
<b>Du</b> 10	E, diam., super-G?	Cr 140	Cla
Ba 12	Hassan (13.153.022) UBV, c-m, d, E	CI I 10	D
Ba 13	Hassan (13.153.022) UBV, c-m, d, E	Cr 228	Wal
Ba 14	Hassan (13.153.022) UBV, c-m, d, E	CI 220	Fein
Ba 15	Hassan (13.153.022) UBV, c-m, d, E		
Be 4	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.		Clai
Be 7			Moi
	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	0.240	Thé
Be 59	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	Cr 240	Cla
Be 62	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	~ ~ ~	C
Be 65	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) UBV, c-m, d, E, diam.	Cr 258	Moi c-
	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	Cr 268	Mot
Be 86	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.		c-
Be 87	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	Cr 271	Mo
Be 90	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.		c-
Be 94	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	Cr 307	Mo
Be 96	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	Cr 347	Mot
Be 97	Sanduleak (11.153.010) has OB st.	01 0 1 1	с-
Biur 10	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,	Cr 367	Cla
Dia: 10	d, E, diam.; faint	Cr 399	Cla
Bo 1	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ , c-m,		
DOI		Cz 8	Mot
Po 2	d, E, diam.; new cl.	C- 0	C-
Bo 2	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,	Cz 9	Mot
D. 2	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.	Cz 10	Mot
Bo 3	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,	Cz 11	Mo
<b>D</b> 4	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.	~ • •	13
Bo 4	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,	Cz 13	Mo
. <i>.</i>	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.	Dol 25	Mot
Bo 5	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,		c-
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.	Dol 28	Mo

	Observer and data
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl., WR st.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) suspected
	new cl., but no cl.
)	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.
2	Motfat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.; new cl.
ł	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ ,
•	c-m, $d, E$ , diam.; new cl.
L	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ ,
r	c-m, $d$ , $E$ , diam.; new cl.
•	
,	FitzGerald, Hurkens, Moffat (1)
	UBV, c-m, sp., $d, E$ , OB st.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,
~	c-m, d, E, diam.
7	Isserstedt, Schmidt-Kaler
	(09.153.033) UBV, sp., part of ring
1	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
2	Clariá (Mérida) $UBV\beta$ , p.m.
5	Clariá (Mérida) UBVβ, p.m.
0	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) $UBV$ , $uvby\beta$ ,
	DDO, p.m.
8	Walborn (09.152.001) sp., d
	Feinstein, Marraco, Forte (j) UBV
	Clariá (Mérida) UBV
	Moffat (Bochum) UBV
	Thé (Amsterdam) 5-color
0	Clariá (g) $UBV\beta$ , OB ass'n related to
	Car OB2?
8	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBVβ,
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.
8	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) UBVβ,
	c-m, d, E, diam.
1	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBVβ,
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.
7	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) no cl.
7	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) UBVβ,
	c-m, $d, E$ , diam.
7	Clariá (Mérida) UBV
9	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
,	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) UBV,
	c-m, d, E, diam.
	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) no cl.
1	
,	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) no cl. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) no cl.,
1	'≡galaxy Maffei l Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) no cl.?
5	Moffet Vort (12 152 016) UVD2
5	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UVB\beta$ ,
0	c-m, d, E, diam.
8	Moffat (Bochum) UBV, WR st.

Table 2. (Continued)

Name	Observer and data	Name	Observer and data
Haf 8	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) <i>UBVβ</i> , c-m, d, E, diam.	Pis 20	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) <i>UBVβ</i> , c-m, d, E, diam.
Haf 16	Darsa, Hidajat (10.153.017) d, E	Pis 21	Moffat, FitzGerald (Bochum) UBV
Haf 18	FitzGerald, Moffat (12.153.005)	Pis 24	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ ,
	<i>UBV</i> , r.v., c-m, <i>d</i> for Haf 18 ab;		c-m, d, E, diam.
	18c no cl.	Rup 18	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,
Haf 19	FitzGerald, Moffat (12.153.005)	Kup 10	c-m, d, E, diam., ceph. mem.?
	<i>UBV</i> , r.v., c-m, <i>d</i>	Rup 32	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,
Haf 20	FitzGerald, Moffat (12.153.016)	xup on	c-m, d, E, diam.
1141 20	UBV, c-m, $d, E$	Rup 34	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) no cl.
Haf 21	FitzGerald, Moffat (12.153.016)	Rup 44	Moffat, FitzGerald (12.155.011)
	<i>UBV</i> , c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i>	1F	UBV, sp., c-m, d
Hogg 9	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) no cl.	Rup 55	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,
Hogg 10	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,		c-m, d, E, diam.
20	c-m, d, E, diam.	Rup 67	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) UBVβ,
	Clariá (f) UBVβ	•	c-m, d, E, diam.
Hogg 11	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) <i>UBV</i> β,	Rup 79	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) UBVβ,
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.	•	c-m, d, E, diam., ceph. mem.?
Hogg 12	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) no cl.		van den Bergh (Toronto), G. H. Harris
Hogg 14	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBVβ,		(Yale) ceph. mem.
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.	Rup 97	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ
Hogg 15	Moffat (12.113.002) WR st. possible		c-m, d E, diam., ceph. mem.
	mem.		van den Bergh (Toronto), G. H. Harris
	Muzzio, Feinstein, Orsatti (LaPlata,		(Yale) ceph. mem.
	CTIO) $UBV\beta$	Rup 98	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) UBVβ,
Hogg 16	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ ,		c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.		Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
Hogg 22	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ ,	Rup 107	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$
*** 4	c-m, d, E, diam.	<b>D</b> 100	c-m, d, E, diam.
King 4	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) UBV,	Rup 108	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ ,
17:	c-m, d, E, diam.	D 110	c-m, d, E, diam.
King 22	Burkhead, Kalinowski (Indiana)	Rup 118	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ ,
	UBV, c-m King (Perkelov) etc. str	Rup 119	c-m, d, E, diam. Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) no. cl.
	King (Berkeley) cts., str., mass $> 4000m_{\odot}$	Rup 119	Molfat, Vogt ( $(0.135.051)$ h0. cl. Molfat, Vogt ( $(13.153.018)$ <i>UBV</i> $\beta$ ,
Lyngå 4	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) no cl.	Rup 127	c-m, d, E, diam.
Lyngå 6	Madore (13.153.009) ceph. TW Nor	Rup 166	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) probably
Lynga o	mem.	Rup 100	no. cl.
	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) no cl.	S289(H II)	Moffat, FitzGerald (Bochum) UBV,
	van den Bergh (Toronto), G. H. Harris		sp., OB cl.
	(Yale) ceph. TW Nor. mem.	Sher 1	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
Lyngå 14	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.018) $UBV\beta$ ,		c-m, d, E, diam.
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.	Stock 2	Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
Mark 6	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) UBV,	Stock 13	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
	c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.		c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.
Mark 38	Moffat, Vogt (m) $UBV$ , c-m, sp., $d, E$	Stock 14	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) UBVβ,
Mel 66	Hawarden (k) c-m, old, rich, blue	- <i>.</i>	c-m, d, E, diam.
	stragglers	Tom 4	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.039) not found
Pis 1	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,	Tr 1	Steppe (11.153.008) <i>RGU</i> , c-m, <i>d</i> ,
D: 4	c-m, d, E, diam.		E, age
Pis 4	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) $UBV\beta$ ,	π. )	Naini Tal Obs. <i>UBV</i> Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG
Pis 11	c-m, d, E, diam. Moffat, FitzGerald (Bochum) UBV	Tr 2	Naini Tal Obs. UBV
Pis 11 Pis 12	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.016) no cl.	Tr 5	Kalinowski, Burkhead, Honeycutt
Pis $12$ Pis $17$	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.010) Ho el. Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ ,	115	(12.153.024) C st. mem.?
1101/	c-m, $d$ , $E$ , diam.		Kalinowski, Burkhead (Indiana)
Pis 18	Moffat, Vogt $(09.153.031)$ too faint		UBV c-m

## Table 2. (Continued)

Name	Observer and data	Name	Observer and data
Tr 9	Darsa, Hidajat (10.153.017) <i>d, E</i> Clariá, Osborn (Mérida) DDO of RG		Forte (La Plate, CTIO) <i>UBV</i> Thé (Amsterdam) 5-color
Tr 10	Levato, Malaroda (13.153.010) MK types, d	Tr 18	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.
Tr 14	Walborn (09.152.001) sp., d, beyond Tr 16	Tr 21	Moffat, Vogt (09.153.031) $UBV\beta$ , c-m, d, E, diam.
	Feinstein, Marraco, Muzzio (10.153.013) UBVRI, $H\alpha\beta\gamma$	Tr 27	Moffat, FitzGerald (Bochum) UBV, MK, var. E, WR st.
	Forte (La Plata, CTIO) UBV		Thé (Amsterdam) 5-color
Tr 15	Thé (Amsterdam) 5-color Walborn (09.152.001) 1 sp., d,	Tr 37	Garrison, Kormendy (12.153.012) UBV, MK, d, nucleus of Cep OB2
	beyond Tr 16	vdB 130	Racine (12.153.014) UBV, E
	Feinstein, Forte (La Plata, CTIO) UBV	West 2	Moffat, Vogt (13.153.017) <i>UBVβ</i> , c-m, <i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam.
	Thé (Amsterdam) 5-color	LMC fgd	Philip (09.153.013) $uvby\beta$ , c-m, d
Tr 16	Walborn (09.152.001) sp., d, assoc. with η Car Feinstein, Marraco, Muzzio (10.153.013) UBVRI, Ηαβγ	Anon	Moffat (Bochum) pec. st. found by Klare, Neckel (11.121.075) is in a cl.

Abbreviations: amt. = amount, c-m = color-magnitude array, cts. = star counts, d = distance, E = color excess or reddening, EW = equivalent width, fgd = foreground, g = surface gravity, grp. = group, i-r = infrared, l.f. = luminosity function, mem. = membership, p.m. = proper motion, px. = parallax, RG = red giants, r.v. = radial velocity, sp-ph = spectrophotometry, st. = stars, str. = structure, super-G = supergiants,  $T_e$  = effective temperature, var. = variable.

References for Table 2: (a) Vasilevskij, A. E. 1972, Bull. Abastumani Obs. No. 43. 29. (b) Sagar, R. 1975, Astrophys. Space Sci. (in press). (c) Obsorn, W. 1975, Monthly Notices Roy. Astron. Soc. 172, 631. (d) Moshkalev, V. G. 1973, Soob. Sternberg Inst. No. 182, 21. (e) Levato, H. and Malaroda, S. 1975, Astron. J. 80, 807. (f) Clariá, J. J. 1976, Astron. J. 81, 155. (g) Lohmann, W. 1975, Astrophys. Space Sci. (in press). (h) Walborn, N. 1976, Astrophys. J. 204 (in press). (i) Coyne, G. V. 1976, in Proc. Second European IAU Meeting (in press). (j) Feinstein, A., Marraco, H. G., and Forte, J. C. 1976, Astron. Astrophys. Suppl. (in press). (k) Hawarden, T. G. 1976, Astron. Astrophys. 41, 473.

## Table 3. Individual Globular Clusters

(Note: See also major data lists referred to in the text. Papers dealing solely with variable stars have been omitted. For key to abbreviations and lettered references, see end of table. For numbered references, see end of report.)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
104 (47 1	<ul> <li>Fuc) Eggen (07.113.007) UBVRI of RG</li> <li>Glass, Feast (10.113.030) JHKL of</li> <li>RG</li> <li>Menzies (10.113.031) UBV c-m</li> </ul>		Crawford, Snowden (a) foreground reddening Bell, Dickens (b) indiv. sp., enhanced N
	D.H.P. Jones (10.122.055) i-b of RR Lyr		Illingworth ( <b>20,21</b> ) surf. br., cts., d, E, diam., vel. disp., M/L
	McClure, Osborn (11.114.102) DDO		Lee (Stromio) BV c-m, l.f.
	Evans (11.154.013) <i>VI</i> , <i>I</i> < 13, sp. Cannon (11.154.017) <i>UBV</i>	·	Cannon (Edinburgh) faint photometry
	Cathey (12.154.019) <i>UBVR</i> of RG, AGB, sub-G		Hartwick (Victoria), Hesser (CTIO) DDO of RG, 1.f.
	Hartwick, Hesser (12.154.023) UBV c-m		Osborn (Mérida) T <sub>e</sub> , g, [Fe/H]

# Table 3. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
288	Hesser (CTIO) <i>uvbyβ</i> of blue st., reddening Cannon (11.154.017) UBV		Rodgers (07.114.016) <i>T</i> <sub>e</sub> , <i>g</i> , He-abund. of BHB Dickens (08.114.045) C <sup>12</sup> /C <sup>13</sup> from
	Alcaíno (c) BV c-m		CH st.
362	Eggen (07.113.007) <i>UBVRI</i> of RG McClure, Norris (12.154.013) DDO of RG Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts.,		Dickens, Feast, Evans (08.122.044) red vars. Bell, Dickens (09.114.070) C <sup>1 2</sup> /C <sup>1 3</sup> from CH st.
1851	d, E, diam., vel. disp., M/L W. Harris (Yale) UBV c-m Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m Philip (Albany) uvby of BHB Clark, Markert, Li (15) X-ray source Vidal, Freeman (16) blue st. as possible X-ray source M. Liller (d) RR Lyr's normal Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts.,		Cannon, Stobie (09.154.015) UBV Glass, Feast (10.113.030) JHKL of RG D.H.P. Jones (10.122.055) i-b of RR Lyr Naumova, Ogorodnikov (10.154.002) extremely high mass Bell, Dickens (11.064.005) CNO-abund of CH st.
	<i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam., vel. disp., <i>M/L</i> Alcaíno (ESO) <i>BV</i> c-m Cannon (Edinburgh), Stobie (Stromlo) <i>BV</i> c-m		Schmidt, van den Bergh (11.154.006) spread in [Fe/H] Cannon, Kontizas (11.154.014) BV c-m
1904 (M79)	W. Harris, Stetson (Yale) BV c-m Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m		Norris (12.154.017) [Fe/H], $T_e, g$ of uv-bright st.
2298	Alcaíno (11.154.001) UBV c-m		Poveda, Allen (13.154.006) mass,
2419	Racine, W. Harris (13.154.004) BV		tidal radius
	c-m, d, E, orbit Kinman (KPNO) faint seq. for c-m, cts.		Sturch (h) E, [Fe/H] from RR Lyr Lee (Stromlo) BV c-m, l.f. Butler (Maryland) [Fe/H] from RR
2808	W. Harris (12.154.012, e) BV c-m;		Lyr sp.
	more current $BV$ Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts., $d$ , E, diam., vel. disp., $M/LWhite (Steward) l.f.$		Hartwick (Victoria), Hesser (CTIO) DDO of RG Bessell, Norris (Stromlo) abundance variations
3201	Philip (08.154.003) uvby of HB White (13.154.012) DDO of RG; more current DDO of RG, AGB, DDO seq., BV c-m, l.f. White, Mosley, Furenlid, White (f)	5272 (M 3)	Freeman, Rodgers (Stromlo) Ca-abund from RR Lyr sp. Philip (07.154.007, 13.154.013) <i>uvby</i> of HB Osborn (07.154.030, 10.154.018)
	mem. from obj. prism sp. Lee (Stromlo) BV c-m, l.f.		DDO of RG Kuzmin <i>et al.</i> (09.154.008,
	Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m		10.154.021) surf. br.
4147	Zinn (12.122.069) sp., $T_e$ of uv-bright st.		Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st.
4572	Hartwick, Hesser (10.154.023) UBV		Butler (g) $E(B-V)$
4590 (M68)	c-m Alcaíno (11.154.002) UBV c-m W. Harris (e) UBV c-m Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m		White (Steward) DDO of RG, AGB, BHB Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale)
5024 (M53)	Alcaíno (ESO) $BV$ c-m Terzan, Rutilly (Lyon) $R$ seq. to 16.5 Philip (07.154.007) $ubvy$ of HB Zinn (12.122.069) sp., $T_e$ of uv-br. st. Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color Butler (g) $E(B-V)$ Pulkous $BV$ p.m		r.v. of indiv. st. Cudworth (Yerkes) p.m. Wilson (Yale), King (Berkeley) l.f. Simoda, Fukuoka (Tokyo) l.f. Toyama, Nishimura, Kaneko (Tokyo) l.f., color, distr.
5053	Pulkovo BV, p.m. Walker (Lick) spectracon BV c-m, V < 21		Pulkovo BV, p.m. Da Costa, Freeman (Stromlo) dynam. model, mass f'n
5139 (ω Cer	a) Eggen (07.113.007) UBVRI of RG		mouel, mass i n

## Table 3. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
5286	Alcaíno (12.154.003) UBV c-m W. Harris (e) UBV c-m		Cudworth (Yerkes) p.m. Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v.
5466 5694	Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st. W. Harris (e), BV c-m, more current		of indiv. st. Toyama, Nishimura, Kaneko (Tokyo)
	UBV		l.f., color, distr.
5824	W. Harris (e) $UBV$ c-m	(220	Wilson (Yale), King (Berkeley) l.f.
5897 5904 (M5)	Eggen (07.113.007) <i>UBVRI</i> of RG Eggen (07.113.007) <i>UBVRI</i> of RG Simoda, Tanikawa (07.154.027) l.f.	6229 6254 (M10)	DDO of RG
	Osborn (07.154.030, 10.154.018) DDO of RG		Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st.
	Kuzmin et al. (09.154.008,		W. Harris (e) UBV c-m
	10.154.021) surf. br. Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color		Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of indiv. st.
	Rusev (11.113.007) i-r of RG	6256	Terzan, Lelièvre (10.153.024) new
	Philip (13.154.013) $uvby$ of HB Butler (g) $E(B-V)$		globular? Bernard (Lyon) <i>UBV</i> seq.
	Cudworth (Yerkes) p.m.	6266	Illingworth $(20, 21)$ surf. br., cts., d,
	Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of indiv. st.		E, diam., vel. disp., $M/L$
	Toyama, Nishimura, Kaneko (Tokyo)		W. Harris (e) UBV c-m Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m
	l.f., color, distr.		White (Steward) UBV c-m, 1.f.
5927	Menzies (12.154.015) $UBV$ c-m	6273	W. Harris (e) UBV c-m
	Alcaíno (ESO) <i>BV</i> c-m White (Steward) <i>UBV</i> c-m, l.f., DDO	6284 6304	Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK Hesser, Hartwick (j) BV c-m, d, E,
	of RG		also current $uvby\beta$ , DDO
5986	Harris (e) UBV c-m	(205	Bernard (Lyon) UBV seq.
	Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m White (Steward) BV c-m, l.f.	6325 6341 (M92)	W. Harris (e) UBV c-m Eggen (07.113.007) UBVRI of RG
6093 (M80)	W. Harris, Racine (11.154.015) BV	0511 (1172)	Philip (07.154.007) uvby of HB
	c-m Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK		Faulkner (07.154.019) He abund. Osborn (07.154.030, 10.154.018)
	Illingworth $(20, 21)$ surf. br., cts., d,		DDO of RG
6101	<i>E</i> , diam., vel. disp., <i>M/L</i> Alcaíno (12.154.003) <i>UBV</i> c-m		Hogner <i>et al.</i> (08.154.007) equidensity curves
0101	White (Steward) UBV c-m, l.f., DDO		Zinn (09.114.148) G-band of RG
(121.000)	of RG		Kuzmin et al. (09.154.008,
6121 (M4)	Eggen (07.113.007) <i>UBVRI</i> of RG Philip (07.154.007, 09.154.014,		10.154.021) surf. br. Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color
	13.154.013) uvby of HB		Böhm-Vitense (10.154.003) $T_{e,g}$
	Moshkalev (11.154.008) BV c-m		Rusev (11.113.007) i-r of RG
6205 (M13)	Alcaíno (ESO) <i>BV</i> c-m Simoda, Tanikawa (07.154.002) l.f.		Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st. Kadla (12.154.018) UBV, uv-excess
0200 (1110)	Philip (07.154.007, 12.154.005,		Cathey $(12.154.018)$ <i>UBV</i> , <i>uv-excess</i> Cathey $(12.154.019)$ <i>UBVR</i> of RG,
	13.154.013) uvby of HB		AGB, sub-G
	Osborn (07.154.030, 10.154.018) DDO of RG		Butler $(\mathbf{g}, \mathbf{k}) E (B-V)$ , C and N abund. in sub-G, AGB
	Kuzmin et al. (09.154.008,		van den Bergh (1) l.f. to $V = 23.2$
	10.154.021) surf. br. Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color		Cudworth (Yerkes) p.m.
	Rusev (11.113.007, i) i-r of RG, sp.		Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of indiv. st.
	search for TiO		Illingworth (Berkeley) vel. disp., l.f.
	Auer, Norris (12.114.109) He abund. Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st.		and distr. for 25,000 st., $B < 23.3$ Fukuoka, Simoda (Tokyo) l.f.
	Cathey (12.154.019) $UBVR$ of RG,		Toyama, Nishimura, Kaneko (Tokyo)
	AGB, sub-G		l.f., color, distr.
	Butler (g) $E(B-V)$		Takikawa, Simoda (Tokyo) c-m

## Table 3. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
6342	Pulkovo <i>BV</i> , p.m. Wilson (Yale), King (Berkeley) l.f. Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. <i>JHK</i>		Griffin (Cambridge), Gunn (Hale) r.v. of indiv. st. White (Steward) DDO of RG, AGB,
6352	Hesser (CTIO), Hartwick (Victoria) DDO of RG		BHB, sp. of RG Hesser (CTIO) and Hartwick
6356	Hesser (CTIO) $uvby\beta$ , BV c-m to MS Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color		(Victoria) $uvby\beta$ , DDO Philip (Albany) $uvby$ of BHB
	Walker (Lick) spectracon $BV$ c-m, V < 21	6681	Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK W. Harris (e) UBV c-m
6366	Walker (Lick) spectracon $BV$ c-m, V < 21	6712 6715	Butler (g) $E(B-V)$ Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK
6388	Illingworth, Freeman (11.154.011) mass		Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts., d, E, diam., vel. disp., $M/L$
	Scott, Rose (13.154.005) H II detectable?	6723	W. Harris (e) UBV c-m Menzies (12.113.001) UBV c-m
	Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts., $d$ , E, diam., vel. disp., $M/L$	6752	Eggen (07.113.007, 08.154.014) UBVRI of RG, AGB, sub-G
	White (Steward) UBV c-m, l.f., DDO of RG		Cannon, Stobie (09.154,016) UBV Wesselink (12.154.001) BV c-m
6397	Cannon (11.154.017) UBV Mallia (13.154.003, 13.154.018)		Cannon (Edinburgh), Lee (Stromlo) BV c-m, l.f.
	AGB, mem. from r.v. van den Bergh (Toronto) J-plate seq. to 24 <sup>m</sup>	6779(M56) 6809 (M55)	Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color Philip (13.154.013) <i>uvby</i> of BHB W. Harris (e) <i>UBV</i> c-m
	Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m Stock, Clariá (Mérida) r.v. pec. st.		Lee (Stromlo) BV c-m, l.f. Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m
6402 (M14)	Mironov (10.154.017) c-m Smith Kogon, Wehlau, Demers	6838 (M71)	Trimble (Irvine) search for W UMa st. Cuffey (09.153.035) UBV standards
6440	(11.154.012) BV c-m, d, E Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK		Rusev (11.113.007) i-r of RG Butler (g) E (B-V)
6441	Markert <i>et al.</i> (in press) X-ray source Giacconi <i>et al.</i> (11.142.035) X-ray		Walker (Lick) spectracon BV c-m Philip (Albany) uvby, by c-m
	source Clark, Markert, Li (15) X-ray source Hesser, Hartwick (m) BV c-m, d, E	6864 (M75)	Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK W. Harris (e) UBV c-m Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts.,
	Illingworth (20, 21) surf. br., cts., d, E, diam., vel. disp., M/L Hesser (CTIO), Hartwick (Victoria)	6934	<i>d</i> , <i>E</i> , diam., vel. disp., <i>M/L</i> Racine, Harris (09.154.009) <i>BV</i> c-m Mironov (11.154.030) c-m
6517	$uvby\beta$ , DDO W. Harris (e) UBV c-m		Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK Terzan, Rutily (Lyon) R seq.
6522 6528	Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK	7006	Hartwick, McClure (08.154.002) DDO, N abund.
6553 6624	Hartwick (13.154.008) BV c-m Canizares, Neighbours (16), variable	7078 (M15)	Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. K
	X-ray source M. Liller, W. Liller (Harvard) <i>BV</i> c-m		(07.154.013) explanation of gaps in c-m
	N. Bahcall (Princeton) central light distr.		Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color Böhm-Vitense (10.154.003) $T_{e}, g$
6638 6652	Bernard (Lyon) UBV seq. Grasdalen (12.154.011) integr. JHK		MacGregor, Phillips, Selby (10.154.007) tentative 10µ
6656 (M22)	Eggen (07.113.007) <i>UBVRI</i> of RG Butler <i>et al.</i> (09.122.008) [Fe/H]		detection Zinn (12.122.069) $T_e$ of uv-bright st.
	from RR Lyr Evans (13.154.015) <i>BVI</i> of RG, AGB		Caloi, Panaggia (12.154.016) nature of possible 10µ source
	Butler (g) E (B-V) Lee (Stromlo) BV c-m, l.f.		Castellani, Martini, Petitti (13.154.011) i-r for mem.
	Alcaíno (ESO) BV c-m		Giacconi et al. (11.142.035) X-ray source

#### Table 3. (Continued)

NGC	Observer and data	NGC	Observer and data
	Clark, Markert, Li (15) X-ray source		W. Harris (e) UBV c-m
	Butler (g) $E(B-V)$	7099 (M30)	Castellani, De Amicis, Smriglio
	Newell, Norris (Stromlo, Yale)		(11.154.020) i-r for mem.
	high-res UBV surf. br. at center	(M30)	Butler (g) $E(B-V)$
	White (Steward) DDO of RG, AGB,		Alcaino (ESO) BV c-m
	BHB, sp. of RG. AGB	IC 4499	Fourcade, Laborde, Arias
	Philip (Albany) uvby, by c-m		(12.154.002) BV c-m
	Illingworth (Berkeley) vel. disp.		Cannon (Edinburgh), Lloyd (RGO)
	Cudworth (Yerkes) p.m., vel. disp.		BV c-m
7089 (M2)	Eggen (07.113.007) UBVRI of RG	Pal 12	W. Harris (Yale), Canterna
	Faber (09.158.027) integr. 10-color		(Washington) UBV c-m
	Kuzmin et al. (09.154.008,	Pal 15	Kinman (KPNO) faint seq.
	10.154.021) surf. br.	Ret	Demers, Kunkel (n) new globular,
	Butler (g) $E(B-V)$		BV c-m; from MW or LMC?

Abbreviations: AGB = asymptotic giant branch, BHB = blue horizontal branch, c-m = color-magnitude array, cts. = star counts, d = distance, E = color excess or reddening, g = surface gravity, i-b = intermediate band, l.f. = luminosity function, mem. = membership, p.m. = proper motion, RG = red giants, r.v. = radial velocity, sp. = spectra, st. = stars, sub-G = subgiants,  $T_e$  = effective temperature.

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