AS01-04 - POST ORGASMIC ILLNESS SYNDROME: INDICATIONS FOR AN AUTO-IMMUNE PATHOGENESIS

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Post-orgasmic unwell being denoted as postorgasmic illness syndrome (POIS) was for the first time reported by Waldinger and Schweitzer in 2002 [1]. Recently, Waldinger et al. investigated 45 Caucasian males with complaints of POIS and categorized their symptoms in 5 preliminary criteria [2,3]. POIS is characterized by local mucosal manifestations (nasal congestion, itching eyes), and systemic features (flu-like syndrome with feverishness, muscle tension, exhaustion, foggy head, concentration difficulties, and mood irritability), occurring within 30-60 minutes after ejaculation. The symptoms always starts off after ejaculation, often reaching its peak severity at the second day and gradually diminishes within 1-7 days [3]. Affected males usually try to avoid ejaculating by planning intercourse or by abstaining from sexual activity. Waldinger et al. showed that 88% of the males had a positive intracutaneous (IC) skin-prick test for autologous semen and postulated that POIS is an expression of an auto-immune process. Support for this hypothesis comes from positive effects of hyposensitization treatment with diluted autologous semen in two men with POIS.

References:

1.Waldinger MD, Schweitzer DH. Postorgasmic illness syndrome: two cases. J Sex and Marital Therapy 2002; 28: 251-5.

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3. Waldinger MD, Meinardi MHM, Schweitzer DH. Hyposensitization therapy with

autologous semen in two Dutch Caucasian males: beneficial effects in postorgasmic illness syndrome (POIS; Part 2). J Sex Medicine 2011; 8: 1171-6.