

# Plasma diagnostics of emission-line galaxies in SDSS

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**Abstract.** We analyse a sample of 15,019 narrow emission-line galaxies, i.e. Seyferts, LINERs, composites and star-forming galaxies, from SDSS DR7 to study the differences between the different emission-line classes. We report two clear sequences of electron temperature ( $T_e$ ) and density ( $n_e$ ):  $T_{e-LINER} \gtrsim T_{e-composite} > T_{e-Seyfert} > T_{e-star-forming}$  and  $n_{e-Seyfert} \gtrsim n_{e-LINER} > n_{e-composite} > n_{e-star-forming}$ . General transitions of  $n_e$  and  $T_e$  from central regions to disks are quantitatively confirmed.

**Keywords.** galaxies: active, galaxies: ISM, galaxies: Seyfert, galaxies: starburst, surveys

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## Brief Overview & Quick Results

We select an emission-line galaxy sample with  $S/N > 5$ , and divide into four classes by applying the galaxy classification schemes of Kewley *et al.* (2006). Plasma diagnostics are obtained through  $I[\text{S II}]\lambda 6716 / \lambda 6731$  and  $I[\text{O III}] \lambda 5007 / \lambda 4363$  with simultaneous determination for  $n_e[\text{S II}]$  and  $T_e[\text{O III}]$  in 15,019 galaxies. We further identify three groups according to physical aperture size of the SDSS 3-arcsec diameter fibers  $\phi$  (kpc) and  $FWHM$  ( $\text{km s}^{-1}$ ) of  $\text{H}\alpha$  (Bennert *et al.* 2006; Kollatschny & Wang 2006):  $FWHM > 300$  for “NLR-dominated” (labeled *ND*;  $\ln\phi < 1$ ) and “disk-contaminated NLR” (labeled *DC*;  $\ln\phi > 1$ ) objects;  $FWHM < 300$  for “non-NLR” objects (labeled *NN*). See Table 1.

**Table 1.** Summary of the mean values of  $n_e$  and  $T_e$ .

Number	Seyfert		LINER			composite			Star-forming			
	ND	DC	NN	ND	DC	NN	ND	DC	NN	ND	DC	NN
$n_e$ [ $\text{cm}^{-3}$ ]	415	332	160	230	201	113	208	150	77	166	152	57
$T_e$ [ $10^4$ K]	1.40	1.32	1.29	2.13	1.37	2.73	1.76	1.68	1.61	1.78	1.77	1.37

*Notes.* *ND*: “NLR-dominated” objects; *DC*: “disk-contaminated NLR” objects; *NN*: “non-NLR” ones.

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## References

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