THE FIFTH U.S.-JAPAN JOINT MEETING OF HISTOCHEMISTRY AND CYTOCHEMISTRY

23 July - 26 July 1998 On the Campus of University of California, San Diego, LaJolla, California, U.S.A.

Planned Symposia and Mini-Workshops for Histochemical Society and Japan Society for Histochemistry & Cytochemistry - Joint Meeting

FluoroNanogold Labeling for Correlative Microscopy Sponsored by Nanoprobes, Inc. organized by Jim Hainfeld and Dick Burry

Three-Dimensional Microscopy Sponsored by Edge Scientific organized by Gary Greenberg and Chuck Hewitt

Antigen Retrieval Immunohistochemistry Sponsored by BioGenex organized by Richard Cote, Shan-Rong Shi, and Allen Gown

Peroxisomes organized by Jan Reddy and Skaidrite "Skai" Krisans

Second Messengers: The Morphology of Intracellular Signalling organized by Bill Stahl and Keiichi Watanabe

> In Situ Hybridization as a Tool for Studying the Subcellular Compartmentalization of mRNAs organized by Alain Trembleau

> > The Cytoskeleton Plenary Lecture by Tom Pollard

Intracellular Dyes Plenary Lecture by Roger Y. Tsien

Regulation of Endocrine Function organized by Akira Kawaoi

Enzyme Histochemistry organized by Takuma Saito and John Robinson

Hybridohistochemistry including South-Western Histochemistry organized by Paul Nakane

> Histochemistry of Glycoconjugates organized by Hiroshi Hirano and Shiro Nozawa

Diagnostic Histochemistry and Cytochemistry organized by Yoshiyuki Osamura and Hiroshi Nagura

Histochemistry and Neuroscience organized by Yasuhiko Ibata, Makio Kobayashi, & Mark Ellisman Presidential Symposium (U.S. Histochemical Society) Sponsored by Hybritech, Inc.

Prostate Cancer 1998: Practical Applications of Immunohistochemistry and Molecular Biology organized by David Bostwick and Stephen Carmichael Introduction and Overview: Stephen Carmichael (Mayo Clinic) Immunohistochemistry: David Bostwick (Mayo Clinic)

Tumor Suppressor Genes Robert Bookstein (Canji, Inc)

DNA Ploidy, RT-PCR (Molecular Staging) Ralph DeVere White (UC, Davis) Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH): Satoru Takahashi (Univ. of

Tokyo) Animal Models: Results of Purdue 1996 Meeting: David Waters (Purdue)

Social Events for Histochemical Society and Japan Society for Histochemistry & Cytochemistry - Joint Meeting

> Welcome Reception Stephen Birch Aquarium-Museum Scripps Institution of Oceanography

> > Banquet Sea World

"RESET YOUR CIRCADIAN CLOCK" GOLF TOURNAMENT 22 July 1998 Torrey Pines Championship Golf Course organized by Brad Schulte

For more information, contact: Dr. William L Stahl Executive Director, Histochemical Society wistahl@u.washington.edu or visit our Website at http://www.hcs.microscopy.com/

Glutaraldehyde Autofluorescence Useful in Confocal Studies of Fungi Adya Singh, Ying Xiao and Robin Wakeling New Zealand Forest Research Institute, Ltd. Rotorua, New Zealand

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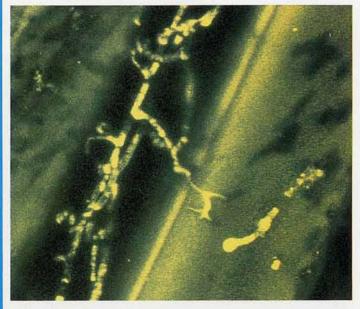
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In this note we show the potential usefulness of glutaraldehyde (GA) in go confocal microscopic studies of wood-fungal interaction. We are presently developing methods to examine by the confocal laser scanning microscope (CLSM), the pattern of distribution of fungal hyphae within wood in relation to fungal degradation and sapstaining of wood. CLSM has the potential to be a go very useful tool in such studies for a variety of reasons, including its use for optical sectioning to produce computer assisted 3-D images.

As a first step we examined unfixed and GA fixed wood sections which a been attacked by a wood degrading fungus. Specimens were examined in a Leica TCS/NT confocal microscope using wavelengths of 488 and 568 nm for excitation and 530 and 590 nm for imaging, with a 20X air/dry lens. Series of confocal images were acquired from within the section at a resolution of 1024 x a 1024 pixels x 256 grey levels and combined as a dual channel projection using Leica software.

In untreated sections, fungal hyphae present in the wood were not go observable as they did not autofluoresce. However, after fixation in GA, hyphae present in wood cells were clearly visible because of the strong autofluorescence of the GA. Although use of GA as a fixative is not considered desirable in confocal studies of living cells, in our work on fungal degradation of wood GA fixation proved useful in revealing the pattern of distribution of fungal hyphae within wood cells. GA reacted only with the fungal hyphae and not with wood components, as the majority of wood cells are dead at maturity and have only cells walls. These consist of cellulose, hemicellulose and lignin, none of which is reactive to GA, and lignin is the only component of wood cells that can autofluoresce. However, the autofluorescence of lignin in the parts of the wood cell walls (shown in the following illustration) is fairly weak and it does not seem to interfere with the GA autofluorescence. The GA has reacted specifically with the fungal hyphae rendering them clearly visible.

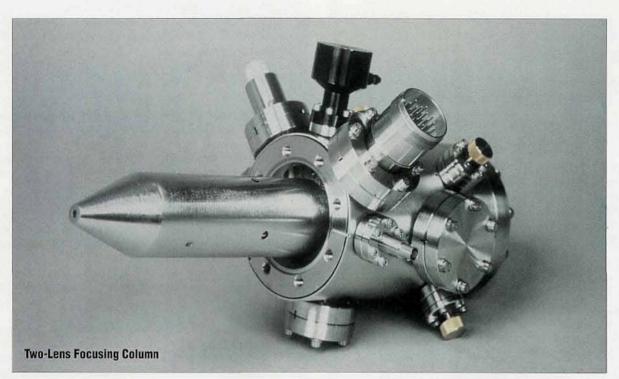
Thus a simple method of visualizing fungal hyphae in wood in CLSM has been illustrated here which made use of autofluorescence of GA. In future studies, we intend to also use more specific methods to observe fungi in wood - such as a specific antibodies conjugated to fluorescent dues.



The illustration shows parts of wood cells which have been attacked by a wood degrading fungus. Fungal hyphae are present in cell humen as well as with the wood cell wall

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