prominence. The prothorax is free from the "casket" and retractile; its spiracle on the posterior border; eight pairs of spiracles are visible on the sides of the "casket." The "subjoint" is situated beneath and is retractile. W. HAMPTON PATTON, Hartford, Conn.

## A CORRECTION.

A curious error occurred in the catalogue of *Arctiidæ* in the last volume of the CAN. ENT., pp. 167 and 168. Under *Euchaetes egle* I placed as synonyms *Tanada antica* Wlk., and *Arctia sciurus* Bdv. In some way they have attained specific rank in the paper as it stands. They should be indented as synonyms, without the preceding generic abbreviation.

A similar error occurred under *Hyphantria*, pp. 163-165, where *punctatissima*, *congrua*, *punctata*, *textor* and *candida* all stand as species instead of synonyms as was intended. In both cases the error is apparent if the bibliography is consulted carefully; but I deem it better to call attention to it so that the correction may be made in the volume.

J. B. Smith.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## ARCTIIDÆ OF NORTH AMERICA.

Dear Sir : Kindly insert the following synonymical note. On page 231 of Vol. XXII. Prof. Smith refers to Halisidota trigona Grt. I would correct this to read as follows :--

Halisidota specularis Her.-Sch.

1854—H.-S., Saml, neuer oder wenig bek, ausser. Schmett., page 72, fig. 59, *Trichromia*.

*trigona* Grt.

1879-Grt., No. Am. Ent., 46, Halisidota.

1881-Grt., Trans. Kansas Ac. Sci., VII., 64.

Habitat-Colorado, New Mexico, Brazil.

I have compared Mr. Grote's description with Dr. Herrich-Schäfer's figure, and there is no doubt but that the two refer to the same insect.

HARRISON G. DYAR, New York,