NEWS AND NOTES
PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS
Compiled by the Managing Editor

The committee on program for the next annual meeting of the American Political Science Association is as follows: Miss Louise Overacker, Wellesley College, chairman; Ralph H. Boots, University of Pittsburgh; Morris B. Lambie, University of Minnesota; John P. Senning, University of Nebraska; and Graham H. Stuart, Stanford University. The committee to nominate officers of the Association for 1934 consists of Frederick A. Middlebush, University of Missouri, chairman; John A. Fairlie, University of Illinois; Charles E. Hill, George Washington University; W. E. Mosher, Syracuse University; and Charles W. Pipkin, Louisiana State University. Both committees will be glad to receive suggestions from members of the Association.

Professor W. W. Willoughby has resigned his professorship of political science at the Johns Hopkins University, to take effect at the end of the present academic year. He will make Washington, D. C., his future home, and, with release from university responsibilities, expects to find more time for writing.

Mr. Joseph P. Pollard, author of The Road to Repeal, reviewed elsewhere in this number, has become a member of the political science staff at Colorado College.

Sabbatical leave for 1933–34 has been granted to Professor John A. Tillema, of George Washington University.

Professor Eugene P. Chase, of Lafayette College, is in London for the spring and summer, and is carrying on a study of English constitutional and political development.

In the early days of the Roosevelt administration, Professor Raymond Moley, of Columbia University, was appointed an assistant secretary of state.

The Storrs Lectures at the Yale School of Law were delivered on April 10–13 by Professor Harold J. Laski, of the London School of Economics and Political Science. The general subject was "The Economic Basis of Law."

Dr. Albrecht Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, director of the Foreign Policy Institute at the University of Hamburg, is spending the spring months in the United States.

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The University of Hawaii announces that in its 1933 summer session the School of Pacific and Oriental Affairs, inaugurated in the 1932 session, will be a special feature, with emphasis this year on cultural topics as last year on political and economic matters.

The fifth biennial conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations will be held from August 14 to 28 at Banff, Alberta.

Professor Howard W. Odum, of the University of North Carolina, delivered the Edward Douglas White lectures on citizenship at Louisiana State University on February 10-11.

A course of eighteen radio lectures in economics and political science is being offered to citizens of the Twin City area by members of the faculty of the University of Minnesota. Among those participating are Professors Harold S. Quigley and Lennox A. Mills.

After seven years of existence, the United States Daily was compelled by adverse business conditions to suspend publication on March 6. Hope was expressed by Mr. David Lawrence, president of the publishing company, that the enterprise may be revived when the situation improves.

After thirteen years of service, Professor Harold W. Dodds has retired from the editorship of the National Municipal Review in order to devote his time exclusively to his increasing duties at Princeton University. His successor is Mr. Howard P. Jones, public relations secretary of the National Municipal League and formerly managing editor of the Review. Professor Dodds will, however, serve as chairman of the League's editorial council.

The Tenth Institute of the Norman Wait Harris Memorial Foundation will be held at the University of Chicago from June 19 to 30. The topic will be "The Formation of Public Opinion on International Affairs." Several distinguished European lecturers will be present, and round tables will be organized to which American experts on the subject, as well as Europeans, will be invited.

The Institute of Politics at Williamstown, Mass., will hold no session this year. There will, however, be systematic study of the feasibility of developing the Institute's work along certain new lines, and of the possibility of procuring adequate financial support over a period of years.

Professor Clarence E. Ridley, secretary of the International City Managers Association, has announced an extensive list of correspondence courses in the field of public administration, planned to meet the needs of two groups: first, persons now in the public service who seek advance-
ment to a higher rank, and second, those who are planning to enter the public service and need a broad training in municipal administration. The courses continue the work formerly offered at Syracuse University.

A joint meeting of the Institute of Citizenship and the Georgia Press Institute was held at Emory University from February 7 to 11. An extensive program was built around the subject, "The Press and Public Opinion." Among the speakers were Professors Harold F. Gosnell, University of Chicago; Howard W. Odum, University of North Carolina; and Charles Pergler, National University, Washington, D. C.

The College of Liberal Arts of Northwestern University announces the third year of the "Seminar in Social Science Research in Paris" under the auspices of the University of Paris, extending from June 15 to July 31. The seminar is designed to aid students and travelling fellows in the utilization of research facilities in Paris and its environs. Each member is expected to work on a special problem of his own selection, and to present reports for discussion and criticism. The seminar is open only to graduate students having a reading knowledge of French, though the proceedings are in English. Further information may be obtained from Professor William Jaffé, director, who until June 1 may be addressed at Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois.

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the American Society of International Law will be held in Washington on April 27–29. Among principal papers and addresses will be: "Boycott as a Sanction of International Law," Charles Cheyney Hyde, Columbia University; "Non-Recognition as a Sanction of International Law," Frederick A. Middlebush, University of Missouri; "Embargo as a Sanction of International Law," Allen W. Dulles, legal adviser to the American delegation to the Disarmament Conference; and "Intervention as a Sanction of International Law," Ellen D. Ellis, Mt. Holyoke College. Other topics to be covered include the treatment of private property of aliens on land, the rights of neutrals, machinery for the preservation of peace, and modern tendencies in arbitration, the last-mentioned subject being discussed by Frederick S. Dunn, of the Johns Hopkins University.

The tenth session of the (American) Institute of World Affairs was held at the Mission Inn, Riverside, California, from December 11 to 16. Two lectures each evening, afternoon conferences through the week, and ten round tables during the morning sessions constituted the program. Visitors from abroad were Madame Dreyfus-Barney, of the Committee on Intellectual Coöperation of the League of Nations; Dr. Inazo Nitobe, of the Imperial House of Peers in Japan; Mr. Frank A. Russell, special commissioner from Australia; and Prince A. Lobanov-Rostovsky, formerly of
Russia; and others. Subjects dealt with included “World Economic Recovery,” “The Disarmament Conference,” “The Coördination of our Peace Machinery,” “The Lytton Report and Manchuria,” “Rival Economic Systems,” “The Philippines,” “The Ottawa Agreement,” and “The Situation in Hawaii;” and the session was considered by far the most successful as yet held. Professor William B. Munro, of the California Institute of Technology, was added to the executive committee of the Institute.

The first session of a newly created Institute of World Affairs will be held at Mondsee, Austria, from July 1 to August 24, 1933. The Institute has been established to serve the cause of international good-will and understanding, and is sponsored by an advisory committee including such persons as Roscoe Pound, Leo S. Rowe, Albert Einstein, Robert Millikan, James T. Shotwell, James Brown Scott, Joseph Redlich, William B. Munro, Inazo Nitobe, and Stephen P. Duggan. The entire program of the Institute has not yet been announced, but among the lectures and seminars definitely arranged are five lectures by Roscoe Pound on “The Ideal in International Law,” a series of lectures by Paul Monroe, director of the International Institute of Education, on “Educational and Cultural Movements in the Orient,” and a seminar on “The Development of International Law with respect to Prevention of War” and five lectures on the Far East, disarmament, revision of treaties, the International Economic Conference, and war debts, by Professor Quincy Wright, of the University of Chicago. Further particulars may be secured by addressing the executive secretary of the Institute, Mr. William H. Stephenson, 2 West 45th Street, New York City.