## News from the German Federal Republic

Courses and Seminars in Austrian and Hungarian History

In the summer semester of 1966 Gerald Stourzh gave a 2-hour seminar in "The Nationality Problem in the Austro-Hungarian Empire, 1848-1918" at the Free University of Berlin. Irmgard Höß taught a 2-hour seminar on "The History of the Counter-Reformation in Austria" at the University of Erlangen, and Peter Scheibert held a 2-hour seminar at the University of Marburg on "The Austro-Hungarian Compromise of 1867." During the same summer semester Manfred Hellmann gave a 1-hour lecture course entitled "The History of Bohemia and Moravia: A Survey" at the University of Münster.

The following courses on Austrian history were given during the winter semester of 1966-1967: a 2-hour seminar on "The Nationality Problem in the Habsburg Monarchy" at the University of Cologne by Adam Wandruszka; a 3-hour lecture course on "The Age of Frederick the Great and Maria Theresa" at the University of Mainz by Heribert Raab, and a 2-hour lecture course on the same topic at the University of Münster by Kurt von Raumer.

An unusually large number of courses (all of them 2-hour seminars) were given at the Free University of Berlin during the summer semester of 1967 in connection with a special series of seminars, colloquia, and lecture courses on "Vienna as Capital of the Rising Great Power of Austria in the Sixteenth', Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Centuries." They were as follows: "The Topography and Constitution of Vienna during the Middle Ages," by Heinz Quirin; "The Early History of the University of Vienna," by Wilhelm Berges; "Constitutional Theories during the Age of Maximilian I," by Dietrich Kurze; "The Turkish Year 1683," by Fritz Dickmann and Klaus Malettke; "Social and Economic History of Austria in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries," by Richard Dietrich; "Enlightened Absolutism in the Habsburg Empire," by Peter Baumgart; and "Constitutional and Administrative History of the Habsburg Empire in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries." by Gerald Stourzh.

During the summer semester of 1967 Fritz T. Epstein gave a 2-hour lecture course on "The Nationality Problem in Eastern Europe, 1815-1945" at the University of Hamburg.

In the winter semester of 1967-1968 Hans Rothfels gave a 3-hour lecture course at the University of Tübingen on "Nationality Problems, particularly in East-Central Europe (1789-1945)." And in 1968-1969 Lothar W. Hilbert gave a course on "Austria-Hungary and the July Crisis of 1914" at the University of Tübingen.

In the winter semester of 1968-1969 Manfred Hellmann directed a 2-hour seminar on "Poland and Austria in the Nineteenth Century" at the University of Münster.

## Personal

Hans-Eberhard Mayer, formerly a docent at the University of Innsbruck, has accepted a position as ordentlicher professor of medieval and modern history and auxiliary sciences at the University of Kiel.

Harold Zimmermann, a docent at the University of Vienna, has accepted the chair for the history of the middle ages at the University of Saarbrücken.

Lothar W. Hilbert, formerly a lecturer at the University of Paris, was appointed docent in European diplomatic history at the University of Tübingen in 1968.

## Meetings

The annual scientific conference of the Johann-Gottfried-Herder Research Council at Marburg on March 6-7, 1968, was devoted to the topic "Confession and Nation in East-Central Europe in the Nineteenth Century." Among others, Friedrich Prinz, of the University of Saarbrücken, gave a lecture on "The Political and Ideological Position of the Various Confessions in Bohemia during the Second Half of the Nineteenth and Beginning of the Twentieth Century;" and Ferdinand Seibt, of the University of Munich, read a paper on "The Role of Hussitism in the Czech and German Consciousness in the Second Half of the Nineteenth and Beginning of the Twentieth Century."

University of Cologne

PETER BURIAN