of St. Petersburg, the same Academy publishing some two years later his memoir "Uber einige arktische Trias-Ammoniten des nördlichen Sibirien" (pp. 22; 3 plates). In the same year appeared his work "Über einige japanische Trias-Fossilien" (Beiträge zur Paläontologie und Geologie Österreich-Ungarns und des Orients, Bd. vii, pp. 163-178; 4 plates). Having published some preliminary remarks on the Cephalopod faunas of the Himalayan Trias in 1892, his "Beiträge zur Kenntnis der obertriadischen Cephalopoden-Faunen des Himalaya" was published by the Vienna Academy in 1896 (Denkschr. d. kais. Akad. d. Wissensch., math.-naturw. Kl., Bd. lxiii, pp. 575-702; 22 plates), an English translation of the work appearing in 1899 in the Palaontologia Indica (series xv, Himalayan Fossils, vol. iii, part 1).

Probably there is no one to whom we are more indebted for our knowledge of the Triassic rocks and of their Cephalopod faunas than to Dr. E. v. Mojsisovics, the zoning of the Triassic rocks being in a very great measure, in fact almost entirely, due to his researches.

He was the recipient of many honours and distinctions, the University of Cambridge conferring upon him in 1884 the degree of Doctor of Science (honoris causa). He was also a member of many learned societies, including the Geological Society of London, of which he was elected a Foreign Member in 1893.

GENERAL SIR RICHARD STRACHEY, R.E., G.C.S.I., LL.D., F.R.S.

BORN JULY 24, 1817.

DIED FEBRUARY 12, 1908.

This distinguished officer, who was born at Sutton Court, Somerset, was engaged in important military and engineering works in India from 1836 until 1871. The construction of irrigation works, canals, and railways was varied by active military service, Strachey having taken part in the first Sikh war; but while his energies were concentrated mainly on the practical applications of science, he was greatly interested in botany, meteorology, geology, and physical geography. Thus he utilized his opportunities, when engaged in topographical surveys, of making observations on the glaciers of the borders of Tibet and on the geology of the Himalayas; and the results were communicated to the Geological Society and published in vols. vii and x of the Quarterly Journal. He was a member of the Council of the Society during the years 1853-5, and again in 1866-7; and President of the Royal Geographical Society from 1887 to 1889. During the later years of his life General Strachev served at times on the Council of the India Office.

REV. THOMAS WILKINSON NORWOOD, M.A., F.G.S.

DIED JANUARY 26, 1908. Born 1829.

THE REV. T. W. NORWOOD, formerly of Cheltenham, and for some years a member of the Cotteswold Naturalists' Club, was appointed Vicar of Wrenbury in Cheshire in 1878. There he remained for twenty-nine years, when he retired to Snaith in Yorkshire, and died January 26th, 1908, at the age of 79. During his residence in