December, 1904.

## THERAPEUTICS.

Voelker, A. F.—The Treatment of Diphtheria, with special reference to the Dosage of Antitoxin. "Clinical Journal," October 12, 1904.

The author summarises his conclusions as to the use of antitoxin as follows: (1) It should be used in every case of diphtheria, whether mild or severe; (2) in cases of faucial diphtheria use 3000 units; (3) in cases of nasal diphtheria use 6000 to 9000 units at once; in laryngeal diphtheria use 6000 units, and repeat the dose in twenty-four hours if the symptoms of obstruction are not diminishing; (4) when symptoms call for intubation or tracheotomy use 6000 units at once and repeat the dose within twenty-four hours if there is not a distinct improvement in the patient's condition; (5) in cases of faucial diphtheria if the membrane does not show signs of separating after twenty-four hours, repeat the injection; (6) the injection should be made with antiseptic precautions into the subcutaneous tissues of the abdominal wall.

Middlemass Hunt.

## THERAPEUTIC PREPARATIONS.

BOROBENPHENE - HEIL: GLYCOBENPHENE - HEIL. (Henry Heil Chemical Co., 212 and 214, S. Fourth Street, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.)

Borobenphene-Heil is a clear, almost colourless, liquid, miscible in all proportions with water, glycerine, alcohol, and almost all liquid officinal preparations. It is composed of boracic acid, benzoic acid, phenol, and glycerine, and has been found to be a valuable remedy in affections of the ear, nose, and throat where an antiseptic is indicated.

Glycobenphene-Heil is also a powerful but non-irritating antiseptic. It is for external use only; its constituents are similar to those of borobenphene-Heil, and contains in addition pure oxide of zinc.

"TABLOID" DONOVAN SOLUTION. (Burroughs Wellcome and Co., Snow Hill Buildings, London, E.C.)

The conditions in which arsenious iodide is usually prescribed are generally of such a nature as to demand more or less protracted treatment. "Tabloid" Donovan Solution has been introduced to provide a reliable and convenient means of administering this agent, and hence doses may be taken regularly when the patient is following ordinary pursuits. Each product represents min. 5 (0.296 c.c.) of Liq. Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi, P.B., containing arsenious iodide and mercuric iodide of each gr. 1:22 (0.003 gm.).

## BOOKS RECEIVED.

- James Kerr Love, M.D. Diseases of the Ear: for Practitioners and Students of Medicine. Bristol: John Wright and Co.; London: Simpkin Marshall, Hamilton, Kent and Co., Ltd. 1904, 25s. net.
- Medico-Chirurgical Transactions published by the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society of London. Vol. lxxxvii. London: Longmans, Green and Co., Paternoster Row. 1904.

Wyatt Wingrave, M.D. Adenoids. Medical Monograph Series, No. 9. London : Baillière, Tindall and Cox. 1904, 2s. 6d. net.