

ERRATUM

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How many cattle can be infected by *Trypanosoma vivax* by reusing the same needle and syringe, and what is the viability time of this protozoan in injectable veterinary products?– ERRATUM

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The publishers apologise for an error in the above paper, as follows:

In the conclusion, is described that : “By reusing the same syringe and needle, from an animal with an acute infection for *T. vivax*, up to 30%, 50% and 80% bovines become infected by this protozoan by subcutaneous, intramuscular and intravenous routes, respectively.”

The correct text is: “By reusing the same syringe and needle, from an animal with an acute infection for *T. vivax*, up to 3/10 (30%), 5/10 (50%) and 8/10 (80%) bovines become infected by this protozoan by subcutaneous, intramuscular and intravenous routes, respectively.”

Reference

Melo Jr RD, Bastos TSA, Heller LM, Couto LFM, Zapa DMB, Cavalcante ASA, Cruvinel LB, Nicaretta JE, Iuasse HV, Ferreira LL, Soares VE, Lino de Souza GR, Cadioli FA and Lopes WD (2021) How many cattle can be infected by *Trypanosoma vivax* by reusing the same needle and syringe, and what is the viability time of this protozoan in injectable veterinary products? *Parasitology* FirstView, pp. 1–13.