and if this occurred the vessel below would be collapsed. He also stated that although he had several times opened the sinus inadvertently, it had been more frequently done with a probe than a spoon. He had dissected the jugular down to the innominate, and found clot extended into that.

Abstracts.

NOSE AND NASO-PHARYNX.

Boulai.—Two Cases of Imperforate Right Nostril. "Archiv. Internat. de Laryngologie," November-December, 1901.

The author has noted, within several weeks of one another, two cases of complete obstruction, or, rather, of imperforate right nares. He has been unable to find similar cases recorded, and he has never seen any case approaching those described.

A further peculiarity lies in the fact that both cases were almost exactly alike. Both occurred in young girls of the same age—viz., fourteen years—in both the same nostril was the seat of obstruction (the right), and the cause of the obstruction was identical in each case.

Macleod Yearsley.

Lichtwitz.—Enlargement of the Root of the Nose caused by Nasal Polypi. "Archiv. Internat. de Laryngologie," etc., November-December, 1901.

The title of the contribution sufficiently explains its nature. Such cases are undoubtedly rare in innocent tumours.

Macleod Yearsley.

Pelaez, P. L. (Granada). — Present State of Rhinology as regards Ozana. "Revista de Especialida es Medicas," Madrid, July, 1901.

The author contributes a useful review of the work recently done, chiefly on the Continent, in the investigation of the causes of ozena, but does not offer any solution of the question himself. He disputes the bacillary theory of Löwenberg, Abel, Cozzolino, and others, and considers that it falls to the ground, or at any rate loses much of its value, in view of the fact that, notwithstanding its "copious flora," ozena has not been reproduced either by inoculations with cultures of the organisms discovered, or with the more or less decomposed secretions themselves. An account of the more recent methods of treatment is given, but the author admits that no specific has yet been found.

James Donelan.

LARYNX AND TRACHEA.

Harvey, F. G.—Six Cases of Excision of the Larynx. "Lancet," September 21, 1901.

As the recorded cases of complete excision of the larynx are comparatively few, and the details of the method have not been fully described, the author thinks it may be of interest to publish these cases.

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