Bryan in 1913-14 was not a happy one. He was the obvious choice for first American judge on the Permanent Court of International Justice, on which he served from 1921 to 1928.

In 1891, he became the first incumbent of the Hamilton Fish Professorship of International Law and Diplomacy at Columbia University—a chair which he held for thirty-three years. Year after year, his former students from many countries eagerly called upon him in his New York apartment to pay their respects. He was not a showman in the class-room, but few who studied under him have forgotten the impress of his erudition and wisdom. He was unceasingly insistent upon fundamentals, and he made it his business to know the background of every subject he discussed. In the roster of great names in international law from the precursors of Grotius down to any present time, John Bassett Moore will always be included.—Philip C. Jessup.

Forty-third Annual Meeting of the American Political Science Association. The forty-third annual meeting of the American Political Science Association was held at the Hotel Statler in Washington, D. C., on Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, December 28–30, 1947. The program was designed as a natural sequel to that of the forty-second annual meeting held at Cleveland in December, 1946, where the general theme related to problems of government in the postwar world. To a considerable extent, the program for 1947 was designed to appraise the manner in which some of the more compelling problems in this area have been met. The emphasis on the foreign policies of the United States and on governmental problems of an international character was greater than customary. However, a number of round-tables were designed to raise the question of whether the United States can achieve by democratic methods a solution for problems of economic and social stability. The program as presented at the meeting was as follows:

Sunday, December 28, at 10:00 A.M.

JAPAN-OCCUPATION PROBLEMS AND THE PEACE SETTLEMENT

Chairman: David Nelson Rowe, Yale University.

Secretary: Richard L. Walker, Yale University.

"The Problem of Democratization in the Light of Japanese Traditional Political Theory," Chitoshi Yanaga, Yale University.

"Machinery for Enforcement of the Peace Treaty with Japan," John Masland, Dartmouth College.

Discussion: Dale Pontius, Roosevelt College; Claude E. Hawley, University of Southern California.

SOVIET DOMESTIC POLICY

Chairman: John N. Hazard, Columbia University. Secretary: Elton Atwater, American University.

"Developments in Party Organization and Ideology," Merle Fainsod, Harvard University.

"Economic Policy," Vera Micheles Dean, Foreign Policy Association and Harvard University.

Discussion: Waldemar Gurian, Notre Dame University; John M. Marsalka, Yale University.

THE GOVERNMENTAL APPARATUS OF U. S. FOREIGN POLICY

Chairman: Bernard Brodie, Yale University.

Secretary: Edgar S. Furniss, Jr., Princeton University.

Participants: William T. R. Fox, Yale University; George Pettee, Staff, Foreign Affairs Committee, House of Representatives; G. Lyle Belsley, Secretary, National Security Resources Board; Albert C. F. Westphal, University of New Mexico; James Q. Reber, Department of State.

STATE AND LOCAL PLANNING

Chairman: Roscoe C. Martin, University of Alabama.

Secretary: Lawrence L. Durisch, Chief, Division of Government Research, Tennessee Valley Authority.

"The Area Development Division of the U. S. Department of Commerce," William Davlin, U. S. Department of Commerce.

"State Planning in the South," Albert Lepawsky, University of Alabama.

"The Community Council Movement," John W. Herring, Supervisor, Bureau of Adult Education, New York State Department of Education.

Discussion: E. J. Coil, National Planning Association; V. O. Key, Johns Hopkins University; Raymond V. Long, Director, State Planning Board, Commonwealth of Virginia; John A. Parker, University of North Carolina.

POLITICAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE PRO-POSED AMENDMENT LIMITING THE PRESIDENT TO TWO TERMS

Chairman: Joseph E. McLean, Princeton University.

Secretary: Paul M. Douglas, Princeton Surveys.

Participants: Louis Brownlow, Public Administration Clearing House; Ernest K. Lindley, Newsweek and Washington Post; Roy V. Peel, Indiana University; Frank W. Prescott, University of Chattanooga.

THE BEGINNING COURSE IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

Chairman: Harold M. Dorr, University of Michigan.

Secretary: Ruth Silva, Wheaton College.

"Teaching Methods," John F. Sly, Princeton University.

"Teaching Aids," Ruth G. Weintraub, Hunter College.

"Integration with High School Preparation," Howard R. Anderson, U. S. Office of Education.

"Academic Freedom," Ethan P. Allen, University of Kansas.

"Political Indoctrination," Clinton L. Rossiter, Cornell University.

Discussion: John H. Ferguson, Pennsylvania State College; Herbert McCloskey, University of Minnesota; J. Ben Stalvey, University of Miami; Edwin O. Stene, University of Kansas.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE ON POLITICAL PARTIES

Chairman: Elmer E. Schattschneider, Wesleyan University.

Sunday, December 28, at 12:30 P.M.

Chairman: Quincy Wright, University of Chicago, and First Vice President, American Political Science Association.

Speaker: Francis B. Sayre, United States Representative in the United Nations Trusteeship Council, "The United Nations and the World's Work."

Sunday, December 28, at 2:30 P.M.

THE POLITICAL SCIENTIST AND PRACTICAL POLITICS

Chairman: Hugh A. Bone, Queens Cøllege. Secretary: Belle Zeller, Brooklyn College.

"The Rôle of the Professor," Lawrence H. Chamberlain, Columbia University.

"Curriculum Considerations," Ben A. Arneson, Ohio Wesleyan University.

"The Citizenship Clearing House," Arthur Vanderbilt, Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Jersey.

THE GERMAN PEACE SETTLEMENT AND EUROPEAN RECONSTRUCTION

Chairman: Harlow J. Heneman, Consultant, Department of State, and to the U.S. Representative on the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission.

Secretary: Joseph A. Todd, Division of Occupied Areas, Economic Affairs, Department of State.

Participants: Charles P. Kindelberger, Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary for Economic Affairs, Department of State; Edward M. Martin, Chief, Division of Occupied Areas, Economic Affairs, Department of State; W. Y. Elliott, Harvard University, and Staff Director, Committee on Foreign Affairs and Select Committee on Foreign Aid, U. S. House of Representatives; Roger H. Wells, Bryn Mawr College; Karl Loewenstein, Amherst College.

THE UNITED NATIONS

Chairman: Alger Hiss, President, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. Secretary: Leland M. Goodrich, Brown University.

Participants: Benjamin V. Cohen, formerly Counselor, Department of State; Charles Fahy, formerly Legal Counsel, Department of State; Francis O. Wilcox, Chief of Staff, Senate Foreign Relations Committee; Dean Rusk, Director, Office of Special Political Affairs, Department of State; Leland M. Goodrich, Brown University.

ORGANIZING FOR ECONOMIC STABILITY

Chairman: George A. Shipman, University of Washington.

Secretary: Albert Sturm, West Virginia University.

Participants: Harold Stein, formerly Deputy Director, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion; Avery Leiserson, University of Chicago; Joseph E. Reeve, Bureau of the Budget; Bertram Gross, Council of Economic Advisers; Charles E. Dearing, Brookings Institution.

GOVERNMENT AND ECONOMIC ENTERPRISE IN THE UNITED STATES

Chairman: Douglas W. Campbell, Union College. Secretary: Maurice Klain, Amherst College.

Participants: Philip W. Buck, Stanford University; Robert J. Harris, Louisiana State University; John D. Lewis, Oberlin College; Elmer E. Smead, Dartmouth College; Charles M. Wiltse, Benjamin E. Lippincott, University of Minnesota.

PROBLEMS OF PERSONNEL IN JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION

Chairman: Arthur T. Vanderbilt, Dean, New York University School of Law. Secretary: Francis R. Aumann, Ohio State University.

"The Judicial Office—Its Unique Task and the Qualifications Required for It," John J. Parker, Senior Judge, Circuit Court of Appeals, Fourth District.

"The Judicial Technique and Administrative Tribunals," John Dickinson, University of Pennsylvania, and General Counsel, Pennsylvania Railroad.

"How Can We Measure Judicial Qualifications—(a) In the Courts, (b) In Administrative Tribunals," Rodney L. Mott, Colgate University.

Discussion: Henry P. Chandler, Director, Administrative Office of United States Courts; Charles Fairman, Stanford University; Bolitha J. Laws, United States District Court for the District of Columbia; Dayton D. McKean, Dartmouth College.

Sunday, December 28, at 8:00 P.M.

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION OF POLITICAL SCIENCE AWARDS

Chairman: Robert D. Leigh, Social Science Research Council.

Address: "Conflict, Consensus, Confirmed Trends, and Open Choices," Arthur W. Macmahon, President, American Political Science Association.

Presentation of Awards Made Under the Auspices of the American Political Science Association:

Report of the Committee on Awards: Robert D. Leigh, Social Science Research Council, Chairman.

Citation for the Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award for the best publication in the field of Government and Democracy: Francis W. Coker, Yale University.

Citation for the Willkie Memorial Building Award for the best publication in the field of International Relations: William T. R. Fox, Yale University.

Citation for the Franklin D. Roosevelt Memorial Foundation Award for the best publication in the field of Government and Human Welfare: Charles E. Merriam, University of Chicago.

Presentation of Awards by representatives of the Foundations.

Monday, December 29, at 8:00 A.M.

MIDWEST CONFERENCE OF POLITICAL SCIENTISTS

For members of the Managerial Committee and Program Committee and other interested persons.

COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE ON AWARDS

Monday, December 29, at 9:30 A.M.

THE GOVERNMENTAL APPARATUS OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY

Chairman: Bernard Brodie, Yale University.

Secretary: Edgar S. Furniss, Jr., Princeton University.

Participants: Elias Huzar, Cornell University; William T. R. Fox, Yale University; George Pettee, Staff, Foreign Affairs Committee, House of Representatives; G. Lyle Belsley, Secretary, National Security Resources Board; Albert C. F. Westphal, University of New Mexico; James Q. Reber, Department of State.

EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS

Chairman: Harold Zink, DePauw University.

Secretary: J. A. Funston, Earlham College.

"Postwar Collectivism in France and Italy," J. G. Heinberg, University of Missouri. "The Political and Economic Scene in the Countries of Northern Europe," Eric C. Bellquist, University of California, Berkeley.

"Change and Crisis in Britain," H. M. Stout, Department of State.

"The Current Scene in Eastern Europe," Tibor Payzs, University of Detroit.

"A European State in the South Pacific," Dean E. McHenry, University of California, Los Angeles.

Discussion: Eugene P. Chase, Lafayette College; Ben A. Arneson, Ohio Wesleyan University.

LEGISLATIVE-EXECUTIVE RELATIONS

Chairman: Don K. Price, Public Administration Clearing House.

Secretary: Harold H. Roth, American University.

Participants: Paul H. Appleby, Syracuse University; Wilfred E. Binkley, Ohio Northern University; Lawrence H. Chamberlain, Columbia University; James Rowe, Commission on Organization of the Executive Branch.

POLITICAL PLANNING

Chairman: Elmer E. Schattschneider, Wesleyan University.

Secretary: Stephen K. Bailey, Wesleyan University.

Participants: (Members of the Committee on Political Parties): Thomas S. Barclay, Stanford University; Clarence A. Berdahl, University of Illinois; Hugh A. Bone, Queens College; Franklin L. Burdette, University of Maryland; Paul T. David, Department of State; Merle Fainsod, Harvard University; Bertram Gross, Council of Economic Advisers; V. O. Key, Johns Hopkins University; E. M. Kirkpatrick, University of Minnesota; Fritz Morstein Marx, Bureau of the Budget; Howard Penniman, Yale University; Kirk H. Porter, State University of Iowa; J. B. Shannon, University of Kentucky.

THE PLACE OF THE STATES IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF NATIONAL PROGRAMS

Chairman: Emmette S. Redford, University of Texas.

Secretary: Comer Clay, University of Texas.

Participants: Paul Betters, U. S. Conference of Mayors; Lynton K. Caldwell, Syracuse University; W. Brooke Graves, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress; John D. Millett, Columbia University; Lt. Col. Barnet W. Beers, Plans and Operations Division, War Department General Staff; Ray Atkinson, Bureau of the Budget; T. G. Driscoll, Council of State Governments.

THE PLACE OF POLITICAL SCIENCE IN INTEGRATED SOCIAL SCIENCE COURSES

Chairman: E. Allen Helms, Ohio State University.

Secretary: Louis C. Kesselman, University of Louisville.

Participants: Richard C. Snyder, Princeton University; Marshall E. Dimock,

Northwestern University; LeRoy Ferguson, Michigan State College; James E. Russell, Columbia University; Francis O. Wilcox, Chief of Staff, Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Monday, December 29, at 12:15 P.M.

Luncheon Meeting, Pi Sigma Alpha.

Monday, December 29, at 2:00 P.M.

SOVIET AND AMERICAN POLICIES IN THE WORLD TODAY

Chairman: Philip E. Moseley, Russian Institute of Columbia University.

Secretary: Charles A. Bergerson, Russian Institute of Columbia University.

"Soviet and American Conceptions of International Security," Joseph E. Johnson, Williams College.

"Soviet Attitudes toward Postwar America," Frederick C. Barghoorn, Yale University.

"Soviet Approach to International Trade," Willis C. Armstrong, Department of State and School for Advanced International Studies.

OPERATION OF THE LEGISLATIVE REORGANIZATION ACT OF 1946

Chairman: George B. Galloway, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress. Secretary: Floyd M. Riddick, Senate Editor, Congressional Digest.

Participants: Congressman A. S. Mike Monroney; Congressman Estes Kefauver; Franklin L. Burdette, University of Maryland; Joseph P. Harris, University of California.

THE ROLE OF GOVERNMENT IN LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

Chairman: William M. Leiserson, Johns Hopkins University.

Secretary: Gustav Peck, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress.

Participants: Senator Joseph H. Ball; Senator Elbert D. Thomas; Cyrus Ching, Director, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service; Paul F. Douglass, President, American University, Dexter Keezer, Director, Department of Economics, McGraw-Hill Company.

EDUCATING FOR INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING

(Joint session with the National Council for the Social Studies.)

Chairman: Merrill F. Hartshorn, Executive Secretary, National Council for the Social Studies.

Secretary: Wilbur F. Murra, Assistant Secretary, Educational Policies Commission. "UNESCO's Program and the Teacher's Responsibility," Bernard Drzewieski, Director of Rehabilitation, UNESCO.

"Education for International Understanding," William G. Carr, Secretary, Educational Policies Commission.

"A Technique for the Study of Foreign Policy Problems," George L. Millikan, Brookings Institution.

Monday, December 29, at 4:30 P.M.

ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION

Chairman: Arthur W. Macmahon, President, American Political Science Association.

Monday, December 29, at 6:00 P.M.

Dinner Meeting

PENNSYLVANIA POLITICAL SCIENCE AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ASSOCIATION

Chairman: Jacob Tanger, Pennsylvania State College.

Monday, December 29, at 6:30 P.M.

Dinner Meeting

INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL ORDER

Monday, December 29, 8:00 P.M.

General Session

Chairman: V. O. Key, Johns Hopkins University, and Second Vice President, American Political Science Association.

Speaker: Charles A. Beard, "Neglected Questions in American Government."

Tuesday, December 30, at 8:00 A.M.—Breakfast Meetings

COMMITTEE ON RESEARCH

COUNCIL OF THE SOUTHERN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

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Tuesday, December 30, at 9:30 A.M.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND COÖRDINATION OF UNITED NATIONS AGENCIES

Chairman: Donald C. Stone, Assistant Director in Charge of Administrative Management, Bureau of the Budget.

Secretary: Grace Harris, American University.

Participants: Walter Kotschnig, Department of State; Dean Rusk, Department of State; Alger Hiss, President, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace; Spencer Thompson, United Nations; Rowland Egger, University of Virginia; John E. Fobes, Bureau of the Budget; William F. Howell, International Bank; Marc Viellet-Lavallee, Food and Agriculture Organization; Walter R. Sharp, College of the City of New York.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE

Chairman: Robert R. Wilson, Duke University.

Secretary: Walter H. Bennett, University of Alabama.

"Postwar Commercial Policy of the United States," Woodbury Willoughby, Associate Chief, Division of Commercial Policy, Department of State.

"The Position of State Trading Countries in Postwar Commercial Relations," John Hazard, Russian Institute, Columbia University.

"Institutional Aspects of the Projected International Trade Organization," Edmund H. Kellogg, Division of International Organization Affairs, Department of State. (Paper read by Charles P. O'Donnell, Department of State.)

PUERTO RICO

Chairman: Rupert Emerson, Harvard University.

Secretary: Alan Burr Overstreet, Harvard University.

Participants: James Porter Davis, Director, Division of Territories, Department of the Interior; Kingsley Davis, Princeton University; Arturo Morales, University of Puerto Rico; Pedro Munoz Amato, University of Puerto Rico; Donald J. O'Connor, Office of Puerto Rico; Henry Wells, Yale University.

LEGISLATIVE-EXECUTIVE RELATIONS

Chairman: Don K. Price, Public Administration Clearing House.

Secretary: Harold H. Roth, American University.

Participants: Paul H. Appleby, Syracuse University; Wilfred E. Binkley, Ohio Northern University; Lawrence H. Chamberlain, Columbia University; James Rowe, Commission on Organization of the Executive Branch.

UNIVERSITIES AND THE FEDERAL CAREER SERVICE

Chairman: Wallace S. Sayre, Cornell University.

Secretary: Elias Huzar, Cornell University.

Participants: Roger S. Abbott, University of Michigan; Arthur S. Flemming, Commissioner, U. S. Civil Service Commission; George A. Graham, Princeton University; Robert F. Steadman, Wayne University; E. S. Wengert, University of Wyoming.

CURRENT HOUSING POLICIES OF STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS

Chairman: Coleman Woodbury, University of Wisconsin.

Participants: Edward Weinfeld, former Commissioner, New York State Division of Housing; A. S. Bigelow, Chairman, Massachusetts Housing Commission; Lee F. Johnson, Executive Vice President, National Public Housing Conference; William L. C. Wheaton, Assistant to the Administrator, U. S. Housing and Home Finance Agency.

REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT AND THE LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

Chairman: Roland Young, Carleton College.

Secretary: Kenneth W. Hechsler, Princeton University.

"Some Problems of Representation Within Associational Groups," Avery Leiserson, University of Chicago.

"Some Problems of Representation in Contemporary European Government," C. J. Friedrich, Harvard University.

"Some Problems of Representation in the United Nations," David M. Levitan, Columbia University.

"Some Problems of Representation in State Governments," Lashley G. Harvey, Boston University.

Discussion: Ernest S. Griffith, Director, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress; John H. Hallowell, Duke University.

Tuesday, December 30, at 12:30 P.M.

Subscription Luncheon

Chairman: Charles Fairman, Stanford University, and Vice President, American Political Science Association.

Speaker: Clifford J. Durr, Commissioner, Federal Communications Commission.

Tuesday, December 30, at 2:30 P.M.

MEETING OF COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, NATIONAL MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

Chairman: W. Brooke Graves, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress.

The Executive Council of the Association met at the Statler Hotel at 9:00 A.M. on Saturday, December 27. Those present were: President Arthur W. Macmahon, First Vice President Quincy Wright, Second Vice President V. O. Key, Jr., Third Vice President Charles Fairman, Managing Editor Frederic A. Ogg, Secretary-Treasurer Harvey Walker, and the following members of the Executive Council: Edward F. Dow, Robert J. Harris, John G. Heinberg, Robert H. Connery, C. Perry Patterson, Harold S. Quigley, Taylor Cole, George A. Graham, Llewellyn Pfankuchen, John A Vieg, and Belle Zeller. In addition, the meeting was attended by former President Thomas Reed Powell and a number of the chairmen of Association committees.

The minutes of the meeting of the Executive Council at Cleveland on December 26 and 28, 1946, were amended by unanimous consent to show that Frederic A. Ogg was elected Managing Editor of the American Political Science Review for a three-year term ending at the annual meeting in 1949 and that Kenneth Colegrove was elected Secretary-Treasurer and Harvey Walker Assistant Secretary-Treasurer for a similar term.

President Macmahon made an oral report on official actions taken by him during his term of office.

Managing Editor Frederic A. Ogg presented a report on the AMERICAN POLITICAL SCIENCE REVIEW. He stated that memorials to four deceased members of the Association had appeared in the Review during 1947: Benjamin Wallace, John A. Fairlie, Leo S. Rowe, and Harold D. Smith. Mr. Ogg indicated steadily increasing pressure for space which had resulted in the publication of a volume of 1,239 pages, or 206 pages per issue. In the 1947 volume, 721 pages were devoted to regular features and 518 pages to leading articles, symposia, committee reports, and departmental notes.

The Managing Editor nominated the following persons as members of the Board of Editors for 1948–49: Thomas S. Barclay, Stanford University; Charles B. Hagan, University of Illinois; R. J. Harris, Louisiana State University; Louise Overacker, Wellesley College; and Harold S. Quigley, University of Minnesota. These nominees were unanimously elected by the Council.

Professor Ogg at this point indicated a desire to have the Council give consideration during the years 1948 and 1949 to the problem of securing a successor for his office. The Council accordingly created an *ad hoc* committee to explore the problem of the Review and the editorship. To

this committee was also referred the question of the possible publication of a separate volume of *Proceedings*, perhaps as one or more numbers of the REVIEW.

Kenneth Colegrove, chairman of the Committee on the *Directory*, made a report on that project. The 1948 edition will be sent to the printer in late spring, with publication set for late fall, providing members respond promptly to requests for biographical information. Up to December 1, 1947, orders had been received for 933 copies. It will be necessary to sell approximately as many more to meet the cost of publication. Prices for the 1948 *Directory* have been set as follows: for members, \$3.00 cloth bound, \$2.00 paper bound; for non-members, \$4.00 cloth bound, \$3.00 paper bound. Professor Colegrove emphasized the great service to the Association which is being rendered by the National Foundation for Education in paying the editorial costs of compiling the *Directory* material. Franklin L. Burdette, the editor, was present to answer questions and to supplement the chairman's report.

The Secretary-Treasurer presented a written report covering the work of his office during the last six months of 1947 as well as financial statements covering the full year. Kenneth Colegrove, who had been elected Secretary-Treasurer for a three-year term at the 1946 meeting, resigned July 1, 1947, and the Executive Council by mail ballot elected the Assistant Secretary-Treasurer, Harvey Walker, as Secretary-Treasurer for the term ending December, 1949.

The Secretary-Treasurer indicated that the principal problem confronting the Association was one of finance. For nearly 40 years, the Association has carried on its work with regular dues of \$5.00. Expanding membership made it possible for the work of the Association to be carried through without increase in this fee until October, 1947, when the Banta Publishing Company notified the Association that it would be necessary to increase the charge for printing the Review by approximately 20 per cent, effective with the December number. This increase, assuming a continuation of the Review at approximately the present size, would cost the Association approximately \$2,400 per year in excess of the former charges. Since the expenditures of the Association for other purposes absorbed all of the amount available, it was felt necessary to recommend an increase in dues.

After considerable discussion, the Executive Council voted to recommend to the Business Meeting an amendment to the constitution to increase the dues for regular members to \$6.60 per year and for associate members to \$3.60 per year. It also voted to recommend the creation of a new class of membership, called family membership, at \$2.00 per year without subscription to the Review. In view of the fact that members had not been taking advantage of the opportunity to pay life memberships at the rate provided in the Constitution, an amendment was recommended

to authorize the payment of such life memberships in eight annual installments of \$25.00 each. In a further effort to improve the financial situation, the Council voted to increase the subscription price of the Review to \$6.60 a year. These actions were taken after a thorough discussion of the alternatives such as reducing the size of the Review and reducing the number of issues. The Council felt that these alternatives were less desirable than the increase in dues.

The Secretary-Treasurer pointed out that the employees of the Association were not covered under the Social Security Act and that it would be necessary, if a retirement plan were to be provided, to purchase annuity contracts from a private insurance agency. He was authorized by the Council to negotiate such a contract and to pay half the cost from Association funds, with the understanding that employees could carry the contract with them when leaving the employ of the Association.

In a further effort to reduce expenses, the Council authorized the Secretary-Treasurer to drop from membership persons who fail after three monthly notices to pay their dues. The Council voted to abolish the registration fee at the Annual Meeting, effective at once.

It was voted to meet in Chicago on December 28, 29, and 30, 1948. The meeting of the Executive Council will be held on Monday, December 27. The Secretary-Treasurer reported an active year in the Personnel Service, 165 persons having been listed during the year, and 75 vacancies. He also reported a substantial balance in the Endowment Fund. The sum of \$5,000 was received as a bequest from a past president, John A. Fairlie, and \$1,000 as a gift from another past president, Isidor Loeb.

The Secretary-Treasurer was authorized by the Council to supply partial sets of back numbers of the Review to assist in the rebuilding of libraries in devastated countries, provided the stock of any number is not reduced below 100. The Secretary-Treasurer was also authorized to use his discretion in continuing as members persons who find themselves unable to pay their dues because of international exchange restrictions. The Secretary-Treasurer reported that the membership of the Association as of December 15, 1947, was 4,598, a net gain of 523 during the year.

The report of the Audit Committee was presented by Kenneth J. Martin. The Committee reported that it had considered the Auditor's reports for the period from December 16, 1946, to June 15, 1947, and from June 15, 1947, to December 15, 1947, and had approved them. The Committee recommended a change in the method of preparing the statements of the Association to an income and expense basis. It also recommended that the Executive Council, in approving the budget for 1948, grant to the Secretary-Treasurer authority to supplement the appropriations where necessary to a total amount not exceeding any increased receipts. The report, including the recommendations, was adopted.

The Secretary-Treasurer was authorized to close the books of the Association hereafter on November 30 rather than December 15.

The Secretary-Treasurer submitted the budget for 1948 showing anticipated income, revised to include the amounts expected from increased dues, of \$37,416.50 and proposed expenditures of \$35,360.00. The budget as presented was approved by the Council, and the amounts recommended were appropriated for expenditure during the Association's fiscal year.

The Executive Council received and filed the report of the Committee on Endowment prepared by William Anderson.

John E. Briggs presented the report of the Committee on Regional and Functional Societies, showing an increased interest in regional meetings and in the formation of additional regional groups. Activities of the Southern Political Science Association, the Pennsylvania Political Science Association, the Midwest Political Science Association, the Southwestern Political Science Association, and the District of Columbia Political Science Association were summarized for the information of the Council. The Committee reported the organization of a Western Political Science Association in 1947 and indicated that another group, to be known as the Pacific Northwest Political Science Association, was in the process of formation. By vote of the Executive Council, the Western Political Science Association became the second regional section of the American Political Science Association, under the provisions of the Constitution of the national body. The Council by unanimous vote agreed to continue the policy of paying from Association funds the cost of sending an Association representative to regional group meetings, not to exceed \$50.00 for each such meeting.

An oral report was presented by Frederic A. Ogg concerning the activities of the American Council of Learned Societies, of which the American Political Science Association is a member. Pendleton Herring presented a similar report on the Social Science Research Council, and President Macmahon announced the appointment of Frederick S. Dunn as a representative of the Association on the SSRC. President Macmahon reported that he had been asked to designate a representative of the Association on the Inter-Society Committee for a National Science Foundation and that he had appointed Charles S. Hyneman to attend a meeting of the Committee to be held in Chicago, December 28, 1947. The Council voted to ratify the action of the President in accepting membership on the Inter-Society Committee and in appointing a representative to the Committee and requested that the incoming President appoint an additional representative.

Vice-President Quincy Wright presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted by the Council: "The American Political Science Association strongly urges that the social sciences be included in

the bill for a National Science Foundation. Explicit mention of the social sciences would be preferable, but in view of the legislative history of the bill, representatives of those sciences should be free to use their discretion as to form and method of such inclusion."

President Macmahon reported on an inquiry which he had made concerning the desirability of bringing the American Political Science Association into closer relations with the American Association for the Advancement of Science. The Executive Council directed the incoming officers to take the necessary steps to bring the American Political Science Association into a relationship with Section K of the AAAS similar to that assumed by the American Economic Association. The officers also were directed by the Council to coöperate with the officers of other learned societies in the social science area in preparing and conducting the programs of Section K.

The President announced to the Council his appointment of Ernest S. Griffith as a representative of the Association on the American Documentation Institute. He also reported upon correspondence which he had had with Herbert A. Simon, Ralph E. Himstead, and Paul Douglas with reference to the desirability of creating an Association committee on academic freedom. Mr. Simon had presented a resolution on this subject to the 1946 meeting, but the President indicated that after careful consideration of the problem he had come to the conclusion that such a committee was not necessary at this time. Vice-President Quincy Wright, a former president of the AAUP, moved that the Association endorse the 1940 statement of principles of academic freedom and tenure of that organization. This motion was unanimously carried.

The Secretary-Treasurer reported a request from the Committee on Documentary Reproduction of the American Historical Association for endorsement of its program by the American Political Science Association. This matter was referred by the Council to the Committee on Research and its Panel on Military Government.

Pitman B. Potter reported for the Committee on International Cultural Relations that the possibility of establishing an International Political Science Association had been explored further, with almost completely negative results. The Committee recommended that the American Political Science Association seek representation on the National Commission for UNESCO and endeavor to increase the attention given the social sciences by that organization. The Council approved this recommendation and directed the officers to take the necessary steps toward this objective. It also was felt desirable that the Committee continue its efforts toward the creation of further opportunities for political science students to travel and study abroad.

Marshall E. Dimock presented the report of the Committee on the

Improvement of Teaching. This committee is a new one, formed after the 1946 meeting to continue the work formerly carried on by the Committee on Undergraduate Instruction and the Committee on Social Studies. Mr. Dimock indicated that it was through the efforts of this committee and its predecessors that a symposium on undergraduate instruction in political science appeared in the June, 1947, number of the Review. Round-tables at the 1947 meeting set up under the auspices of this committee were on the beginning course and on the place of political science in integrated social science courses. The chairman reported upon an institute on government and administration at American University in June, 1947, under the direction of John W. Manning. The committee is engaged in preparing a list of slide films and motion pictures relating to political science which it hopes to edit and distribute to members of the Association during the coming year. Chairman Dimock referred to the work being done in the American Economic Association on the improvement of teaching and suggested the desirability of an appropriation by the Association to enable the Committee to develop our Association along similar lines. The report was approved by the Executive Council, and the committee was continued. An appropriation of not to exceed \$500.00, if available, was made by the Executive Council, and the officers were directed to investigate the possibilities of securing additional funds from foundations.

Taylor Cole presented the report of the Committee on Research. He indicated that although the Research Committee voted at the annual meeting in 1946 to dissolve the research panels, the bulk of its work during 1947 continued to center around the conclusion of the activities of these panel groups. Some panels, such as that on Military Government, held meetings during the year. The panel on International Relations was reconstituted for the purpose of preparing a final report on its activities. The main burden of the work of the Committee has been upon Ernest S. Griffith, who has agreed to edit a final volume on its work, to appear during the summer of 1948. Other activities of the committee included efforts to secure the declassification of war records, the elimination of alleged preferential treatment by government agencies for certain favored scholars, coöperation with the SSRC, and maintenance of close contact with developments looking toward the formulation of a National Science

adequacy of the present coverage in the field and to ascertain the outlets for the various types of research product. A related problem raised by several members of the Executive Council was that of the preparation of a new guide to materials in the field of political science. These matters will be referred by the incoming president to an appropriate committee for investigation.

The report on the Library of Political Thought, prepared by John D. Lewis, was presented by the Secretary-Treasurer. As there were no recommendations for action, the report was received and filed.

The President read a telegram from Royden Dangerfield reporting his inability to attend the meeting and to present his report on Publications of the Department of State. A special sub-committee of the Council consisting of Harold Quigley, Kenneth Colegrove, and Quincy Wright, was appointed to draft a resolution on this subject. The sub-committee reported the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted by the Council:

"The American Political Science Association records its appreciation of the publication by the Department of State of the expanded *Bulletin* and of the current documents and studies separately printed.

"It commends the undertaking by the Department of State to compile and publish German Foreign Office documents and urges similar action with reference to Japanese Foreign Office documents. There should be the fullest possible utilization of the present opportunity to provide microcopies of European and Asiatic documents. It hopes that the reclassification of documents, secrecy of which is no longer necessary, will be speeded up and that the classification of new documents be as limited as possible.

"It appreciates the publication of the records and documents of the International Military Tribunal of Nuremberg and urges publication of documents of the International Military Tribunal of the Far East, including the Saionji-Haroda memoirs and the Kido diary.

"It renews its resolution of 1946 urging the Department of State to speed up publication of the Miller Treaty Series and United States Foreign Relations, and urges the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to publish a fifth volume of the Malloy Treaty Series, including treaties since 1938. It requests the proper congressional committee to appropriate funds in order that the Department of State may carry out its publication program, including its informational program, with the additions noted above.

"It instructs the Secretary to bring these requests to the attention of the Secretary of State and of the relevant congressional committees."

Elmer E. Schattschneider presented the interim report of the Committee on National Political Parties and Elections. This is another new committee, appointed in April, 1947, to study the organization and operation of national political parties and elections with a view to suggesting changes that might enable the parties and voters to fulfill their responsibilities more effectively. The resolution of the 1946 meeting by which this committee was established contemplated the raising of funds for its work, but

efforts to secure financing during 1947 were unsuccessful. While the work already done by the committee has turned up a substantial number of proposals for research, the chairman reported that it had not been possible for it to formulate a program to recommend to the Council. Since its first meeting was being held in connection with the 1947 program, it was requested that the Committee be authorized to continue its exploratory work during another year. The Executive Council voted to accept the report and to continue the committee, and instructed the officers to continue their efforts to secure funds.

Hugh A. Bone reported for the Advisory Panel on Methods of Encouraging Political Participation. This panel was established in 1947 pursuant to a resolution of the 1946 annual meeting. It was directed to coöperate with Dean A. T. Vanderbilt in a citizenship clearing house project, established and carried on under his direction. The panel recommended (1) that the regional and metropolitan associations of political scientists devote a session at their meetings to the program of the citizenship clearing house, (2) that members of the Association cooperate in bringing the clearing house project to the attention of schools in their areas, (3) that the panel be continued as a committee to advise the clearing house, to study the implications of the project, to make further reports to the Association, to continue the study of methods of bridging the gap between the college graduate and active citizenship, and to foster discussion among members of the profession concerning the problem. The chairman recommended that the nucleus of the committee continue to be drawn from metropolitan New York, but that it be strengthened by the addition of a number of other persons from different regions of the country who could serve as contact men for the program in their localities. The recommendations of the panel were approved, and it was voted to continue the project for another year.

W. Reed West reported for the Committee on Election Statistics that the prospect of the publication of such statistics by the Bureau of the Census is most discouraging. In the pressure for other types of studies by the Bureau, it appeared to the committee likely that all possibility of an elections yearbook would be lost unless the Association continued to press for its development. Mr. West pointed out the overlapping between his committee and the committee on Political Parties and Elections and suggested that they be consolidated. The Executive Council adopted a resolution expressing its desire that the Bureau of the Census issue an elections yearbook and directing the Secretary-Treasurer to inform the Director of the Census and the proper committees of Congress. Pursuant to the recommendations of the chairman, the Committee was merged with that on Political Parties and Elections and the Committee on Election Statistics was dissolved.

The report of the Committee on Judicial Organization and Administration was presented by Francis R. Aumann, vice-chairman. The report indicated that the principal efforts of the committee during the year 1947 had been devoted to promoting a survey of judicial personnel, including administrative judges. Some progress was reported in the solicitation of funds, although adequate financing remains to be secured. In view of the importance of this study and the fact that it offers an opportunity of cooperation with the American Bar Association, the Executive Council approved the continuation of the committee for the year 1948.

President Macmahon brought to the attention of the Council a letter which he had received from Rodney L. Mott suggesting that journals and other technical papers be collected by members of the Association and sent to foreign universities where they are needed. It was moved that the officers of the Association communicate with the American Economic Association and the Committee for International Educational Reconstruction to determine the manner in which assistance in this matter might be made most effective, the findings to be reported to the members through the Review. This project will be coördinated with the authority by the Council to the Secretary-Treasurer to supply partial sets of the Review from Association stocks.

Belle Zeller presented the report of the Committee on American Legislatures. The chairman, Jack S. Isakoff, reported substantial progress in analytical studies of issues in legislative organization and procedure and summarized developments in national and state legislatures. The report was approved by the Council and the committee continued.

Similar action was taken on the report of the Committee on Latin American Affairs which was presented, in written form, in the absence of the chairman, Russell H. Fitzgibbon.

Avery Leiserson presented a report from the panel appointed by the President to consider the desirability of creating a committee of the Association on Government and Labor-Management Relations. The panel, after discussing in its report the importance of the problem, recommended the appointment of a standing committee of not more than seven members to explore the field of Labor-Management Relations as a whole, to define items of special interest to political science, to indicate topics of research from the viewpoint of political science, and to recommend further activities by the American Political Science Association and its members in this field. This recommendation was approved by the Council, and the incoming officers were directed to establish such a committee.

The report of the Committee on Program was presented by Hugh L. Elsbree. He raised the question whether greater continuity in program-planning would be desirable, and the question was discussed at some length by the Council, without definite conclusion. Closely linked with the

program-planning problem is that of the election of the President of the Association. The suggestion was made that the President be elected a year in advance of the date at which he is to take office in order to give him a better opportunity to become familiar with the affairs of the Association and to enable him to appoint his program chairman at an earlier date.

From the Committee on Nominations, Harold Zink presented recommendations (1) to remove the designation of first, second, and third from the vice-presidencies and (2) to increase the size of the Executive Councilfrom 15 to 21. The Council approved the first of these suggestions and recommended to the Business Meeting a constitutional amendment to accomplish this objective. On motion of V. O. Key, seconded by Taylor Cole, the Council directed the incoming officers to create a Committee on the Constitutional Structure of the Association and referred to this committee the following matters: (1) increase in the size of the Executive Council, (2) institution of the office of President-elect, (3) earlier designation of the program chairman, and (4) such other related constitutional questions as may appear to the committee to offer promise of greater efficiency in the operation of the Association.

Robert D. Leigh reported for the Committee on Memorial Awards. This is a new committee created in 1946. It consists of three panels, one for the Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award in Government and Democracy, one for the Willkie Memorial Building Award in International Relations, and one for the Franklin D. Roosevelt Memorial Foundation Award in Government and Human Welfare. The awards for 1947 were selected by these panels and approved by the committee in accordance with regulations formulated by the committee and submitted as a part of its report. The committee report was received and approved and the committee continued.

John W. Manning reported for the Committee on Local Arrangements. President Macmahon extended the thanks of the Council to the Committee on Program and Committee on Local Arrangements for their efforts in connection with the 1947 meeting.

Harold Zink reported to the Council the names of the persons proposed by the Committee on Nominations to be officers of the Association in 1948. This report was received and referred to the Business Meeting.

The Council adjourned at 9:40 P.M.

The Annual Business Meeting of the Association was held at 4:30 p.m. on Monday, December 29. President Arthur W. Macmahon presided. The President and the Secretary-Treasurer reported to the membership for its information the actions of the Executive Council at its meeting on the preceding Saturday. Topics so reported upon included: the election of members of the Board of Editors; the creation of an ad hoc committee on

the Review and the future editorship; the publication of a 1948 *Directory*; membership on the Inter-Society Committee for a National Science Foundation; affiliation with the American Association for the Advancement of Science; approval of the 1940 statement on Academic Freedom and Tenure of the AAUP; membership in the national Commission for UNESCO; appointment of Frederick S. Dunn as American Political Science Association representative on the SSRC; acceptance of the Western Regional Association as a section of the APSA; interest in the publication of a guide to political science materials; personnel service in 1947; authorizing the sending of copies of the Review abroad; accepting the reports of and continuing the following committees: Improvement of Teaching, Research, Publications of the Department of State, Political Parties, Political Participation, Judicial Organization and Administration, Latin American Affairs; creation of a committee on Labor-Management Relations; creation of a committee to conduct an inquiry into the constitutional structure of the Association; report of the Audit Committee; report of the Endowment Committee; report of the budget for 1948, including the elimination of the registration fee at the annual meeting.

Several items of business were reported from the Council to the Business Meeting for action. The first was a proposal for an amendment to the Constitution concerning fees as follows:

- A. That Article III, Section 1, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows: "1. Annual Members. Any person may become a member of this Association upon payment of six dollars sixty cents and after the first year may continue as such by paying annual dues of six dollars sixty cents."
- B. That Article III, Section 4, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows: "Life Members, Any individual paying dues of two hundred dollars in a lump sum, or in eight annual installments of twenty-five dollars each, shall be a life member of this Association."
- C. That Article III, Section 5, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows: "Associate Members. Any graduate or undergraduate student registered in a college or university may become an associate member of this Association upon payment of three dollars sixty cents and after the first year may continue as such, as long as he is so registered, by paying annual dues of three dollars sixty cents."
- D. That a new paragraph to be numbered 6 be added to Article III of the Constitution as follows: "6. Family Members. A second person in a family who desires to become a member may do so upon the payment of two dollars and after the first year may continue as such as long as there is another member in the family, by paying annual dues of two dollars. Each member, except a family member, shall be entitled to a copy of each number of the American Political Science Review issued during his membership."

The amendment as submitted was unanimously approved.

The second proposal was for an amendment to eliminate reference to vice-presidents by number. This amendment was as follows:

That Article VII, Section 1, of the Constitution be amended to read as follows:

"The President shall preside at all business meetings of the Association and of the Executive Council. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided, he shall appoint all committees of the Association and shall perform any other duties that the Executive Council may assign to him. In case of his absence or disability, his duties shall devolve upon the one of the Vice Presidents designated for that purpose by vote of the Executive Council."

The amendment was unanimously approved by the members.

Former President William Anderson offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"Much has been and much will be said about the motivations that lead men to put forth effort instead of living at ease. Love of power, the desire for public applause, and economic motivation, have all received much attention, if not at times exaggerated emphasis. Alongside of, if not above these, it may be submitted, there is one that means more than any other toward the successful operation of free and democratic institutions and the promotion of the public welfare in every line of endeavor. It is the spirit of devoted service and self-sacrifice in the interest of great causes. Without this spirit, free institutions could not operate effectively; science, education, and human welfare services could not be promoted.

"We see this principle in operation in countless ways in American life. It has been exemplified and illustrated time and again in the work of our own Association. Today we think of one of our members, Kenneth W. Colegrove, who first accepted the Secretary-Treasurership of the Association with great reluctance, and then proceeded through eleven arduous years, practically without monetary reward, to render to the Association a magnificent and unstinting service. During his years in office, and largely as a result of his efforts, the Association increased its membership, improved its finances, and greatly expanded the services it renders to the profession of political science and to the public. All this he did at great sacrifice to himself, and clearly without thought of other reward than the satisfaction of helping to promote the interests of political science and of political scientists as a professional body.

"Be it, therefore, resolved that the Association take this opportunity to express to Kenneth Colegrove its deep appreciation of the value of his splendid services to the Association, and the hope that now he will find the health, energy, and time that he has long desired to pursue his own studies and teaching, through which we know he will contribute greatly to the advancement of political science in our times."

Vice-President Quincy Wright offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"That the American Political Science Association express its sincere appreciation to the Program Committee and to the Committee on Local Arrangements for planning and facilitating the program of the Forty-Third Annual Meeting.

"Be it further resolved that the Association likewise extend its thanks to the Statler Hotel for the thoughtful cooperation which it has extended under trying circumstances in carrying through the program of the meeting.

"Be it further resolved that the Greater National Capitol Committee of the Washington Board of Trade also be thanked for the assistance rendered in the registration and other aspects of the program."

¹ Earlier in the course of the meeting, President Arthur W. Macmahon voiced the Association's warm appreciation of Professor Colegrove's services and on behalf of officers and councillors who had served with him presented him with a testimonial in the form of a desk clock and barometer.

The Committee on Nominations made its report as follows: for President, Henry R. Spencer; for Vice-Presidents, Estes Kefauver, Hans Kelsen, Roscoe C. Martin; for members of the Executive Council, H. F. Alderfer, J. B. Shannon, J. M. Ray, Merle Fainsod, and Ben M. Cherrington. The President invited further nominations, but none were forthcoming, and on motion, the nominees were unanimously elected as officers of the Association for 1948.

The Business Meeting adjourned at 6:10 P.M.

A meeting of the new Executive Council was held at 9:30 p.m. on Monday, December 29. Present were: President Henry R. Spencer, Managing Editor Frederic A. Ogg, Secretary-Treasurer Harvey Walker, and the following members of the Council: Taylor Cole, George A. Graham, Merle Fainsod, Belle Zeller, Joseph M. Ray, J. B. Shannon, John Vieg, Llewellyn Pfankuchen, R. H. Connery, and former presidents Arthur W. Macmahon and William Anderson.

The Secretary-Treasurer raised the question of whether the office of Assistant Secretary-Treasurer should be filled. The Council decided that no action should be taken on the matter at present and directed the Secretary-Treasurer to communicate with the Council if he deemed it necessary to fill the vacancy during the course of the year. The importance of a careful canvass of available persons was emphasized.

Arthur W. Macmahon raised the question of whether members should be notified to submit resolutions in advance of the Annual Meeting. It was suggested that the Secretary-Treasurer put a note into the Preliminary Program inviting such communications. However, in view of the fact that resolutions frequently arise out of the deliberations of panels and round-tables, it was felt desirable to refer the question to the ad hoc Committee on Constitutional Structure created at the earlier meeting of the Council. Another doubtful point referred to that Committee for clarification was the matter of the date of the beginning and ending of terms of the officers.

The Secretary-Treasurer presented a letter from Dale Pontius requesting that the Association initiate a proposal to other learned societies in the social sciences for the making of representations to the Far Eastern Commission, to the State Department, and to the Department of National Defense looking toward the admission into Japan of independent scholars who desire to make studies in the field of the social sciences. The matter was referred to the Committee on International Cultural Relations with a request that the situation be explored, both with reference to the policy of the authorities in Japan and with reference to the experience and attitude of other learned societies. The committee was requested to report to the Council promptly, so that, if advisable, a mail ballot might be taken on an appropriate resolution.

A question arose as to whether under the constitution committees are presumed to continue from one year to the next without action by the Executive Council. Some members of the Council felt that the presumption should be in favor of the continuance of the committees, others felt that they should be continued only by express action of the Council. In view of the silence of the constitution, the question was referred to the Committee on Constitutional Structure for clarification.

The Council adjourned at 11:00 P.M.

HARVEY WALKER, SECRETARY-TREASURER.

LETTER RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT ARTHUR W. MAC-MAHON FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

December 23, 1947

MY DEAR DR. MACMAHON:

I wish to acknowledge the receipt of your invitation to address the forty-third annual meeting of the American Political Science Association. To my regret, circumstances will prevent my attendance.

We are confronted today with the great rôle which history has assigned the United States in world affairs and with the need for so harnessing our national resources that the American people can enjoy their cherished liberties in economic security. It gives me satisfaction to see that the discussions planned for this year's meeting of the American Political Science Association center on these two basic themes. Political scientists have a singular responsibility, in research as well as in teaching, to give the citizen a mature understanding of the essentials of democratic government; to outline ways and means of making our political system the most effective agent of the common good; and to keep us ever mindful of the benefits that come to each of us from living under our Constitution.

I should like to extend to you and the entire membership of the American Political Science Association my best wishes for a most successful meeting.

Very sincerely yours,
HARRY S. TRUMAN.

REPORT OF THE AMERICAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION'S COMMITTEE ON AWARDS

Following the presidential address, on the evening of December 28, the Committee on Awards, with its chairman, Dr. Robert D. Leigh, of the Social Science Research Council, presiding over the general session, presented its first annual report. For the Committee, Dr. Leigh spoke as follows:

Mr. President: Your Committee, authorized by the Association at its meeting a year ago, has considered forty-one books and documents for the memorial awards in political science. And the committee's panels have reached unanimous agreement on the best publication of the year in each of the three designated fields: government and democracy, international relations, government and human welfare. In making the selections, primary attention has been given to quality of research, intellectual penetration, and wise judgment, on the part of the authors.

Our review has provided a first occasion for appraising the postwar output in political science. We were all *generally* aware that during the preceding four years the professors of political science were drawn away in large purphers from the percetime pursuits of teaching and research for

The year's research product was before us. As always, it contained the contributions of individual writers to the common pot of political science knowledge. But there emerged striking examples of another type of inquiry, the *coöperative* project, with a representative or deliberative committee supported by the researches of full-time staff. In such committee projects, the results of the prolonged, lonely activity of individual research were evident, but also one could sense the presence of the equally difficult disciplines required for meshing the findings of political science with those of the other social sciences and with the natural sciences, of relating political findings to the framework of cultural possibilities.

Is it not significant that with a free field, two of the three winning publications selected by our committee panels were for such a committee product? They are awards made to a group of workers whose joint efforts produce a kind of chemical compound which makes allocation of credit to individuals impossible. As the chairman of one of the groups wrote to me: "Ours was genuinely a group product, in thought and draftmanship, and this indeed is one of the chief merits it has, since the members of the group

represented such diverse backgrounds, and, in the beginning, such quite different views on this difficult matter."

In the annual competition that we have inaugurated, there remains certainly a very important place for individual research, perhaps also for the work of a more loosely related fraternity of separated workers attacking a set of problems agreed upon in conference as a major public concern. I refer, of course, to the pattern which our Association's committee on research has been seeking to establish among us.

I hope that this annual assize of the published thinking of political scientists will over the years help to chart the direction of our research effort, and in some small degree by its symbolic pat on the back for work well done, encourage more of our work to be well done.

The Committee is gratified that on this occasion the distinguished representatives of the three memorial foundations which made the awards possible are here to make presentation of the scrolls. Their presence accentuates the double significance of our ceremony. Not only do we honor the recipients of the awards; through the awards, the Association also pays tribute to the memory of three great statesmen—Woodrow Wilson, Wendell Willkie, and Franklin D. Roosevelt—all of whom, combining in rare degree moral principle with the arts of popular leadership, contributed notably to the translation of political science into political action.

For the Franklin D. Roosevelt Memorial Foundation Award, the Panel on Government and Human Welfare cites "To Secure These Rights," a report by the President's Committee on Civil Rights.

For its appreciation of the great American heritage of freedom and equality and the promise of richer harvests in the future;

For its keen and unsparing view of the lights and shadows of human rights in the United States, past and present;

For its bold and sweeping reaffirmation of human rights alike in the local, the national, and the international fields, alike in the technical procedures of law and in the realities of daily life and welfare;

For its statesmanlike and constructive program of translating human rights from promise to performance throughout the land;

In sum, for its distinguished contribution to securing the rights of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness in our great American democracy and thus strengthening human liberty throughout the world, we have chosen this report.

The honor of participating in the formulation of this notable public document is shared by all the members of the President's Committee—by its chairman, Charles E. Wilson; by its members, Mrs. Sadie T. Alexander, Mr. James B. Carey, Mr. John S. Dickey, Mr. Morris L. Ernst, Rabbi Roland B. Gittelsohn, Dr. Frank P. Graham, The Most Reverend Francis J. Haas, Mr. Charles Luckman, Mr. Francis P. Matthews, Mr.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr., The Right Reverend Henry Knox Sherrill, Mr. Boris Shishkin, Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Mr. Channing H. Tobias; and by its professional staff headed by Mr. Robert K. Carr as executive secretary, Mr. Milton D. Stewart as director of research, and Miss Nancy F. Wechsler as counsel.

For the Willkie Memorial Building Award, the Panel on International Relations cites "A Report on the International Control of Atomic Energy," prepared early in 1946 by a Board of Consultants for the Secretary of State's Committee on Atomic Energy.

This report stands as a landmark in the long story of man's effort to control himself in the field of international relations. For its bold, imaginative, and constructive approach to one of the most baffling and challenging problems of our times, it deserves the highest praise not only from political scientists, but from all men and women everywhere who cherish the ideal of "One World" so clearly enunciated by Wendell Willkie.

To each member of the Board of Consultants, namely, David E. Lilienthal (chairman), Chester I. Barnard, Dr. J. R. Oppenheimer, Dr. Charles A. Thomas, and Harry A. Winne, belongs the honor of having shared in the preparation of this pioneering achievement. The honor is shared also by the State Department Committee on Atomic Energy, of which Dean Acheson was chairman, and Vannevar Bush, James B. Conant, Leslie R. Groves, and John J. McCloy were members.

It was under the general direction of this Committee that the Board of Consultants prepared the Report which, as its author declared, was intended, "not as a final plan, but as a place to begin, a foundation on which to build."

For the Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award, the Panel on Government and Democracy cites The Web of Government, by Robert M. MacIver.

This book covers the entire field of government: its social origins and historical forms; the myths and beliefs that sustain it and the cultural conditions modifying its form and policy. It is a book, moreover, that makes clear the complex interrelations of all these factors of permanence and change in the political world, revealing particularly the intricate institutional structure now required for the vast experiment of democracy. The book is appropriately entitled *The Web of Government*.

I have great pride and pleasure in presenting its author, Robert M. MacIver: a scholar first trained in the classics and in comparative literature at Edinburgh and Oxford, later a student of the evolution of social organization and social theory, and an author of distinguished works in this broad field. Formerly a teacher at Aberdeen and Toronto Universities, he is now, since 1929, Lieber Professor of Political Philosophy and Sociology at Columbia University.