

P02-375 - DISSOCIATIVE FUGUE - DEMONSTRATION OF A CASE

B. Marijanac, V. Dujic-Popovic, J. Simic

Department of Psychiatry, Cinical Centar Banja Luka, Banja Luka, Bosnia-Herzegovina

Introduction: Dissociative fugue is one or more episodes of amnesia . It is a rare condition in which a person suddenly, without planning or warning, travels from home or work and leave behind past life and identity.The aim is to present a patient with such disorder.

Methodology: In this paper is present the case of Joka K, from M.Grad. She is married, mother of two child. She lives in joint household with a father in law who is authoritative person. Her brother-in-law lives in the ground floor. Her housband, is the youngest of eight children. Systemic family therapy was aplied and the plan of work was produced- 1. Moral and ethical norms in family 2.Loyalitiy to the family of origin 3.Incomplete grieving time following the death of mother and mother-in-law. 4.Expectations in terms of marriage 5.Different cultural views, traditions and family miths.6. Historically stipulated second line changes occuring one after another, with the absence of plato period.

Results: The first sessions were attended by J. , S. and J.s father, where the point of work was loss and loyalty to the family origin .Differencies in cultural views between the families of origin examined in genogram session. Next sessions constitute an expansion of the genogramic session where the accent was placed on the family life cycle and historical sequence of second-line changes.

Conclusions: Implementation of the systemic family therapy, improved communication, established dialogs without breaking up the relation with the family of origin.

Keywords: Dissociative fugue, systemic family therapy, genogram