CONTENTS

1  The naturalness of (many) social institutions: evolved cognition as their foundation
   Pascal Boyer and Michael Bang Petersen

27  John Commons’s organizational theory of institutions: a discussion
    Bernard Chavance

49  Rule of law and the size of government
    Randall G. Holcombe and Cortney S. Rodet

71  John Searle on the concept of political power, the power of states and war-making: why states
    demand a monopoly of the organisation and use of soldiers
    Thorvald Gran

93  Using organizational economics to engage cultural key masters in creating change in forensic science administration to minimize bias and errors
    Everard James Cowan

119 Institutional reversals and economic growth: Palestine 1516–1948
    Andrew Shetlar
INSTITUTIONAL ECONOMICS

STUDENTMENT OF AMMS

Institutions are the stuff of social and economic life. The importance of understanding the role of institutions in economic growth is now widely appreciated. The Journal of Institutional Economics is devoted to the study of the nature, role and evolution of institutions in the economy, including firms, states, markets, money, households and other vital social and economic organizations. It welcomes contributions by all schools of thought that can contribute to our understanding of the features, development and functions of real world economic institutions. 

j.potts@uq.edu.au

Department of Economics, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia

benito.arrunada@upf.edu

Department of Economics and Business, Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona, Spain

g.m.hodgson@herts.ac.uk

University of Hertfordshire, Hatfield, The Business School, School of Economics

The Journal of Institutional Economics is an interdisciplinary journal that will be of interest to all academics working in the social sciences, including in economics, business studies, sociology, politics, geography, anthropology and philosophy. The Journal of Institutional Economics aims to provide all authors with an expert vend. On their article within 30 days of submission.

The Editor will acknowledge receipt of the manuscript, provide it with a manuscript reference number and assign to reviewers. The reference number of the manuscript should be quoted in all correspondence with JOIE Office and Publisher.

ARTICLE

There must be no indication of the personal identity or institution of any author of the article within the article itself, or in the 'property' of the electronic manuscript. Normally, articles (including footnotes and references) must be no longer than 9,000 words. In special cases, such as an extended review or survey article, this limit may be extended to 12,000 words. A declaration of the total word count (including footnotes and references) must accompany the manuscript. Authors must not submit a manuscript with a word count exceeding 12,000 words.

Papers with some formal content will be considered if it is fully explained for a general readership, and is not being submitted for publication elsewhere.

The Editors reserve the right to reject any article that is not to their satisfaction. Reviews may, therefore copy material (beyond the limits permitted by, sections 30, 31, 32, 37, 38, and 39 of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988) subject to payment to the Copyright Licensing Agency. Journals authorized by the Copyright Licensing Agency may also copy, material subject to the same conditions. For all other uses, permission must be sought from Cambridge University Press, The Edinburgh Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK, or from the country's relevant links for personal use only. This journal issue has been printed on FSC-certified paper and cover board. FSC is an independent, non-governmental, not-for-profit organization authorized by the Copyright Licensing Agency that promotes responsible forest management worldwide. Please see www.fsc.org for information.

The editorial office of the journal is located at Cambridge University Press, The Edinburgh Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK. This journal has been printed on FSC-certified paper and cover board. FSC is an independent, non-governmental, not-for-profit organization established to promote the sustainable management of the world's forests. Please see www.fsc.org for information.
CONTENTS

1–25 The naturalness of (many) social institutions: evolved cognition as their foundation
Pascal Boyer and Michael Bang Petersen

27–47 John Commons’s organizational theory of institutions: a discussion
Bernard Chavance

49–69 Rule of law and the size of government
Randall G. Holcombe and Cortney S. Rodet

71–91 John Searle on the concept of political power, the power of states and war-making: why states demand a monopoly of the organisation and use of soldiers
Thorvald Gran

93–117 Using organizational economics to engage cultural key masters in creating change in forensic science administration to minimize bias and errors
Everard James Cowan

119–141 Institutional reversals and economic growth: Palestine 1516–1948
Andrew Schein