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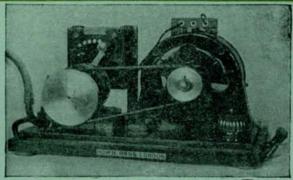
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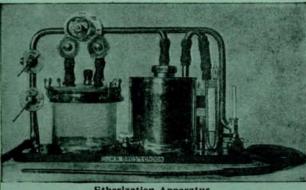
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Fig. 1.—Case 2. The subglottic cicatricial band seen by suspension laryngoscopy.



Fig. 2.—Case 2. The subglottic cicatricial band seen through a small bronchoscope passed down below the vocal cords.

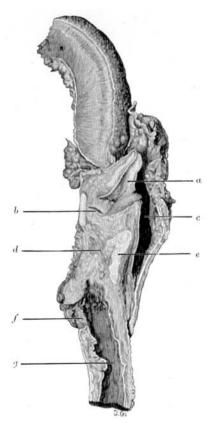


Fig. 3.—Case 3. a. Epiglottis. b. Right vocal cord. c. Hypopharynx. d. Subglottic fibrous stenosis. e. Cricoid cartilage. f. Tracheotomy wound. g. Trachea.

TO ILLUSTRATE DR. A. LOGAN TURNER'S ARTICLE ON STENOSIS OF THE LARYNX IN CHILDREN FOLLOWING INTUBATION AND TRACHEOTOMY.

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