Compositional Analysis of Electrospun Zn-Doped Ferrite Nanofibers using an Electron Probe Microanalyzer

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Ortho ferrites with the general formula AFeO₃ (A = Bi, La, Sr, etc.) are magnetic perovskite structured materials that are extensively studied as promising candidates for solid-oxide fuel cells [1], catalytic converters [2], oxygen evolution reaction [3], photocatalysts [4], and gas sensors [5]. Although the perovskite materials can be prepared using various techniques, sol-gel assisted electrospinning process is a viable technique for the fabrication of highly porous and high aspectratio nanostructures in bulk quantities [6]. Nanostructured NdFeO₃ perovskite oxide exhibits interesting properties, and these materials are identified as suitable candidates for carbon monoxide [7] and acetone when doped with Pd [8] with high sensitivity and selectivity. Besides, NdFeO₃ is recognized as the promising candidate for the sulfur-oxygen solid oxide fuel cells [9]. The partial replacement of trivalent Fe ions with divalent ions can significantly improve the properties and performance in the several applications owing to the presence of oxygen vacancies. In this work, an attempt is made to dope divalent Zn in the ferrite fibrous matrix.

A homogeneous precursor solution containing 2.0 g polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) (molecular weight ~1,200,000 g/mol), 0.07 M neodymium (III) nitrate, 0.063 M iron (III) nitrate and 0.007 M zinc nitrate, in a 20 mL 50/50 mixture of *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) and ethanol, was prepared by vigorous mixing for 12 h. The electrospinning was conducted at room temperature with an applied voltage of 18 kV, the flow rate of 500 μL/h and the spinneret to collector distance of 17 cm. The obtained electrospun precursor composite fibers were subsequently calcined at 700 °C in air for 5 h at a ramp of 1 °C/min to obtain the oxide nanofibers. Samples were coated with carbon and analyzed in a JEOL field-emission JXA-8530F Electron Probe Microanalyzer (EPMA), which was equipped with an SDD X-ray energy-dispersive spectrometer (EDS), and five wavelength-dispersive spectrometers (WDSs) worked at 15 kV.

Fig. 1(a&b) shows SEM images of Zn-doped NdFeO₃ nanofibers after calcination. The average fiber diameter significantly decreased upon calcination as compared with the as-spun composite fibers, with an average fiber diameter <120 nm. The EDS analysis, as shown in Fig. 1(c), confirms that the composition of the obtained fibers is stoichiometric to that of NdFeO₃ but the presence Zn is insignificant. Further the composition is evaluated with WDS analysis, which clearly reveals the presence of Zn in the NdFeO₃ perovskite nanofibers [10].

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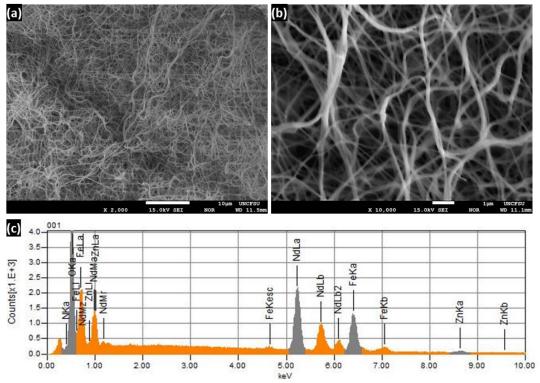


Figure 1. (a) Low and (b) high magnification SEM images of electrospun Zn-NdFeO₃ nanofibers, and (c) the corresponding EDS spectrum.

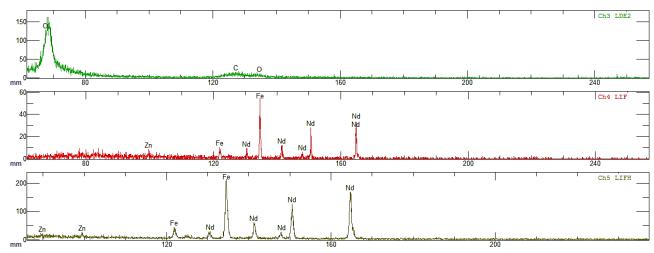


Figure 2. WDS spectra of electrospun Zn-NdFO₃ nanofibers obtained using different crystals.