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SYMPOSIUM

Incentives to Stimulate Research and Development of New Antibiotics: Detailed Assessments of Select Incentives and Models

GUEST EDITED BY Esther Bettiol, Judith Hackett, and Stephan Harbarth

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Symposium Articles

SYMPOSIUM

Incentives to Stimulate Research and Development of New Antibiotics: Detailed Assessments of Select Incentives and Models

Guest edited by Esther Bettiol, Judith Hackett, and Stephan Harbarth

> 1 Letter from the Editor

Cover image ©gettyimages

5 INTRODUCTION

Stimulating Research and Development of New Antibiotics While Ensuring Sustainable Use and Access: Further Insights from the DRIVE-AB Project and Others Esther Bettiol, Judith Hackett, and Stephan Harbarth

Global discussions are ongoing on how to stimulate antibiotic research and development in order to provide patients with new antibiotics able to address the challenges of antimicrobial resistance. In this supplement, we present nine articles derived from the research performed as part of the Innovative Medicine Initiative-funded DRIVE-AB project and others. These publications provide new evidence and arguments in the debate around economic incentives to stimulate antibiotic innovation, including characteristics, implementation and governance.

9 A Grant Framework as a Push Incentive to Stimulate Research and Development of New Antibiotics *Miloje Savic and Christine Årdal*

Antibiotic research and development (R&D) has failed to produce innovative antibiotics in the past two decades, which is due to both scientific and economic factors. We reviewed national and international funding agencies and critically assessed current grant funding mechanisms. Finally, we propose four complementary grant-funding incentives aimed to help developers along the R&D pipeline. Equally important objective of these incentives is to address some of the known R&D risks and bottlenecks.

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Antibiotic Pipeline Coordinators

Enrico Baraldi, Olof Lindahl, Miloje Savic, David Findlay, and Christine Årdal

The World Health Organization (WHO) has published a global priority list of antibiotic-resistant bacteria to guide research and development (R&D) of new antibiotics. Every pathogen on this list requires R&D activity, but some are more attractive for private sector investments, as evidenced by the current antibacterial pipeline. A "pipeline coordinator" is a governmental/non-profit organization that closely tracks the antibacterial pipeline and actively supports R&D across all priority pathogens employing new financing tools.

32 Simulating Market Entry Rewards for Antibiotics Development

Christopher Okhravi, Simone Callegari, Steve McKeever, Carl Kronlid, Enrico Baraldi, Olof Lindahl, and Francesco Ciabuschi

We design an agent based Monte Carlo model of antibiotics research and development (R&D) to explore the effects of the policy intervention known as Market Entry Reward (MER) on the likelihood that an antibiotic entering preclinical development reaches the market. By means of sensitivity analysis we explore the interaction between the MER and four key parameters: projected net revenues, R&D costs, venture capitalists discount rates, and large pharmaceutical organizations' financial thresholds. We show that improving revenues may be more efficient than reducing costs, and thus confirm that this pull-based policy intervention effectively stimulates antibiotics R&D.

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Symposium ar-

ticles are solicited by the guest editor for the purposes of creating a comprehensive and definitive collection of articles on a topic relevant to the study of law, medicine and ethics. Each article is peer reviewed.

Independent

articles are essays unrelated to the symposium topic, and can cover a wide variety of subjects within the larger medical and legal ethics fields. These articles are peer reviewed.

Columns are

written or edited by leaders in their fields and appear in each issue of JLME.

Next Issue:

The Medicalization of Poverty

A Symposium Guest Edited by Robin Fretwell Wilson and Lois Shepherd

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Designing a Delinked Incentive for Critical Antibiotics: Lessons from Norway *Christine Årdal, Jostein Johnsen, and*

Karianne Johansen

No country has yet implemented a pilot to ensure access to or the innovation of new antibiotics for multi-drug infections. A team from national health agencies in Norway, with the support of the Innovative Medicine Initiative-funded project DRIVE-AB, designed a model suitable for the national context, including the selection of the antibiotics, the potential value, and the operational model.

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Implementation of a Market Entry Reward within the United States *Gregory W. Daniel, Monika Schneider, Marianne Hamilton Lopez, and Mark B. McClellan*

As part of a multifactorial approach to address weak incentives for innovative antimicrobial drug development, market entry rewards (MERs) are an emerging solution. Recently, the Duke-Margolis Center for Health Policy released the Priority Antimicrobial Value and Entry (PAVE) Award proposal, which combines a MER with payment reforms, transitioning from volume-based to "value-based" payments for antimicrobials. Here, the PAVE Award and similar MERs are reviewed, focusing on further refinement and avenues for implementation.

59 A Perspective on Incentives for Novel Inpatient Antibiotics: No One-Size-Fits-All

Taimur Bhatti, Ka Lum, Silas Holland, Stephanie Sassman, David Findlay, and Kevin Outterson

The need for new "pull" incentives to stimulate antibiotic R&D is widely recognized. Due to the global diversity of health systems, combined with different challenges faced by antibiotics used in different types of healthcare settings, there is no one-size-fits-all solution. Instead, different "pull" incentives should be tailored to local contexts, priorities, and antibiotic types. Policymakers and industry should collaborate to identify appropriate solutions at the local, regional, and global levels.

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Diagnosis Confirmation Model: A Value-Based Pricing Model for Inpatient Novel Antibiotics

Ka Lum, Taimur Bhatti, Silas Holland, Mark Guthrie, and Stephanie Sassman

The Diagnosis Confirmation Model (DCM) includes a dualpricing mechanism designed to support value-based pricing of novel antibiotics while improving the alignment of financial incentives with their optimal use in patients at high risk of drug-resistant infections. DCM is a market-based model and complementary to delinked models. Policymakers interested in stimulating antibiotic innovation could consider tailoring the DCM to their reimbursement systems and incorporating it into the suite of incentives to improve the economics of antibiotics.

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Encouraging Sustainable Use of Antibiotics: A Commentary on the DRIVE-AB Recommended Innovation Incentives

Chantal M. Morel and Suzanne E. Edwards

The ability to sustain antibiotic efficacy is directly affected by incentive models aiming to stimulate antibiotic research and development. This paper analyzes the extent to which the models proposed by the Innovative Medicine Initiativefunded research project DRIVE-AB can be expected to support sustainable use, drawing on basic economic theory and the incentives that derive from it. It then discusses the use of minimal safeguards that will be needed to support sustainable use where industry incentives have not been re-aligned with those of public health.

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Should Antibiotics Be Controlled Medicines? Lessons from the Controlled Drug Regimen

Live Storehagen, Friha Aftab, Christine Årdal, Miloje Savic, and

John-Arne Røttingen

This study aimed to identify the antibiotic-relevant lessons from the controlled drug regimen for narcotics. Whereas several elements of the United Nations Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs (1961) could be advantageous for antibiotics, we doubt that an international legally binding agreement for controlling antibiotic consumption would be any more effective than implementing stewardship measures through national AMR plans.