Compositional analysis of Hassawi rice (Oryza sativa L.) and its associated glycaemic and insulinaemic indices

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Rice is an important carbohydrate-rich staple food. A wide range of varieties exist globally mainly as a result of the conditions in which this staple food is grown. The type of dietary carbohydrate consumed has important health effects, in part because of their different impacts on blood glucose and insulin levels(1). The present study examined a variety of rice consumed traditionally in Saudi Arabia (Hassawi rice) in terms of the macronutrient composition, enzymic glucose release in vitro(2) and glycaemic and insulinaemic response in vivo.

For the in vivo study thirteen healthy participants were recruited from the postgraduate student and staff population at the University of Surrey. Each subject was randomly assigned to one of seven study legs according to the WHO protocol for glycaemic index testing(3).

Compositional analysis(4) highlighted that Hassawi rice contained (/100 g as eaten): 24 g carbohydrate, 4 g protein, 0.77 g fat and 0.5 g ash. In vitro carbohydrate hydrolysis revealed that the values of rapidly-available glucose (glucose released at 20 min; RAG) and slowly-available glucose (glucose released at 120 min; SAG) were 16 and 6 g/100 g respectively. Glycaemic and insulinaemic indices were determined and were found to be 59 (SE 5) and 56 (SE 10) for Hassawi rice and 54 (SE 7) and 78 (SE 17) for Uncle Ben’s rice (EU origin; Mars Inc., Brussels, Belgium) respectively. Results when compared with Uncle Ben’s rice show that Hassawi rice is higher in protein, but lower in terms of both RAG and SAG, although the GI was comparable with that of Uncle Ben’s rice.


Fig. 1. Plasma glucose response during 2 h following reference glucose, Hassawi rice and Uncle Ben’s rice. Values are means with their standard errors represented by vertical bars.

Fig. 2. Plasma insulin response during 2 h following reference glucose, Hassawi rice and Uncle Ben’s rice. Values are means with their standard errors represented by vertical bars.