## ANNOUNCEMENT

The following Opinions and Cases have been published recently by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature in the *Bulletin of Zoological Nomenclature*, volume 54, 1997 and volume 55, 1998.

Opinion no.

- 1886 *Plumularia* Lamarck, 1816 (Cnidaria, Hydrozoa): conserved by the designation of *Sertularia setacea* Linnaeus, 1758 as the type species.
- 1887 Arca pectunculoides Scacchi, 1834 and A. philippiana Nyst, 1848 (currently *Bathyarca pectunculoides* and *B. philippiana*; Mollusca, Bivalvia): specific names conserved.
- 1888 *Lirobarleeia* Ponder, 1983 (Mollusca, Gastropoda): *Alvania nigrescens* Bartsch & Rehder, 1939 designated as the type species.
- 1889 Parapronoe crustulum Claus, 1879 (Crustacea, Amphipoda): specific name conserved.
- 1892 *Alcyonidium mytili* Dalyell, 1848 (Bryozoa): neotype replaced.

Case no.

3035 *Trachelocerca* Ehrenberg (Ciliophora): proposed conservation of authorship as Ehrenberg (1840), with fixation of *Vibrio sagitta* Müller, 1786 as the type species.

**Abstract**. The purpose of this application is the conservation of the generic name *Trachelocerca* Ehrenberg, 1840, in use for marine ciliates which have non-dividing macronuclei and belong to the group called Karyorelictea by Corliss (1994). *Trachelocerca* in this sense has *Vibrio sagitta* Müller, 1786 as the type species by monotypy. Recent workers have overlooked that six years earlier Ehrenberg [1834] had used the name *Trachelocerca* in a sense which would make it a junior synonym of *Lacrymaria* Bory de St Vincent, [1824], a name in use for freshwater ciliates belonging to a different group. It is proposed that the earlier [1834] usage of *Trachelocerca* should be suppressed.

3051 *Scarus chrysopterus* Bloch & Schneider, 1801 (currently *Sparisoma chrysopterum*; Osteichthyes, Perciformes): proposed conservation of the specific name and designation as the type species of *Sparisoma* Swainson, 1839.

Abstract. The main purpose of this application is to conserve the specific name of *Sparisoma chrysopterum* (Bloch & Schneider, 1801) for the Redtail Parrotfish of the Caribbean and tropical Western Atlantic. An earlier specific name, that of *Sparus abildgaardi* Bloch, 1791, has been treated as a junior synonym of *Sparisoma viride* (Bonnaterre, 1788), the Stoplight Parrotfish, but it is now known to refer to the initial phase (male or female) of *S. chrysopterum*. It is also proposed that *S. chrysopterum* be designated as the type species of *Sparisoma* Swainson, 1839 in place of the nominal species *Sparus abildgaardi*.

3055 *Osilinus* Philippi, 1847 and *Austrocochlea* Fischer, 1885 (Mollusca, Gastropoda): proposed conservation by the designation of *Trochus turbinatus* Born, 1778 as the type species of *Osilinus*.

**Abstract**. The purpose of this application is to conserve the accustomed understanding and usage of the name *Osilinus* Philippi, 1847 by the designation of *Trochus turbinatus* Born, 1778 as the type species, thereby conserving also the name *Austrocochlea* Fischer, 1885 (family TROCHIDAE). At present *Monodonta constricta* Lamarck, 1882 is the valid type species of both *Osilinus* and *Austrocochlea*. The name *Osilinus* is used either at generic rank or for a subgenus of *Monodonta* Lamarck, 1799 and relates to an eastern Atlantic group of species which range from the south-western British Isles to Angola, the Canary Islands, Madeira and the Mediterranean. The name *Austrocochlea* is widely used for species known from Southern Australia, Tasmania, New Caledonia, and New Zealand if *Fractarmilla* Finlay, 1926 is accepted as a synonym. Both genera include species that are important components of the intertidal fauna of temperate rocky shores.

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*Hydrobia* Hartmann, 1821 and *Cyclostoma acutum* Draparnaud, 1805 (currently *Hydrobia acuta*; Mollusca, Gastropoda): proposed conservation by replacement of the lectotype of *H. acuta* with a neotype; *Ventrosia* Radoman, 1977: proposed designation of *Turbo ventrosus* Montagu, 1803 as the type species; and HYDROBIINA Mulsant, 1844 (Insecta, Coleoptera): proposed emendation of spelling to HYDROBIUSINA, so removing the homonymy with HYDROBIIDAE Troschel, 1857 (Mollusca).

Abstract. The purpose of this application is to stabilize the usage of the name Hydrobia Hartmann, 1821 for a genus of prosobranch brackish-water gastropods. At present the type species, Cyclostoma acutum Draparnaud, 1805, is typified by a lectotype which represents another species, Turbo ventrosus Montagu, 1803. It is proposed that the lectotype be replaced by a neotype which accords with the established understanding of H. acuta. Ventrosia Radoman, 1977 was based on Helix stagnorum Gmelin, 1791 but recognition of this nominal species as the type would render the generic name a junior subjective synonym. It is likely that Radoman misidentified Gmelin's taxon and it is proposed that Turbo ventrosus be designated the type species to maintain existing usage of Ventrosia. The family-group name HYDROBIIDAE Troschel, 1857 (Mollusca) is a junior homonym of HYDROBIINA Mulsant, 1844 (Insecta). The names relate, respectively, to a gastropod family of some 100 genera and more than 1000 Recent species occurring almost world wide and to a subtribe of five coleopteran genera (family HYDROPHILIDAE). It is proposed that the homonymy should be removed by emending the stem of the generic name Hydrobius Leach, 1815, on which the insect family-group name is based, to give HYDROBIUSINA, while leaving the mollusc name (based on Hydrobia) unchanged.

Copies of these Opinions can be obtained free of charge from the Executive Secretary, ICZN, c/o The Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London, SW7 5BD.

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