INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTORS

Editorial policy
Financial History Review, published by Cambridge University Press on behalf of the European Association for Banking and Financial History e.V., is committed to high international scholarly standards and invites scholars doing research on banking, financial and monetary history to submit papers on any subject historical period and regional area. The Review deliberately sets out to publish research findings within this growing historical specialist. Articles can address banking, financial and monetary history from different perspectives, including theoretically inspired approaches, advanced empirical analysis, and the interrelations between history, finance, policy, culture and society. The Review particularly encourages submissions from young scholars.

Dates
Manuscripts should be typed double spaced throughout on A4 sheets. Authors are required to enclose:
– a cover page with title, author(s)' name and affiliation, and full contacts of the corresponding author (email and postal address, telephone, fax, web page);
– a blinded copy of the manuscript. The cover page of the document should include: the paper's title, a short abstract (max. 200 words), a short list of keywords (max. 4) and JEL codes.

Submissions
Manuscripts are to be submitted through the ScholarOne Manuscripts site: https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/fhr.

Preparation of manuscripts
1. Manuscripts should be typed double spaced throughout on A4, i.e. 29.7 cm x 21 cm, or 11" x 8 ½". Wide margins should be left on all sides.
2. Pages should be numbered consecutively, beginning with the title page, the page number being placed, ideally, at the top right-hand corner of the page.
3. Footnotes should be typed, double-spaced, numbered consecutively and be grouped together at the end of the manuscript. Footnotes will appear in the journal at the bottom of each printed page. Footnotes should solely be concerned with matters of source citation. Substantive footnotes, involving commentary or argument, should be avoided, such material being more properly contained within the body of the text. If an elaborate commentary on sources is required, and cannot be incorporated within the body of the article, it should form an appendix to the article (to be included in the total extent of 8,000).
4. Articles may, if appropriate, be divided into subsections designated by Roman numerals centred on the page: Sub-headings within an article should be avoided.
5. Tables, maps and figures should be submitted on separate pages and grouped together in a section at the end of the manuscript. Please number tables/maps/figures consecutively with Arabic numerals, using that reference within the text, e.g. Table 1, Map 3, Figure 24. Their appropriate position in the body of the text should be indicated in the text as (please place here). Figure 25 should be placed in the body of the text as (please place here).
6. Contributors should follow exactly the stylistic conventions, set out below, when writing the final version of their articles. Copy-editing is tedious and time-consuming and, as a consequence, the Editors reserve the right to return a contribution accepted for publication solely on the grounds that it does not follow the conventions.

Conventions
1. Spelling: British spelling is preferred, using -ise in words with alternative -ize/ize. However, American spelling will be accepted.
2. Foreign words or phrases in an English sentence should be underlined (for italic), except for proper names, or quotations or words in common usage.
3. Quotations: follow the punctuation, capitalisation and spelling of the original source. Within the body of the text of an article, a quotation should be ended with single quotation marks, with double quotation marks only used for quotations within quotations. Quotations of more than about 50 words should be broken off from the body of the text, by being indented from the left-hand margin as a separate block of text, without quotation marks. Extensive quotations from non-English language sources should be translated into English in the text and (if necessary) the original text supplied in a footnote.
4. Numbers: spell out numbers up to ten, but use Arabic numerals thereafter and standard contractions, as with m for million. Spans of numbers should be elided to the smallest unit, e.g. 41–2, 1935–8, 216–18. Percentages should be given in figures, with the word 'per cent' spelled out, e.g. 5 per cent; the sign % should be used in footnotes and tables. Standard fractions can be used as numbers.
5. Dates: use 10 December 1948 in the text, 1930s (not 1930’s), and the twentieth century (not the 20th century, or C20th). Dates should be contracted in footnotes, hence 10 Dec. 1948.
6. Ellipsis whether or not, of a sentence should be indicated by three spaced full stops.
7. References: Bibliographical references should appear at the end of the manuscript after the footnotes, listed by surname of author (in capital letters) in alphabetical order. If more than one text by the same author(s) is cited for a particular year, then the works should be distinguished by a letter, e.g. Levine (1997a) and Levine (1997b). References are limited to the works cited in the manuscript. Please adopt the following style:


References should be included in the body of the text in abbreviated form and within parenthesis, i.e.
(Schnabel 2004, pp. 824-5)
(Rajan and Zingales 2001, p. 31)
(Accimonti et al. 2010, pp. 58–9)

9. Sources. If the paper includes extensive references to primary sources such as archives, statistics, periodicals, yearbooks and documentary sources, these should appear in a separate section under an additional 'Sources' heading, with full references, i.e.
The Economist Salings Börsenjahrbuch 1930–11 (Berlin, 1931)
International Monetary Funds, International Financial Statistics (Washington DC)
Public Record Office, Kew, London: Colonial Office Papers

9. Footnotes. All notes are to be included as footnotes and numbered in ascending order of appearance in Arabic numbers as superscript after the full stop at the end of the sentence.

References to archival sources must include the name and location of the collection, and the file where the document can be found. In general, citations should follow accepted national styles, always giving an extended version for the first document cited from a source, e.g.
International Monetary Funds, International Financial Statistics [henceforth IMF, IFS];
Public Record Office [henceforth PRO]; Colonial Office Papers [henceforth CO];

10. Tables and graphs. Tables, graphs, and maps should be original. They should include a short title, be numbered in order of appearance and provide details of the corresponding sources.

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Financial History Review

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