EXPLANATION OF PLATE IX.

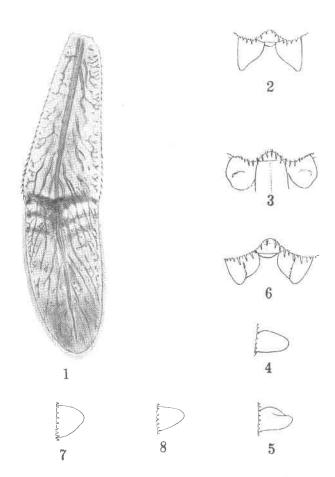
Figs. 1-5, Enallagma cyathigerum, Charp., nymph; 1, median gill; 2, lateral abdominal appendages of female, dorsal view (median gill removed); 3, lateral abdominal appendages of male, dorsal view; 4, right appendage of male, profile view; 5, same, dorso-lateral view. Figs. 6-8, Enallagma calverti Morse, nymph; 6, lateral abdominal appendages of male, dorsal view (median gill removed); 7, right appendage of male, profile view; 8, same, dorso-lateral view.

GEOFFREY MEADE-WALDO.

All who attended the Jubilee Meeting of the Entomological Society of Ontario in August, 1913, remember, among other pleasant recollections of that meeting, the pleasure which the presence of Mr. Meade-Waldo occasioned; Mr. Meade-Waldo attended the meeting as a representative of the British Museum of Natural History. To all those and to his other friends in Canada his untimely death in March well come as a shock. He had a peculiarly winning manner and a deep love not only of the science to which he chiefly devoted himself, but to nature generally, as he was a keen ornithologist and an ardent advocate for the preservation of wild life. His enthusiasm was very marked during the excursion we made at the time of the meeting to Grimsby, from which excursion he arrived home not only with his hands full, but, in the absence of a third prehensile organ, carrying in his mouth a twig bearing a Sphinx caterpillar.

Mr. Meade-Waldo was born in January, 1884, and after being educated at Eton and Magdalen College, Oxford, he visited the East, including the Federated Malay States and Borneo. In 1909 he was appointed to the Entomological Department of the British Museum, Natural History, where at the time of his death he had charge of the Hymenoptera. In this group he had already carried out valuable and much-needed work, and his death will be a severe loss not only to British entomology, but to a still wider body of entomologists who were following his promising career with great expectations.

C. Gordon Hewitt.



NYMPHS OF ENALLAGMA CYATHIGERUM AND E. CALVERTI.

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