COPENHAGEN RADIOCARBON DATES X

HENRIK TAUBER

Carbon-14 Dating Laboratory

Department of Natural Sciences, National Museum, Copenhagen

The following list comprises a selected number of measurements made on archaeologic samples from 1959 to December 1971. Measurements of geologic samples will be given in a later date list. A survey of the radiocarbon chronology for the Danish Mesolithic and Neolithic, ensuing from these and previously published dates from the laboratory, has recently been compiled (Tauber, 1972).

Age calculations are based on a contemporary value equal to 0.95 times the activity of the NBS oxalic acid standard (this also applies to shell dates), and on a half-life for C¹⁴ of 5570 years. Results are reported in years before 1950, and in the A.D./B.C. scale. Errors quoted include standard deviations of the count rates for the unknown sample, contemporary value, and background. Because possible errors arising from isotopic fractionation, or from fluctuations in the atmospheric C¹⁴ activity, are not incuded, calculated errors smaller than 100 years were increased by rounding to that figure as a minimum.

Sample descriptions were prepared in collaboration with collectors and submitters of samples.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Samples were selected by a committee of archaeologists and geologists consisting of H. Norling-Christensen*, Helge Larsen, J. Troels-Smith, and M. Ørsnaes, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen, and Sigurd Hansen and Johs. Iverson*, Geol. Survey of Denmark. Xylotomic determinations were made by E. Tellerup*, P. Wagner, and T. Bartholin, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. Chemicals were prepared by Karen Skov Jensen and Birgit Rønne.

ARCHAEOLOGIC SAMPLES

A. Denmark

Draved Mose, Mesolithic dwelling place

Charcoal from Mesolithic dwelling place, No. 604 S, from shore of prehistoric "Draved Lake" in bog Draved Mose (55° 1' N Lat, 8° 57' E Long), S Jutland. Dwelling place was on former sand dunes, now covered by peat. Flint implements from Early Mesolithic culture (Kapel, 1964; Andersen, 1966). Coll. 1968 and 1969 by H. Kapel and E. Brinch Petersen; subm. by H. Kapel and A. Andersen, Geol. Survey Denmark. *Comment*: samples from Early Mesolithic dwelling places in Draved were previously dated (R., 1962, v. 4, p. 27-34; 1966, v. 8, p. 213-234; 1968, v. 10, p. 295-327). Dates agree well with oldest group of previous dates.

* Deceased.

K-1466. Draved Mose, D.G.U. 384 9390 ± 120 7440 B.C.

Charcoal of pine and deciduous species from gyttja layer together with worked flint. Layer pollen dated to time before immigration of hazel. Date is average of 2 measurements: 9330 ± 150 and 9460 ± 150 .

K-1465. Draved Mose, D.G.U. 383 9130 ± 150 7180 B.C.

Charcoal of pine and deciduous species from gyttja layer with worked flint. Layer pollen dated to time shortly before immigration of hazel.

	-		9280 ± 160
K-1605.	Draved Mose,	D.G.U. 407	7330 в.с.

Charcoal of pine and deciduous species from cultural layer, Field C/15, with flint implements.

TT 1 80 4	-	8790 ± 140
К-1794.	Draved Mose, D.G.U. 461 a+b	6840 в.с.

Charcoal of pine from cultural layer, Field C/16 and D/16, together with flint implements.

Barmosen, Mesolithic dwelling place

Charcoal and peat from Mesolithic dwelling place, B I, in bog Barmosen (55° 3' N Lat, 11° 54' E Long), S Zealand, from 5 to 10 cm thick cultural layer with Early Mesolithic flint implements (Johansson, 1970), and from 30 to 40 cm thick peat cover. Coll. 1967 to 1968 and subm. by A. Johansson, Sydsjaellands Mus., Vordingborg and J. Troels-Smith, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. *Comment*: cultural layer may have been uncovered for some time in antiquity (cp. K-1427 and K-1773); some mixing of cultural remains and organic matter may therefore have occurred, as dates suggest.

K-1359. Barmosen, B I, 2

9240 ± 150 7290 в.с.

. . .

Charcoal (Betula sp.) from 11 small finds from area 2×2 m in cultural layer.

K-1775. Barmosen, B I, 733 8580 ± 110 6630 R.C.

Charcoal (*Populus* sp.) from cultural layer. Date is average of 2 measurements: 8660 ± 140 and 8490 ± 140 .

K-1774. Barmosen, B I, 621

8330 ± 100 6380 в.с.

Charcoal (*Populus* sp. or *Salix* sp.) from Pit A in cultural layer. Date is average of 3 measurements: 8300 ± 140 , 8430 ± 140 , and 8250 ± 140 .

4470 ± 100 2520 в.с.

K-1773. Barmosen, B I, Hg 10969 2520 B.C. Highly humified peat from 0 to 2 cm above upper part of cultural layer. A few flint pieces found in peat.

3690 ± 110 K-1427. Barmosen, B I, Pd 7052 1740 в.с.

Highly humified peat from 4 to 6 cm above upper part of cultural layer.

Klosterlund, Mesolithic dwelling place

Samples from profile just S of classic Klosterlund dwelling place (56° 11' N Lat, 9° 22' E Long), Jutland. Lowest in profile was sand, covered by 15 to 20 cm gyttja. Over gyttja was 5 to 6 cm brown peat with flint flakes of Klosterlund culture, covered by black peat. Samples were in or just below brown peat (cultural layer). Pollen dated to end of Zone IV, just before immigration of hazel. Coll. 1967 and subm. by A. Andersen, Geol. Survey Denmark.

				8920 ± 140
K-1315.	Klosterlund,	D.G.U.	340	6970 в.с.

Bark (*Pinus* sp.) from upper part of brown peat. Presumably contemporary with Klosterund dwelling place.

1 ,		~ -		9140 ± 150
K-1316.	Klosterlund, D.	G.U.	341	7190 в.с.

Outer year rings of wood (Pinus sp.) from lower part of brown peat. Probably just below cultural layer.

		9230 ± 150
K-1317.	Klosterlund, D.G.U. 342	7280 в.с.

Charred branch (*Pinus* sp.) from lowermost part of brown peat. Probably just below cultural layer.

K-1452. Klosterlund, D.G.U. 374 9200 ± 140 7250 в.с.

Outer year rings of branch (Pinus sp.) from lowermost part of brown peat.

Mullerup, Maglemose culture, type locality

Samples from old excavation of cultural layer on Sarauw's islet at classic Mullerup dwelling place (55° 30' N Lat, 11° 13' E Long), W Zealand. Early Maglemose culture in Zealand. Pollen dated to Zone Vb (K. Jessen). Coll. 1900 by G. F. L. Sarauw, subm. by E. Brinch Petersen, Univ. Copenhagen.

8660 ± 120 6710 в.с.

K-1609. Mullerup, A 18269/1

A single, large piece of charcoal (*Corylus* avel.) from lower part of cultural layer, Field I, H I. Date is average of 2 measurements: 8720 ± 140 and 8610 ± 140 .

K-1610.Mullerup, A 18269/2 8500 ± 140 6550 в.с.

Rolls of bark (*Betula* sp.) from lower part of cultural layer, Field III, B 5 and III, C 5.

K-1611. Mullerup, A 18269/3 8520 ± 140 6570 в.с.

Rolls of bark (Betula sp.) from lower part of cultural layer, Field IV, J 2.

K-1612. Mullerup, A 18269/4 8330 ± 110 6380 B.C.

Hazelnut shells from cultural layer. Date is average of 3 measurements: 8230 ± 140 , 8440 ± 140 , 8310 ± 140 .

Ulkestrup, Maglemose culture

Samples from hut, House II, excavated at Ulkestrup Øst II (55° 35' N Lat, 11° 32' E Long), in bog Åmosen, W Zealand. Remains of hut was sealed in peat. Artifacts belong to youngest part of Maglemose culture, Svaerdborg phase, in Åmosen (Andersen, 1951, 1961). Pollen dated to Zone VI (ex Svend Jørgensen). Coll. 1951 and subm. by Knud Andersen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-1507. Ulkestrup II, 16122, 16191 6220

8170 ± 120 6220 в.с.

Rolls of bark (*Betula* sp.) from hut proper on a bark layer that formed floor of hut, covered by clay. Date is average of 2 measurements: 8320 ± 140 and 8030 ± 140 .

K-1508.	Ulkestrup II, 16351	8030 ± 140 6080 в.с.
Charcoal	$(\mathbf{D}_{1}^{2}, \dots, \mathbf{D}_{n}^{2}) \in \mathbf{C}$	

Charcoal (*Pinus* sp.) 3 m from hut in refuse layer, 21 cm thick. Single piece of cleaved wood charred at one end.

K-1509. Ulkestrup II, 13885	8050 ± 140
Tinder, ca. 2.5 m from hut in refuse layer.	6100 в.с.

Kongemosen, Early Coastal culture

Samples from Mcsolithic dwelling place at Kongemosen (55° 35' N Lat, 11° 30' E Long), in bog Amosen, W Zealand. Cultural layer consisted of habitation layer, with many flint implements, on shore of former lake, and refuse layer of refuse from dwelling place embedded in gyttja off shore. Artifact assemblage characterized by rhombic arrowheads and large flint picks; represents Kongemose phase of Early Coastal culture (Jørgensen, 1956, 1961). Cultural layer presumably belongs to Pollen Zone VI (ex Svend Jørgensen). Coll. 1955 and subm. by Svend Jørgensen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. *Comment*: 2 pieces of wood from refuse layer were previously dated to 8830 ± 110 and 8400 ± 150 (R., 1966, v. 8, p. 213-234), *i.e.*, considerably older than these dates from habitation layer. Previous samples, therefore, can hardly originate from dwell-

ing place, but represent pieces of wood washed out from older deposits and later embedded in refuse layer. 7840 + 140

				1040 - 140
K-1526.	Kongemosen,	Π	20169	5890 в.с.

Swamp peat from immediately below habitation layer. Older than dwelling place.

01		7560 ± 120
K-1528.	Kongemosen, XVIIa 20184	5610 в.с.

Hazelnut shells from habitation layer. Date is average of 2 measurements: 7840 ± 140 and 7630 ± 140 .

 K-1588. Kongemosen, XVIIb 20184
 7280 ± 130

 5330 в.с.

Bark (Alnus sp.) from habitation layer at dwelling place.

				7350 ± 120
K-1589.	Kongemosen,	XI	20178	5400 в.с.

Bark (Alnus sp.) from	refuse layer.	Date is	average	of 2	measure-
ments: 7380 ± 150 and 732	$0 \pm 150.$				

				6820 ± 120
K-1527.	Kongemosen,	XVI	20183	4870 в.с.

Swamp peat from immediately above cultural layer. Younger than dwelling place. Date is average of 2 measurements: 6800 ± 140 and 6850 ± 140 .

Villingebaek, Early Coastal culture

Charcoal and wood from dwelling place at Villingebaek Øst A (56° 6' N Lat, 12° 30' E Long), at coast of N Zealand. Artifacts represent Kongemose phase of Early Coastal culture (Kapel, 1967, 1969). Cultural layer is older than, or contemporary with, 1st early-Atlantic Littorina transgression. Coll. 1966 to 1968 and subm. by H. Kapel, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

7280 ± 120
5330 в.с.

K-1368. Villingebaek, J, 18 5330 B.C. Charred wood (*Corylus* sp.) from habitation layer on dwelling place. Layer was resting on sand and covered by clay deposited during following transgression.

K-1369. Villingeback, C, 22	7040 ± 120 5090 в.с.
Charcoal (Pinus sp.) from habitation layer at land.	7 000 + 190
	7030 ± 130

K-1486. Villingebaek, V, 12-4610a 5080 B.C.

Twigs from fish trap from upper part of cultural layer, Fields H 13-14 and I 13-14.

			7220 ± 120
K-1334.	Villingebaek,	388	5270 в.с.

Outer 4 cm of tree trunk embedded in refuse layer, ca. 8 to 9 m outside old coast line.

K-1370.Villingeback, 186 7070 ± 120 5120 B.C.

Charred branch (*Pinus* sp.) from refuse layer, ca. 5 to 6 m outside old coast line.

K-1371. Villingebaek, 345 5140 B.C.

Partly charred piece of branch (*Pinus* sp.) embedded in refuse layer, ca. 6 to 7 m from old coast line.

			7120 ± 120
K-1372.	Villingebaek,	387	5170 в.с.

Charred wood (Pinus sp.) from refuse layer, ca. 8 to 9 m from old coast line.

Månedalen, Early Coastal culture

Charcoal from dwelling place ca. 500 m S of previously mentioned dwelling place at Villingebaek (56° 6' N Lat, 12° 30' E Long), N Zealand. Artifacts represent Kongemose phase of Early Coastal culture and appear broadly contemporary to, or slightly older than, those from nearby Villingebaek dwelling place. Coll. 1969 to 1970 and subm. by H. Kapel. *Comment*: dates suggest dwelling places at Månedalen and Villingebaek are almost contemporary.

K-1826.	Månedalen, F 17	7150 ± 130 5200 в.с.
Charcoal (Ulmus sp.) from cultural layer, Field F 17.	
		7040 ± 120

K-1825.	Månedalen, B 12	7040 ± 120 5090 в.с.
Charcoal (Pinus sp.) from cultural layer, Field B 12.	

		7530 ± 130
K-1827.	Månedalen, CDE 17	5580 в.с.

Charcoal (Corylus sp.) from pit below cultural layer, Fields CDE 17.

K-1303. Vedback, Early Coastal culture 6510 ± 110 4560 B.C.

Wood (*Cornus* sp.) from dwelling place at Vedbaek Boldbane (55° 51' N Lat, 12° 34' E Long), Vedbaek, N Zealand. Part of wooden hafting sleeve, A 41666, from Field III C 2 at dwelling place, with artifacts characterized by core axes and dominance of rhombic arrowheads over transverse arrows (Mathiassen, 1946). Coll. 1946 by Th. Mathiassen; subm. by H. Norling-Christensen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. *Comment*: sample was treated with alun. Preservatives were extracted before dating.

 7090 ± 120

Henrik Tauber

Brovst, Early Coastal culture and Ertebølle culture

92

Shells and charcoal from former coastal dwelling place at Bratskov (57° 6' N Lat, 9° 30' E Long), Brovst, N Jutland. Dwelling place contained 2 cultural layers separated by marine sand, presumably deposited during a transgression. Lower cultural layer, representing phase of Early Coastal culture, consisted of clay and shells mixed with charcoal, bones, and flint tools, *e.g.*, rhombic arrowheads. It contained no ceramics. Upper cultural layer consisted mainly of minor isolated heaps of shells, with flake axes, transverse arrowheads and thick-walled, pointed-base ceramics from early phase of Ertebølle culture. Both layers were subdivided into a sequence (Andersen, 1970). Coll. 1969 to 1970 and subm. by O. Marseen and Søren H. Andersen, Forhist. Mus., Århus.

668	$0 \pm$	150
473	0 в.	c.

K-1661. Brovst, Pd 7567 4730 B.C. Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from lower cultural layer, Field A 12, Layer 11.

				6590 ± 130
K-1614.	Brovst, SHg	902,	903	4640 в.с.
				lavor at junction of Fields

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from lower cultural layer at junction of Fields A 9, A 10, and E 1.

	0420 ± 130
K-1660. Brovst, Pd 7569, 7570	4470 в.с.
Charcoal (Ulmus sp.) from lower cultural layer, Field	l A 22, Layer 2.
	6560 ± 120
K-1860. Brovst, CYV	4610 в.с.
Shalls (Ostrog adulis) from lower cultural layer Fie	ld 75/45. Laver

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from lower cultural layer, Field 75/45, Layer 11(9). **6450** ± 120

K-1858. Brovst, CYM 4500 B.C. Shells (Ostrea edulis) from lower cultural layer, Field 58/39, Layer 11.

6160 ± 110 4210 в.с.

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from lower cultural layer, Field 80/45, Layer 11(9).

K-1613. Brovst, SHg 900, 901

5610 ± 100 3660 в.с.

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from upper cultural layer at junction of Fields A 9, A 10, and E 1. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5680 ± 120 and 5550 ± 120 .

K-1856. Brovst, CYJ

K-1862. Brovst, CZS

5500 ± 100 3550 в.с.

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from upper cultural layer, Field 59/42, Layer 8. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5380 ± 110 and 5620 ± 110 .

1	0		50
K-1859. Brovst Shells (<i>Ostrea edul</i>		ltural layer, Field 7.	5490 ± 110 3540 в.с. 5/45, Layer 4.
K-1857. Brovst Shells (Ostrea edul		ltural layer, Field 5	5450 ± 110 3500 в.с. 7/42, Layer 4.
K-1864. Brovst , Shells (<i>Ostrea edu</i>) 4. Date is average of 2	lis) from upper cu	ultural layer, Field 5370 \pm 110 and 54	5420 ± 100 3470 в.с. 68/47, Layer 460 ± 110.
K-1855. Brovst, Shells (<i>Ostrea edul</i> 4. Date is average of 2	<i>lis</i>) from upper cu	altural layer, Field 290 \pm 110 and 55:	5410 ± 100 3460 в.с. 59/43, Layer 20 ± 110.
K-1863. Brovst, Shells (<i>Ostrca eduli</i>	CZY <i>is</i>) from upper cult	tural layer, Field 68	5400 ± 110 3450 в.с. /44, Layer 4.
K-1861. Brovst,	CZO		5410 ± 110 3460 в.с.

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from upper cultural layer, Field 80/45, Layer 4.

Henriksholm, Early Coastal culture

Charcoal from dwelling place at Henriksholm, Bøgebakken (55° 51' N Lat, 12° 33' E Long), N Zealand. Early coastal dwelling place with artifacts dominated by transverse arrowheads and core axes that suggest younger age than Vedbaek (this date list) and older than ceramic Ertebølle culture. Coll. 1924 by G. Hatt; subm. by E. Brinch Petersen, Univ. Copenhagen.

K-1829. Henriksholm, A 33003-3

6170 ± 120 4220 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from hearth in Fields Aj 1, Aj 2, Ba 1, and Ba 2 in lower part of cultural layer.

	·	6050 ± 120
K.1898	Henriksholm, A 33003-2	
Nº1020,	nenriksnoim, A 53003-2	4100 в.с.

Charcoal (Corylus avel.) from lower part of cultural layer in Fields Ag 1 and Ah 1, under small irregular stone packing.

77.7044				5910 ± 120
К-1844.	Henriksholm,	A	33003-1	3960 в.с.

Charcoal (Corylus avel. and Tilia sp.) from stone-lined hearth in lower part of cultural layer, Field Aj 2.

Ertebølle, Ertebølle culture, type locality

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from kitchen midden at Ertebølle (56° 48' N Lat, 9° 11' E Long), N Jutland. A column of shells, 1×1 m and

Henrik Tauber

1.33 m high, from center of Ertebølle midden, Field E 9, was transferred for exhibition in Natl. Mus., Copenhagen, at excavation in 1895. Samples from this column was taken at intervals of 20 cm. In levels of 22 to 104 cm above base, thick-walled ceramics of Ertebølle-type were found in adjacent fields in midden (Brinch Petersen, 1971). Topmost of dated samples may represent layer with later admixtures. Coll. 1895 by G. Sarauw; subm. by H. Tauber and E. Thorvildsen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

· 1 5	5760 ± 100
K-1529. Ertebølle, Eb 1	3810 в.с.
Shells, 5 to 7 cm above base of column.	Date is average of 2
measurements: 5810 ± 120 and 5710 ± 120 .	
	5660 ± 120
K-1530. Ertebølle, Eb 2	3710 в.с.
Shells 22 to 23 cm above base.	
	5600 ± 120
K-1531. Ertebølle, Eb 3	3650 в.с.
Shells 44 to 45 cm above base.	
	5550 ± 110
K-1532. Ertebølle, Eb 4	3600 в.с.
Shells 67 to 68 cm above base.	
	5570 ± 110
K-1533. Ertebølle, Eb 5	3620 в.с.
Shells 84 to 85 cm above base.	
	5580 ± 110
K-1534. Ertebølle, Eb 6	3630 в.с.
Shells 102 to 104 cm above base.	
	5110 ± 100
K-1535. Ertebølle, Eb 7	3160 в.с.

Shells 125 to 127 cm above base. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5180 ± 110 and 5030 ± 110 .

5630 ± 120 3680 в.с.

K-1612. Haldrup Strand, Ertebølle culture

Fragment of wooden shaft (*Fraxinus* sp.) of paddle or spade from submarine dwelling place at Haldrup Strand (55° 52' N Lat, 9° 58' E Long), Jutland. Cultural layer consisted of cardium gyttja and contained charcoal, flint, bones, and thick-walled ceramics, representing an early phase of Ertebølle culture. Coll. 1969 and subm. by Søren H. Andersen.

Ringkloster, Ertebølle culture and Early funnel beaker culture (A,B)

Charcoal and wood from inland dwelling place at former fresh water lake at Ringkloster (56° 1' N Lat, 9° 57' E Long), Jutland. Cultural layer consisted of refuse from dwelling place with assemblage of

flint, bone, antler, wood and ceramics; among bones were several of fur animals. Lower and middle cultural layer represents various phases of Ertebølle culture, upper part represents Early Neolithic funnel beaker culture. Coll. 1969 to 1970 and subm. by Søren H. Andersen.

K-1652. Ringkloster, Hg 11362

Charcoal (*Tilia* sp.) from lower part of cultural layer with thickwalled ceramics; in direct contact with old-type stag antler axe with shaft hole near burr.

K-1765. Ringkloster, ABRK 5500 ± 110 S550 b.c.

Wood (Quercus sp.) from outer 14 year-rings of tree trunk from lower part of cultural layer.

K-1653. Ringkloster, Hg 11363

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from middle of cultural layer with thickwalled ceramics; in direct contact with T-shaped stag antler axe. Archaeologically contemporaneous with Dyrholmen II phase. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5550 ± 110 and 5430 ± 110 .

K-1654. Ringkloster, Pd 8459

Charcoal (*Fraxinus* sp.) from upper part of cultural layer with thinwalled sherds of A and B funnel beakers. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5390 ± 110 and 5250 ± 110 .

Sølager, Ertebølle culture and Early funnel beaker culture (B,C)

Charcoal from old excavation of kitchen midden at Sølager (55° 56' N Lat, 11° 54' E Long), N Zealand. Midden contained several separate layers with different assemblages of artifacts. Lowest layer, I, represents a classic Ertebølle culture, Layer II, Early Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Phase B/C, and Layer IV, Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Period II, with small admixture of artifacts belonging to Pitted Ware culture. Coll. 1901; subm. by J. Skårup, Univ. Copenhagen.

K-1723. Sølager, A 19733, R 6, 11 + 5520 ± 110 U 7, 11, 12 3570 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Layer I. Classic Ertebølle culture.

Sølager, A 19733, S 7, 6 + T 7, 7 4650 ± 100 2700 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp. and Betula sp.) from Layer II. Early Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Phase B/C. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4660 ± 110 and 4630 ± 110 .

Sølager, A 19733, P 6, 1 + S 7, 2

4030 ± 100 2080 b.c.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Layer IV. Date is average of 2 measure-

K-1724.

K-1725.

 5610 ± 110

 5490 ± 100

 5320 ± 100

3370 в.с.

3540 в.с.

3660 в.с.

Henrik Tauber

ments: 4050 ± 100 and 4020 ± 100 . Comment: date is incompatible with other dates for Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture (R., 1964, v. 6, p. 215-225; 1966, v. 8, p. 213-234; and this list) and suggests that charcoal originates from Pitted Ware culture or later admixture.

5230 ± 100 3280 в.с.

K-1450. Flynderhage, 1564 RG, Ertebølle culture

Piece of worked branch (Corylus sp.) from kitchen midden at Flynderhage (56° 1' N Lat, 10° 14' E Long), Jutland. From refuse layer at midden, with artifacts of Dyrholm II-type and thick-walled ceramics (Andersen, 1970). Coll. 1968 and subm. by Søren H. Andersen.

5010 ± 100 Lindebjerg, Early Funnel Beaker K-1659. 3060 в.с. culture (B)

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from long barrow of hitherto unknown type from Lindebjerg (55° 42' N Lat, 11° 11' E Long), NW Zealand. Sample was part of wooden flake, 30×30 cm, standing edgewise in Pit C, which also contained 5 Type B funnel beakers, considered a primary feature of barrow. Coll. 1969 and subm. by G. D. Liversage, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

Praestelyngen, dug-out and Early Funnel Beaker culture (A or C)

Wood and moss samples from dug-out boat, embedded in gyttja, from Praestelyngen (55° 35' N Lat, 11° 35' E Long) in bog Åmosen, W Zealand. Boat was 6 m long, of square-stern type, with rounded stem, and fixed in position by pointed sticks along sides. Clay plate with remains of a fire in stem. Stern was formed by bark flake supported by moss and clay. Resting on clay were 3 thick pointed sticks and many potsherds, presumably of funnel beaker, Type A or C. Coll. 1968 to 1969 and subm. by C. Christensen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

5010 ± 100 3060 в.с.

K-1473. Praestelyngen, B II, 1

Wood (Tilia sp.) from stem of dug-out. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5020 ± 120 and 4990 ± 120 .

		4960 ± 110
K-1650.	Praestelyngen, B II, 128	3010 в.с.

Wood (Salix sp.) from long, pointed stick, used for fixing boat in position.

 4890 ± 110 2940 в.с.

Moss from stern of dug-out.

Vroue, Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. I to V

K-1651. Praestelyngen, B II, 421, 428, 447

Charcoal from megalithic graves and stone packing graves at Vroue (56° 25' N Lat, 9° 4' E Long), Jutland. Represents time from transition between Early Neolithic and Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker cul-

ture to end of Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture. Coll. 1966 to 1967 and subm. by Erik Jørgensen, Haderslev Mus., Haderslev.

K-1566. Vroue, Sb. 89, No. 42

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) immediately below stone pavement in ruin of dolmen. Represents 1st megalithic habitation at site, transition between Early Neolithic and Middle Neolithic, Per. Ia. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4530 ± 110 and 4600 ± 110 .

K-1568. Vroue, Sb 21, XI

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from original vegetation surface below barrow with passage grave, 1.5 m outside chamber. Represents time of construction of passage grave, Middle Neolithic, Per. Ib.

K-1567. Vroue, Sb. 21, III

Charcoal (Alnus sp.) from same passage grave as K-1568. From below barrow, just inside circle of edge stones. Represents time of construction of passage grave, Middle Neolithic, Per. Ib.

K-1569. Vroue, Sb. 21, XIII

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from same passage grave as K-1568. From top of red-burnt sand on floor of chamber, containing artifacts belonging to Upper Grave period of Single Grave culture. *Comment*: date suggests charcoal is a remain from Single Grave people.

K-1570. Vroue, Sb. 115, IV, No. 5 3030 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from post hole between funeral House C and Grave D in stone packing grave complex from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. IV or V. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5070 ± 110 and 4900 ± 110 . Comment: post hole was assumed contemporary with stone packing graves. Date suggests charcoal originates from earlier construction at site.

K-1571. Vroue, Sb. 117, I, No. 3

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from under stone paving in funeral House C in stone packing grave complex from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. IV or V.

K-1572. Vroue, Sb. 117, II, No. 2 2280 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from under stone paying in funeral House C in stone packing grave complex from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. IV or V.

2620 в.с.

 4560 ± 100

2610 в.с.

2480 в.с.

 4570 ± 100

 4430 ± 100

 4040 ± 100

2090 в.с.

4980 ± 100

4300 ± 100 2350 в.с.

 4230 ± 100

 4270 ± 100 2320 в.с.

 4210 ± 100

K-1573. Vroue, Sb. 112, VII, No. 5 Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from under stones in Graves A and B in stone packing graves from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. V. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4260 ± 100 and 4280 ± 100 .

2260 в.с. K-1574. Vroue, Sb. 112, VII, No. 6

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from under stone paving in funeral House C in stone packing grave complex from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. V. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4240 ± 100 and 4180 ± 100 .

Fovlum, Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. I

Charcoal from cult building belonging to Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. I, from Fovlum (56° 29' N Lat, 9° 36' E Long), Jutland. Coll. 1968 and subm. by H. Langballe, Viborg Stiftsmuseum, Viborg.

4540 ± 110 2590 в.с.

K-1601. Fovlum, 185 B 76

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from supposed floor level in cult building; originates presumably from fallen wall planks. Comment: paraffin was poured over charcoal pieces, extracted before dating.

4530 ± 100 2580 в.с.

K-1602. Fovlum, 185 B 26 Charcoal and charred bark (Quercus sp.) from floor level, supposed

remains of fallen roof of building. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4560 ± 110 and 4500 ± 110 .

Herrup, Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. I

Charcoal and bark from cult building from Herrup (56° 24' N Lat, 8° 56' E Long), W Jutland. Cult building belonged to Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per. I, same type as previously dated cult buildings at Tustrup and Ferslev (R., 1964, v. 6, p. 215-225) (Becker, 1969). Coll. 1967 and subm. by C. J. Becker, Univ. Copenhagen. Comment: dates agree well with dates for Tustrup and Ferslev, except for K-1770 which, as suspected by excavator, does not belong to Neolithic construction.

4650 ± 100 2700 в.с. K-1766. Herrup, XXVI, 67

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from wall post in E wall of building.

 4530 ± 100 2580 в.с.

K-1768. Herrup, XXVI, 74 Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from layer below stones in building.

A.D.	11	70

Charcoal from pit in cult building.

K-1770. Herrup, XXVI, 103

K-1771. Lånum, Middle Neolithic, Per. I-II

Charcoal (Sorbus sp.) from funeral house in stone packing grave complex from Lånum II (56° 27' N Lat, 9° 6' E Long), Jutland. Found scattered in N ditch in funeral house, in which was narrow flint axe of thin butted type. Coll. 1970 and subm. by Ole Faber, Univ. Copenhagen.

K-1649. Praestelyngen, dug-out, B II 378

Wood from outer year rings of dug-out boat from Praestelyngen (55° 35' N Lat, 11° 35' E Long), in bog Amosen, W Zealand. From same excavation as dug-out K-1473 (this list), but placed clearly higher in series of layers and therefore younger. Coll. 1969 and subm. by C. Christensen.

K-1789. Øster Ristofte, Middle Neolithic, Per. V

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from stone paving in stone packing grave complex at Øster Ristofte (56° 11' N Lat, 8° 26' E Long), W Jutland. Found with sherds of pot from Middle Neolithic Funnel Beaker culture, Per V. Sample XIV, K. Coll. 1966 and subm. by C. J. Becker.

K-1582. Vester Nebel, Single Grave culture

Charcoal (Corylus sp.) from lowest layer in undisturbed circle grave at Vester Nebel (55° 33' N Lat, 9° 25' E Long), Jutland. Grave belongs to Younger Under Grave period during Single Grave culture. It contained 2 battle axes of Glob type D (Glob, 1945), 1 thick butted, and 1 thin bladed flint axe, and an amber dish and amber ring (Madsen, 1971). Sample 1595 R. Coll. 1969 and subm. by H. H. Andersen and H. J. Madsen, Forhist. Mus., Arhus. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4170 ± 100 and 4130 ± 100 .

K-1843. Gabøl, Single Grave culture

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from bottom layer in Single Grave, 45 cm below ancient surface at Gabøl (55° 15' N Lat, 9° 9' E Long), S Jutland.

99

 4530 ± 100 2580 в.с.

 780 ± 100

 4510 ± 100

 4420 ± 110

2470 в.с.

2560 в.с.

2360 в.с.

 4150 ± 100 2200 в.с.

 4080 ± 100

2130 в.с.

 4310 ± 100

K-1769. Herrup, XXVI, 69

Charred bark from layer below stones, but above potsherds lying on floor. Assumed part of previous roof cover. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4610 ± 100 and 4450 ± 100 .

						4510 ± 100
K-17	67.	Herrup,	XXVI,	107		2560 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from roof post in building.

$\boldsymbol{4510}$	±	10

In grave was battle axe of Glob type B (Glob, 1945), *i.e.*, from Early Under Grave period during Single Grave culture. Charcoal is supposedly from wooden coffin. Coll. 1970 and subm. by E. Jørgensen, Haderslev Mus., Haderslev.

K-1451. Gammelstrup, Single Grave culture

Shells (Ostrea edulis) from stone cist at Gammelstrup (56° 30' N Lat, 9° 13' E Long), Jutland. In grave was straight-walled bcaker ornamented with groups of vertical engraved lines, dating grave to transition between Younger Ground Grave and Upper Grave periods during Single Grave culture. Shells were covered by 60 to 70 cm thick sand that leaked into cist. Grave also contained bones of lower part of left leg of child, 7 to 10 yr old. Coll. 1968 and subm. by P. Seeberg.

4110 ± 100 2160 в.с.

 4000 ± 100

2050 в.с.

K-1367. Kobberup, Single Grave culture

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from post in wooden fore-court to stone cist from Kobberup (56° 31' N Lat, 9° 10' E Long), Jutland. Post belonged to row of wooden post in S side of forecourt. Wooden coffin in stone cist contained several well-preserved wooden objects and a Glob type I battle axe (Glob, 1945). Coll. 1966 and subm. by P. Kjaerum, Forhist. Mus., Århus. Date is average of 2 measurements: 4110 ± 100 and 4120 ± 100 . *Comment*: 1 to 2 yr old hazel twigs from under wooden coffin in stone cist previously dated to 3900 ± 120 (K-1284, R., 1968, v. 10, p. 295-327). Sample is more likely to date time of entombment, than oak post with several year rings.

3910 ± 100 1960 в.с.

K-1831. Hald, Single Grave culture

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from grave (B) in tumulus from late Single Grave culture at Hald (56° 36' N Lat, 9° 13' E Long), Jutland. Tumulus contained several entombments. Among artifacts in Grave B were 2 battle axes of Glob Type H and I. Coll. 1970 and subm. by Per Noc, Viborg Stiftsmus., Viborg.

K-1529. Vestensø, aurochs

Fragment of rib (*Bos primigenius*) from drained lake Vestensø (56° 9' N Lat, 10° 43' E Long), Hasnaes, Jutland. Skeleton found *in situ* during plowing. Boreal type arrowhead assoc. with skeleton. Coll. 1968 and subm. by U. Møhl, Zoolog. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-1301. Hvorslev, crook-ard

Wood (*Fraxinus* sp.) from Hvorslev-ard (Glob, 1951, p. 14), a 1piece ard from bog in Hvorslev (56° 22' N Lat, 9° 47' E Long), Jutland. Coll. 1942; subm. by A. Steensberg, Univ. Copenhagen. Date is average of 2 measurements: 3460 ± 100 and 3420 ± 100 . *Comment*: ard was

https://doi.org/10.1017/S0033822200058628 Published online by Cambridge University Press

4170 ± 100 2220 B.C.

3440 ± 100 1490 в.с.

treated with alun before dating. Preservatives were extracted and lignin fraction was isolated and dated.

K-1339. Lundergaards Mose

3470 ± 100 1520 b.c.

Wood (Quercus sp.) from tree trunk with carving of ship from bog Lundergaards Mose (57° 12' N Lat, 9° 37' E Long), N Jutland. Remains of a whole forest were found in bog. Trees were killed, and stumps preserved due to swamping. Tree trunk contained ca. 150 yr rings. Rings 1 to 40 from center were used; sample therefore ca. 130 yr older than time when tree was killed. Coll. 1966 and subm. by Palle Friis, Vendsyssel Mus., Hjørring. *Comment*: sample treated with preservatives, which were extracted, and lignin and cellulose were isolated and dated separately: lignin-fraction 3540 ± 100 , cellulose fraction 3400 ± 100 . Date is average of measurements. Sample from outer rings of another trunk in bog previously dated (R., 1966, v. 8, p. 213-234).

Stenmark, Early Bronze age, Per. II

Charcoal from Bronze age house and pit from Stenmark (57° 14' N Lat, 9° 38' E Long), N Jutland. Flint sickle and potsherds were found in post hole in house. The latter were of Early Bronze age type, presumably Per. II. No covering cultural layer found. Coll. 1967 and subm. by O. Marseen, Aalborg Mus., Aalborg.

K-1373. Stenmark, 30

3170 ± 100 1220 в.с.

Charcoal (*Alnus* sp.) from horizontal wooden flake from sand directly above untouched soil in oblong stone lined hearth in house.

		3070 ± 100
K-1374.	Stenmark, 57	1120 в.с.

Charcoal (Alnus sp.) 10 to 50 cm from K-1373 in same hearth.

	3080 ± 100
K-1375. Stenmark, 49	1130 в.с.

Charcoal (*Alnus* sp., *Betula* sp., *Quercus* sp., and *Ulmus* sp.) in scattered positions in pit slightly E of house. Pit also contained a flint sickle and potsherds.

K-853. Else Made, holy spring

Wood (Quercus sp.) from hollowed out trunk inserted in well or holy spring at beach at Else Made (55° 50' N Lat, 10° 32' E Long), Samsø. Coll. 1963 and subm. by O. Bertelsen, Samsø Mus., Samsø.

K-1495. Vebbestrup, crook-ard

Wood (*Alnus* sp.) from Vebbestrup-ard (Glob, 1951, p. 16) from bog Kirketerp Mose (56° 43' N Lat, 9° 49' E Long), Vebbestrup, Jutland. Coll. 1928; subm. by A. Steensberg, Univ. Copenhagen. *Comment*:



 2890 ± 120

940 в.с.

sample treated with preservatives. These were extracted and lignin fraction was isolated and dated.

Jyderup Skov, Late Bronze age

Charcoal from ca. 8 m long, oblong pits below habitation layer at dwelling place in forest Jyderup Skov (55° 51' N Lat, 11° 31' E Long), NW Zealand. Layer contained bronze and ceramics from middle of Late Bronze age, Per. V (Thrane, 1971). Dates time when pits were used, and antedates habitation layer. Coll. 1970 and subm. by H. Thrane, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

		2990 ± 100
K-1694.	Jyderup Skov, XXXI, 29 cm	1040 в.с.
Charcoal	(<i>Quercus</i> sp.) 24 cm long, 4.5 cm wid	e. and 3 cm thick.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) 24 cm long, 4.5 cm wide, and 3 cm thick, in upright position, W side of Pit XXXI, 29.

K-1693. Jyderup Skov, XXXI, 29 cl 790 B.C.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) 38 cm long, 7 cm wide, and 3 cm thick, in horizontal position in same pit as K-1694.

		2800 ± 100
K-1691.	Jyderup Skov, II, 6q	850 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from vertical branch or stick, Pit II 6.

2790	±	100
940	ъ.	n

K-1690. Jyderup Skov, II, 6p 840 B.C.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from piece, 10 cm thick, lying horizontally in same pit as K-1691.

-		2750 ± 100
K-1692.	Jyderup Skov, XXIX, 16 ab	800 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) 18 cm long, 7 cm wide, and 5 cm thick from Pit XXIX 16.

$\mathbf{2580} \pm \mathbf{100}$

K-575. Bjergagergård, Late Bronze age, Per. VI 630 B.C.

Charcoal (Alnus sp., Quercus sp., Sorbus sp., and Betula sp.) from pit below level field at Bjergagergård (55° 50' N Lat, 9° 39' E Long), Havrum, Jutland. Pit contained small circular stone with rock carving and potsherds from Late Bronze age, Per. VI (Glob, 1969). Coll. 1956 and subm. by P. V. Glob, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-1494. Døstrup, bow-ard

2560 ± 100 610 в.с.

Wood (*Alnus* sp.) from Døstrup-ard (Glob, 1951, p. 36) from bog at Døstrup (56° 42' N Lat, 9° 45' E Long) N Jutland. Ard is with detachable, arrow-shaped share. Coll. 1884; subm. by A. Steensberg.

Grøntoft, Pre-Roman Iron age villages

Charcoal from complex of Iron age villages at Grøntoft (56° 10' N Lat, 8° 35' E Long), W Jutland. Several stages (named A, B, etc.)

of development of Iron age village were separated. Village and houses had been removed between different stages; 100 to 200 m between early stages and only very slightly between later stages. During later stages, village was surrounded by enclosures of varying extent, which helped separate different stages. Village consisted of 12 to 20 houses of which only post holes and wall furrows were left. Potsherds dated stages to various periods during Prc-Roman Iron age (Becker, 1965, 1968). Coll. 1961 to 1967 and subm. by C. J. Becker, Univ. Copenhagen.

		2480 ± 100
K-1593.	Grøntoft, E XVIII, 61b	530 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from Post Hole 61b in House XVIII, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. 1/II.

		2470 ± 100
K-1591.	Grøntoft, E XII, 75	520 в.с.

Charcoal (Alnus sp.) from Post Hole 75 in House XII, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. I/II.

		2450 ± 100
K-1592.	Grøntoft, E XII, 108	500 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from Pit 108 (a+b) in House XII, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. I/II.

		2390 ± 100
K-1625.	Grøntoft, E V, 74b	440 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from floor in House V, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. I/II.

		2500 ± 100
K-1590.	Grøntoft, E VII	350 в.с.

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from N wall furrow in House VII, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per I/II.

2270 ± 100 320 B.C.

000 1 100

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from NE corner of House XXVI, Village E. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. I/II.

K-1027. Grøntoft, B III (1) 2210 ± 100 260 в.с.

Charcoal (Corylus avel.) from post hole in House III, Village B. Pre-Roman Iron age I.

K-1026. Grøntoft, B III (2)

K-1594. Grøntoft, E XXVI

2160 ± 100 210 в.с.

Charcoal (Alnus sp.) from wall furrow in House III, Village B. Pre-Roman Iron age I.

 2180 ± 100

 4500 ± 110

2550 в.с.

K-1130. Grøntoft, A II, 1 Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Post Hole 1 in House J Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. II. Date is average of 2 measur \pm 100 and 2180 \pm 100.	
K-1132. Grøntoft, A III, W Charcoal (<i>Quercus</i> sp.) from hearth in W part of House	2160 ± 100 210 в.с. se III, Village
 A. Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. II. K-1129. Grøntoft, A I, 22 Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Post Hole 22 in House 	2140 ± 100 190 в.с.
Pre-Roman age, Per. II. K-1131. Grøntoft, A III, h Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from hearth in House III, Vi	2060 ± 100 110 в.с. illage A. Pre-
Roman Iron age, Per. II. K-1133. Grøntoft, A Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Pit B 37 with potsherds	2050 ± 100 100 в.с.
Pre-Roman Iron age, Per. II. K-1185. Grøntoft, 338	2400 ± 100 450 в.с.
Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Pit 338 assoc. with 6-fold crossing a grave field. Pit older than posts. K-1186. Grøntoft, 292a	2240 ± 100 290 в.с.
Charcoal (<i>Quercus</i> sp.) from Pit. 292a assoc. with (posts. Older than posts.	
K-1184. Grøntoft, 438 Charcoal (<i>Quercus</i> sp.) from Pit 438 assoc. with 6-fold	260 B.C. row of posts.

Cha posts. r., Younger than posts.

K-1187. Grøntoft, 453 230 в.с.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Pit 453 assoc. with 6-fold row of posts. Younger than posts.

B. Greenland

K-1628. **Gammel Nugdlit, Group I**

Bone (probably rib) of whale from house ruin on Paleo-Eskimo dwelling place "Gammel Nugdlit" at Nugdlit (76° 38' N Lat, 70° 36' W Long), Thule Dist., N Greenland. Oldest house ruins (Group I) are at ca. +11 m; a younger group of houses (Group II) ca. +8 m. Sample from stone-lined ash pit in house ruin No. 13, Group I. Artifacts which include burins had similarities to those from Denbigh Flint Complex, but cannot be equated with any known Paleo-Eskimo culture. Coll. 1966 and subm. by E. Knuth, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-1537. Tuapagssuit, Sarqaq culture 1670 B.C.

Charcoal (*Betula* sp. and *Salix* sp.) from fireplace on beach terrace (No. 4) +4 m at Paleo-Eskimo camp site at Tuapagssuit (64° 32' N Lat, 51° 5' W Long), Godthåb Dist., W Greenland. Campsite contained artifacts of Sarqaq culture. Fireplace was under 5 cm thick vegetational cover. Coll. 1968 and subm. by H. C. Gulløv, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. Date is average of 2 measurements: 3600 ± 120 and 3640 ± 120 .

Engnaes, Independence II culture

Samples of local plant material from Paleo-Eskimo ruins at Engnaes (82° 16' N Lat, 35° 43' W Long) at W end of Lakes Midsommer Søerne, Peary Land, N Greenland. Ruins contained artifacts of Independence II culture (Knuth, 1968). Coll. 1968 and subm. by E. Knuth. *Comment*: date for K-1522 agrees well with previous date for Independence II culture (K-1059, R., 1968, v. 10, p. 295-327), also made on local plant material.

K-1544. Engnaes, Ruin 1

3080 ± 100 1130 в.с.

Charcoal (*Salix* sp.) coll. in and around central hearth in Ruin 1. Date is average of 2 measurements: 3060 ± 100 and 3100 ± 100 .

K-1522. Engnaes, Ruin 5

2610 ± 100 660 в.с.

Charcoal (*Salix* sp.) coll. in and around hearth in open air cooking place, Ruin 5. Many bones of trout found in hearth.

Nugdlit, Thule culture

K-1078. Nugdlit 29(A)

Samples from house ruins on large Eskimo dwelling place representing early Thule culture at Nugdlit (76° 47' N Lat, 70° 20' W Long), Thule Dist., W Greenland. Dates arrival of early Thule culture to Greenland. Finds show close connection with early Thule culture in Alaska and Canada (Holtved, 1954). Coll. 1947 by E. Holtved; subm. by J. Meldgaard, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen. *Comment*: dates for different materials (tusk and wood) from same house ruin agree very well. Dates are older than expected.

1040 ± 100 A.d. 910

Tusk of walrus from house ruin No. 29 on Nugdlit dwelling place. Early Thule culture.

 3620 ± 100

1020 ± 100 A.D. 930

 1010 ± 100

A.D. 940

K-1099. Nugdlit 29(B)

Wood (*Pinus* sp.) from house ruin No. 29 (same ruin as K-1078) on Nugdlit dwelling place. Early Thule culture.

K-1080. Nugdlit 4(A)

Tusk of walrus from house ruin No. 4 on Nugdlit dwelling place. Early Thule culture. 1040 ± 100

K-1100. Nugdlit 4(B) A.D. 910

Wood (Salix sp.) from house ruin No. 4 (same ruin as K-1080) on Nugdlit dwelling place. Early Thule culture.

Ruin Island, Thule culture

Samples from Eskimo house ruins on Ruin I. (78° 50' N Lat, 69° 15' W Long), Thule Dist., N Greenland. Houses contained artifacts from late Nugdlit phase of Thule culture. House 6 also contained objects of Norse origin (Holtved, 1944, p. 74-78), these probably originate from later visit by Norse people. Coll. 1936 by E. Holtved; subm. by J. Meldgaard. *Comment*: samples of walrus tusk and wood may have been treated superficially with glycerine and phenol. Possible preservatives were extracted before dating. Eskimos tend to re-use artifacts. Dates (K-1487 and K-1488) suggest this occurrence at Ruin I.

1120 ± 100 а.р. 830

А.D. 1020

A.D. 800

А.D. 1070

А.D. 1270

K-1487. Ruin Island, R-1 A.D. 830 Tusk of walrus from quiver handle (L.3.2494) from floor in house

ruin No. 4. 930 ± 100

K-1505. Ruin Island, R-1a

Wood (Picea sp.) from fire drill (L.3.2495), from floor in house ruin No. 4.

K-1488. Ruin Island, R-2

Walrus tusk, fragment with perforations (L.3.2599), from floor in house ruin No. 6.

880 ± 100

 1150 ± 100

K-1506. Ruin Island, R-2a

Wood (*Picea* sp.) from lamp trimmer (L.3.2583) from floor in house ruin No. 6. Date is average of 2 measurements: 850 ± 100 and 900 ± 100 .

680 ± 100

K-1489. Ruin Island, R-3

Woolen cloth of Norse origin from floor in house ruin No. 6. *Comment*: not known if cloth was treated with preservatives, but it looked slightly greasy under microscope. Sample extracted several times with ether and acetone to remove possible preservatives.

K-1449. Kølnaes, 6

Wood (Quercus sp.) from lock piece with 3 perforations used as part of umiaq (whale hunting boat) from Kølnaes ($82^{\circ} 40'$ N Lat, 20° 65' W Long), Herlufholms Strand, Peary Land, N Greenland. The umiaq has previously been dated on baleen to 460 ± 100 (K-566, R., 1960, v. 2, p. 5-11). Oak of Norse origin found in Inglefield Land by Holtved (1944). Submitter suggested that Eskimos acquired oak here passing through Smith Sound to Peary Land. Coll. 1949 and subm. by E. Knuth. *Comment*: date agrees with suggestion (cf. K-1489, Ruin L).

C. Alaska

K-1327. Trail Creek, Cave 9, Bison

Organic fraction of *calcaneus sinistra* of Bison found outside S entrance to Cave 9, Trail Creek (65° 48' N Lat, 163° 13' W Long), Alaska. Heel bone was apparently worked by man (Larsen, 1968). Found with scapula of horse dated as K-1210 (R., 1968, v. 10, p. 295-327). Coll. 1950 and subm. by H. Larsen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-1583. Onion Portage, Akmak culture

Organic fraction of scapula and bone fragments of Caribou found at Onion Portage (67° 6' N Lat, 158° 15' W Long), Alaska. A 3 m thick deposit with several stratified habitation layers discovered in gully. Sample from base of deposit below Band 8, supposedly contemporary with artifacts of Akmak culture (Andersson, 1970). Coll. 1966 and subm. by D. D. Anderson, Brown Univ., Rhode Island, U.S.A.

D. Poland

K-1836. Kesocha, Early Corded Ware culture 1930 B.C.

Charcoal (*Pinus* sp.) from 0.9 m high mound at Kesocha (53° 8' N Lat, 20° 36' E Long), Warsaw prov., Poland. From lower parts of grave pit in mound. Base of pit 150 cm below ancient surface. Grave contained 3 pots, with a beaker similar to Glob Type C (Glob, 1945), Early Corded Ware culture. Coll. 1969 and subm. by A. W. Kempisty, Univ. Warsaw. Date is average of 2 measurements: 3970 ± 100 and 3780 ± 100 .

K-1837. Miernow, Early Corded Ware culture

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from Barrow II at Miernow (50° 21' N Lat, 20° 34' E Long), Kielce prov., Poland. From various places below skeleton in lower part of grave pit No. 2 in mound. Pit contained stone axe, small cup, and bone-awl, Early Corded Ware culture. Coll. 1963 and subm. by A. W. Kempisty.

9570 ± 150 7620 в.с.

 3880 ± 100

 3960 ± 100

2010 в.с.

730 ± 100 a.d. 1220

13,070 ± 280

11.120 в.с.

3450 ± 100 1500 в.с.

5910 + 100

K-1838. Miernow, Bronze age

Wood (Quercus sp.) from Barrow II at Miernow (50° 21' N Lat, 20° 34' E Long), Kielce prov., Poland. Rotten timber from timber construction covering pit in mound. Pit contained vessel of Trzciniec culture. Coll. 1963 and subm. by A. W. Kempisty.

E. Syria

Tall Sukas, Chalcolithic period to Iron age

Samples from city mound at Tall Sukas (35° 43' N Lat, 35° 55' E Long), Syria, excavated by Carlsberg Expedition to Phoenicia, 1958 to 1963. Samples from layers representing Chalcolithic period to Iron age. Excavation area was divided into 10 m squares; samples originate from Sq. G 11 (Riis, 1970). Coll. 1958 to 1960, subm. by P. J. Riis, Univ. Copenhagen.

		0,10 = 100
K-936.	Tall Sukas, 14	3960 в.с.
C1	(Original and from Lover 59	Chalcolithic period Date is

Charcoal (*Quercus* sp.) from Layer 58, Chalcolithic period. Date is average of 2 measurements: 5960 ± 120 and 5870 ± 120 .

K.713	_	Tall	Sukas,	13				4450 ± 120 2500 в.с.
17-110	•	1 an	Dunas	10				-000 2000
01	1		с т		40	P 1 D	A	

Charred grains from Layer 48, Early Bronze Age I.

		4290 ± 120
K-1124.	Tall Sukas, 19 n	2340 в.с.

Charcoal (Olea europaea) from Layer 39, Early Bronze age.

K-1128. Tall Sukas, 33	4220 ± 120 2270 в.с.
Charcoal (Olea europaea) from Layer 39, Early	Bronze age.
K-1127. Tall Sukas, 32 Charcoal (Olea europaea) from Layer 38, Early	4250 ± 120 2300 в.с. Bronze age.
K-1126. Tall Sukas, 18, 2	4260 ± 120 2310 в.с.

Charcoal (Olea europaea) from Layer 38, Early Bronze age.

		4320 ± 120
K-1125.	Tall Sukas, 15	2370 в.с.
Charcoal	(Arbutus sp.) from Layer 35 Early Bronze	age.

Charcoal (Arbutus sp.) from Layer 35, Early Bronze age.

	4270 ± 120
K-1123. Tall Sukas, 13 c	2320 в.с.
Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from Layer 33, Early Bronze	age.

	4210 ± 120
K-714. Tall Sukas, 7	2260 в.с.
Charcoal from Layer 97 Farly Bronze are III	

Jiarcoar	nom	Layer	41,	Larry	bronze	age 111.	

K-937. Tall Sukas, 4 3090 ± 100 (human l (Ostma sumtimi (li) for l = 7.1 1140 B.C.

Charcoal (Ostrya carpinifolia) from Layer 7, Iron age. Date is average of 2 measurements: 3060 ± 110 and 3130 ± 110 .

K-935. Tall Daruk, Middle Bronze age 3660 ± 110 1710 B.C.

Charcoal (Quercus sp.) from mound at Tall Daruk (35° 41' N Lat, 35° 56' E Long), Syria. From sounding in mound, S and center $\pm 920/$ 925, Layer 32, Middle Bronze age. Dated for comparison with corresponding layers at Tall Sukas (Riis, 1970). Coll. 1959 and subm. by P. J. Riis.

F. Thailand

Bang site, Neolithic Ban Kao culture

Charcoal from Neolithic site at Ban Kao (13° 57' N Lat, 99° 20' E Long), Kanchanaburi prov., Thailand. Bang site covers ca. 8000 m² of which ca. 400 m² was excavated. Situated on river terrace between R. Kwai and tributary river. Habitation layer was without clear stratification. It contained huge amounts of stone, bone implements, and ceramics. Many burials belonging to culture were embedded in habitation layer. Graves were separated into Group I (early subphase) and Group II (late subphase) (Sørensen, 1967). Coll. 1961 to 1962 and subm. by Per Sørensen, Natl. Mus., Copenhagen.

K-838. Bang site, 1 3720 ± 140 I770 B.C.

Charcoal from base of habitation layer, Field Ea, found with Neolithic ceramics. Earliest phase at locality.

K-842. Bang site, 3

3310 ± 140 1360 в.с.

Charcoal from undisturbed part of habitation layer, found with many Neolithic artifacts.

K-1088. Bang site, 6 3520 ± 120 1570 в.с.

Charcoal (*Dicotyledones*) from habitation layer. Directly above graves of Group II.

K-1089. Bang site, 7 3440 ± 120 1490 B.C.

Charcoal (*Dicotyledones*) from habitation layer. Directly above graves of Group I.

K-1090.	Bang site, 8				1340	<u>в.с.</u>
Charcoal	(Dicotyledones)	from	habitation	layer.	Directly	above
graves of Grou	ıp I.					

K-1087. Bang site, 5

Charcoal (*Dicotyledones*) from habitation layer. Directly above graves of Group II.

		3260 ± 120
K-1091.	Bang site, 9	1310 в.с.
	0 ,	

Charcoal (*Dicotyledones*) from part of habitation layer with graves of Group II.

		3250 ± 120
K-1092.	Bang site, 10	1300 в.с.

Charcoal (*Dicotyledones*) from habitation layer. Directly above graves of Group II.

4370 ± 100 2420 в.с.

K-1474. Lue Site I, Neolithic Ban Kao culture 24

Charcoal (Xylia dolabriformis) from Lue site $(13^{\circ} 57' \text{ N Lat}, 99^{\circ} 20' \text{ E Long})$, Kanchanaburi prov., Thailand. From dwelling place on small island in tributary river to R. Kwai. Habitation layer, ca. 1 m thick, contained Neolithic artifacts from a single phase which typologically is younger than late subphase at Bang site (this list). Charcoal ca. 1 m below base of habitation layer. Supposed to be the charred pointed base of post from house. Coll. 1962 and subm. by Per Sørensen. Comment: date older than expected. Suggests that sample is unrelated to cultural deposit.

Tham Ongbah, Mesolithic and Metal age

Charcoal from cultural deposits in cave at Tham Ongbah (15° 3' N Lat, 98° 54' E Long), Kanchanaburi prov., Thailand. Cave, ca. 98 m total length, had a N entrance and W entrance, and the following rooms: Hall I, Hall II, Gallery with stalactites, Hall III, and Hall IV. Layers in cave were stratified. Cultural deposits range from Mesolithic to Early Metal age. Coll. 1965 and subm. by Per Sørensen. *Comment:* K-1298 and K-1299 older than expected. Dates suggest apparently undisturbed layers in Hall 4 were mixed, possibly because of repeated burying in this part of cave.

K-1366. Tham Ongbah, XII, e

11,180 ± 180 9230 в.с.

Charcoal from lower part of Layer III, which was resting on sterile layer, 7 to 8 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D. Dates earliest occupation of cave.

3280 ± 120 1330 в.с.

111

 10.760 ± 170

8810 в.с.

 9970 ± 150

K-1340. Tham Ongbah, XI, a

Charcoal from Layer III, 8 to 9 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D. Layer contained bones and Mesolithic implements of Hoabinhian culture.

K-1365. Tham Ongbah, XII, d 8020 B.C.

Charcoal from upper part of Layer III, 8 to 9 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D.

K-1364. Tham Ongbah, XII, c $10,010 \pm 150$ 8060 B.C.

Charcoal from lower part of Layer II, separated from lowermost Layer III by 8 cm sterile layer, 8 to 9 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D. Layer contained Mesolithic implements of Hoabinhian culture.

		$10,090 \pm 160$
K-1363.	Tham Onghah, XII, b	8140 в.с.

Charcoal from upper part of Layer II, 8 to 9 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D.

		9750 ± 150
K-1341.	Tham Ongbah, XI, b	7800 в.с.

Charcoal from Layer II, 8 to 9 m from N entrance in Hall I, Sec. B-D.

K-1362. Tham Ongbah, XII, a 9350 ± 140 7400 B.C.

Charcoal from lower part of Layer I, separated from Layer II by sterile layer, 7 to 8 m from N entrance in Hall I. Layer contained Mesolithic implements of Hoabinhian culture.

K-1298. Tham Ongbah, I, a 4240 ± 100 2290 B.C.

Charcoal (*Monocotyledones*) from Layer 2 at S wall in Hall 4. Layer contained burials of late Metal age. Supposed age ca. 200 B.C., cf. K-1300.

K-1299. Tham Ongbah, I, e 3960 ± 100 2010 B.C.

Charcoal (*Monocotyledones*) from Layer 5 at S wall in Hall 4. Layer contained traces of bronze. Supposed age ca. 200 B.C. cf. K-1300.

K-1300. Tham Ongbah, X, 2

 2180 ± 100 230 B.C.

Charcoal (*Dalbergia* sp.) from partly burned wooden coffin under undisturbed layers in Gallery. Parallel to boat-shaped coffins from Szechwan prov. in SW China.

Henrik Tauber

References

- Andersen, A., 1966, Geologi og Arkacologi i Draved Mose: Dansk Geol. Foren. Medd., v. 16, p. 255-258.
- Andersen, ^{*}K., 1951, Hytter fra Maglemosctiden, Danmarks acklste Boliger: Fra Nationalmus. Arbejdsmark, p. 68-76.

Andersen, S. H., 1970, Brovst, en kystboplads fra acldre stenalder (English summary): Kuml 1969, p. 67-90.

Andersson, D. D., 1970, Akmak, an early archaeological assemblage from Onion Portage, Northwest Alaska: Acta Arctica, v. 16, p. 1-80.

Becker, C. J., 1965, Ein früheiscnzeitliches Dorf bei Grøntoft, Westjütland: Acta Archaeol., v. 36, p. 209-222.

______ 1968, Das zweite früheisenzeitliche Dorf bei Grøntoft, Westjütland: Acta Archaeol., v. 39, p. 235-254.

_____ 1969, En kultbygning fra yngre stenalder ved Herrup, Vestjylland: Nationalmus. Arbejdsmark 1969, p. 17-28.

Brinch Petersen, E., 1971, Ølby Lyng, en østsjaellandsk kystboplads med Ertebøllekultur (English summary): Nord. Oldkyndighed og Hist., Aarbøger 1970, p. 5-42.

Glob, P. V., 1945, Studier over den jydske Enkeltgravskultur (summary in French): Nord. Oldkyndighed og Hist., Aarbøger 1944, p. 1-283.

_____ 1951, Ard og Plov i Nordens Oldtid: Jysk Arkaeol. Selskabs Skr., Århus, v. 1.

______ 1969, Helleristninger i Danmark (English summary): Jysk Arkaeol. Selskabs Skr., Århus, v. 7.

Holtved, E., 1944, Archaeological Investigations in the Thule District, I-II: Medd. om Grønland, v. 141, no. 1-2, p. 1-305; 1-184.

______ 1954, Archaeological Investigations in the Thule District, III: Medd. om Grønland, v. 146, no. 3, p. 1-135.

Jørgensen, S., 1956, Kongemosen, endnu en Amose-boplads fra aeldre stenalder (English summary): Kuml 1956, p. 23-40.

_____ 1961, Zur Frage der ältesten Küstenkultur in Dänemark: Int. Kongr. für Vor- und Frühgeschichte, V. Hamburg, 1958, Ber., p. 440-447.

Johansson, A. D., 1970, Barmose-gruppen, prachoreale bopladsfund med skiveøkser i Sydsjaelland: Hist. Samfund for Praestø Amt, Årbog 1968, p. 101-170.

Kapel, H., 1964, Nyere arkaeologiske undersøgelser i Tønder og Åbenrå amter: Sønderjyske Årbøger 1964, p. 253-260.

1967, En acldre-stenalders boplads ved Villingebaek: Arbog f. Frederiksborg Amts hist. Samfund, p. 1-14.

_____ 1969, Eu boplads fra tidlig-atlantisk tid ved Villingebaek: Nationalmus. Arbejdsmark 1969, p. 85-94.

Knuth, É., 1968, The Independence II artefacts and the Dorset-evidence in North Greenland: Folk, v. 10, p. 61-80.

Larsen, H., 1968, Trail Creek: Acta Arctica, v. 15, p. 1-79.

Madsen, H. J., 1971. To dobbeltgrave fra jysk enkeltgravskultur (English summary): Kuml 1970, p. 249-260.

Mathiassen, T., 1946, En boplads fra aeldre Stenalder ved Vedback Boldbaner. Søllerød Bogen.

Riis, P. J., 1970, Sukas I, The North-East Sanctuary and the first settling of Greeks in Syria and Palestine: Kgl. Danske Videnskabernes Selskab, Hist.-Filos. Skr., v. 5, no. 1, p. 1-179.

Sørensen, P., 1967, Archaeological excavations in Thailand II, the Thai-Danish, Prehistoric expedition 1960-1962: Munksgaard, Copenhagen.

Tauber, Henrik, 1960, Copenhagen radiocarbon dates IV: Am. Jour. Sci. Radiocarbon Supp., v. 2, p. 12-25.

_____ 1962, Copenhagen radiocarbon dates V: Radiocarbon, v. 4, p. 27-34.

_____ 1966, Copenhagen radiocarbon dates VII: Radiocarbon, v. 8, p. 213-234.

_____ 1968, Copenhagen radiocarbon dates IX: Radiocarbon, v. 10, p. 295-327.

______ 1972, Radiocarbon chronology of the Danish Mesolithic and Neolithic: Antiquity, v. 46, p. 106-110.

Thrane, H., 1971, En broncealderboplads ved Jyderup Skov i Odsherred: Nationalmus. Arbeidsmark 1971, p. 141-164.