CORRIGENDUM

The serotonin transporter gene is a substrate for age and stress dependent epigenetic regulation in rhesus macaque brain: Potential roles in genetic selection and Gene × Environment interactions—CORRIGENDUM

STEPHEN G. LINDELL, a QIAOPING YUAN, a ZHIFENG ZHOU, a DAVID GOLDMAN, a ROBERT C. THOMPSON, b JUAN F. LOPEZ, b STEPHEN J. SUOMI, c J. DEE HIGLEY, d AND CHRISTINA S. BARR a

^aNIH/NIAAA; ^bUniversity of Michigan; ^cNIH/NICHD; and ^dBrigham Young University

doi:10.1017/S0954579412000788, published by Cambridge University Press, 15 October 2012

An important acknowledgment was not included in the original article. We gratefully acknowledge the support from a NARSAD Young Investigator Award (2004). We regret this oversight and any problems it may have caused. The first

two affiliations in the original article were the same, so they are also corrected herein. We regret this repetition and any problems it may have caused.

Reference

Lindell, S., Yuan, Q., Zhou, Z., Goldman, D., Thompson, R. C., Lopez, J. F., et al. (2012). The serotonin transporter gene is a substrate for age and stress dependent epigenetic regulation in rhesus macaque brain: Potential roles in genetic selection and Gene × Environment interactions. *Development and Psychopathology*, 24, 1391–1400.

Address correspondence and reprint requests to: Christina S. Barr, Section of Comparative Behavioral Genomics, Laboratory of Neurogenetics, DICBR, NIAA, NIH, 5625 Fishers Lane, Room 3S-32, Rockville, MD, 20852; E-mail: cbarr@mail.nih.gov.