RADIOLARIAN ROCKS OF THE CULM MEASURES, DEVONSHIRE.

SIR,—I wish to call attention to the unfortunate mistake which I have made on pp. 4, 105, 106, 107, 108, and 109 of the Geological Survey Memoir on Plymouth and Liskeard, 1907, in attributing to Mr. Fox alone various statements which I have quoted from the joint papers of Messrs. Hinde and Fox on the Radiolarian rocks of the Culm Measures, in the Quart. Journ. Geol. Soc., vol. li, 1895, and in the Transactions of the Devonshire Association, vol. xxviii, 1896, and in Proc. Geologists' Association, vol. xx, pp. 88, 92, 1907. I desire to express my regret, and to offer my apologies to these authors for the unintentionally deficient references to their joint papers. W. A. E. Ussher.

28, JERMYN STREET, S.W. February 12th, 1908.

THE LIQUID AND PNEUMATOLYTIC THEORIES OF GRANITIC MINERALS.

Sir,—I have noticed with much regret that the conclusions arrived at by the Geological Survey as to the crystallisation of the West Country Granites are in hopeless conflict with several communications which the Geological Magazine has honoured me by publishing.

Broadly speaking, the Survey authorities have adopted the high temperature gaseous theory, whereas I have assumed the impregnability of the low-temperature liquid theory. Any attempt at reconciliation is useless, but it may be as well if I submit the list of the authorities on which I have relied. They are in order of date as follows :-

- (1) Sorby, "Microscopical Structure of Crystals": Q.J.G.S., 1858.
- (2) Sorby & Butler, "Rubies, Sapphires, and Diamonds": Proc. R.S., 1869. (3) Hartley, "The Identification of Liquid Carbonic Acid in Mineral Cavities":
 Royal Micro. Soc., March 1st, 1876.
- (4) Sorby, "On the Critical Point in the Consolidation of Granitic Rocks": Mineralogical Mag., September 6th, 1876.
- (5) Hartley, "On Variations in the Critical Point of Carbon Dioxide in
- Minerals," etc.: Journ. Chem. Soc., September, 1876. lartley, "Observations on Fluid Cavities": Jou (6) Hartley, Journ. Chem. Soc., March, 1877.
- (7) Hartley, "Attraction and Repulsion of Bubbles by Heat": Proc. R.S., 1877.
 (8) Hartley, "On the Constant Vibration of Minute Bubbles": Proc. R.S., 1877.
- (9) Report on the Conditions under which Liquid Carbonic Acid exists in Rocks and Minerals, by a Committee consisting of Walter Noel Hartley, F.R.S.E., E. J. Mills, D.Sc., F.R.S., and W. Chandler Roberts, F.R.S. Drawn up by W. N. Hartley, F.R.S.E.: Rep. Brit. Assoc., 1877.

 (10) A. Daubrée, "E'tudes Synthétiques de Géologie Expérimentale": 1879.

 (11) Sorby: Address to the Geological Section of the British Association, 1880.
- (12) Fouqué et Lévy, "Synthèse des Minéraux et des Roches": 1883.

I am bound to admit that the first chapter of Daubrée's "Experimental Geology" justifies the views of the Geological Surveyors, and

¹ "Land's End District," pp. 49-60, 1907. 2 " 'Pneumatolysis' refers to the action of gases above critical temperature" ("Falmouth and Camborne," p. 168, 1906).