Act of 1946. And I acknowledge here my deep gratitude to him for his many constructive suggestions of methods for strengthening Congress as well as for his indispensable material support.
During 1931-33, Dr. Wallace was associated with the Office of Economic Adviser in the Department of State and participated in the London Economic Conference. And early in 1946 he was a member of the Mission on Japanese Combines, otherwise known as the Zaibatsu Mission, sent to Japan by the State and War Departments.

A painstaking if not a prolific writer, with a keen nose for factual accuracy, Dr. Wallace was co-author (with Lynn R. Edminster) of The International Control of Raw Materials (Brookings Institution, 1930), and a contributor to War or Peace (1937); Financing the War (1942); The Reorganization of Congress (1945); and various learned journals.
He was a long-standing member of the American Political Science Association, the American Economic Association, and other professional societies.-George B. Galloway.

## Forty-second Annual Meeting of the American Political Science Asso-

 ciation. The forty-second annual meeting of the American Political Science Association was held at Cleveland, Ohio, on December 27-29, 1946, with the Hotel Statler as headquarters. This was the second annual meeting held in the year 1946, the 1945 meeting having been held in Philadelphia on March 28-30, 1946. The forty-second annual meeting marked a return to more normal conditions in the postwar period.This meeting was held without conjunction with other learned societies. There was one joint session, however, with the National Council of the Social Studies. The registration numbered 650, as compared with 317 when the Association met in Cleveland in the year 1930; 555 in Columbus, Ohio, in 1938; and 649 in Philadelphia in 1946. The number of persons actually in attendance at round tables and other meetings is always larger than the number of registrants. Learned societies have not been entirely successful in educating their members to prompt registration at annual meetings.

The meeting in Cleveland coincided with the year of celebration of the 150th anniversary of the founding of the city of Cleveland. A distinguished program was offered as a result of the planning of Professor J. Alton Burdine (University of Texas), chairman of the Program Committee, and his colleagues of the same committee, including Cullen B. Gosnell (Emory University), W. Brooke Graves (Library of Congress), J. Donald Kingsley (Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion), Charles M. Kneier (University of Illinois), Arthur Marmahon (Columbia University), and Benjamin F. Wright, Jr. (Harvard University). The program included eight-
een round tables, designed for informal discussion, and fourteen sections, in which prepared papers were presented and discussed. Many of the round tables and sections met twice. Others had only one session. One of the outstanding features of the meeting was the address by Major-General William J. Donovan, who spoke at the Friday luncheon on the subject of "Intelligence for Foreign Policy." The presidential address was delivered on Friday evening, and this year for the first time was supplemented by an address on a related topic by a distinguished jurist. On Saturday evening there was a general session on the United Nations, followed by a smoker at the Hotel Statler offered through the courtesy of Western Reserve University. Following the custom established at the 1945 meeting, several of the research panels of the Research Committee of the Association held discussion sessions the afternoon of the second day of the meeting. These were followed by the annual business meeting.

The program of the meeting as actually carried out was as follows:
Friday, December 27, at 9:30 A.M.

Round Table Meetinas

(R-1) BEYOND RELATIVISM IN POLITICAL THEORY—First Session
(Joint Session wite the Political Theory Panel of the Committee on Research)
It is not the purpose of this round table to minimize the merits of relativism or of what is usually called the scientific method. Its purpose is rather (1) to take stock of the opinions held by participants and audience regarding the possibility of advancing beyond relativism in political theory, (2) to clarify the precise meaning of the different views, and (3) to discuss the legitimate functions of political theory under the competing opinions in the struggle of ideas.
Chairman: Arnold Brecht, New School for Social Research and Third Vice-President of the American Political Science Association.
Secretary: J. Roland Pennock, Swarthmore College.
Speakers: Francis G. Wilson, University of Illinois, and Chairman, Political Theory Research Panel; Gabriel A. Almond, Brooklyn College; Francis W. Coker, Yale University; John H. Hallowell, Duke University; Benjamin E. Lippincott, University of Minnesota; Eric Voegelin, Louisiana State University; Benjamin F. Wright, Harvard University.
(R-2) THE NEED FOR CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM-First Session
Is There a Constitutional Crisis in the American System?
Chairman: W. Y. Elliott, Harvard University.
Secretary: Charles R. Cherington, Harvard University.
Speakers: Peter F. Drucker, Bennington College; Earl Latham, University of Minnesota.
Discussion: David Fellman, University of Nebraska; Charles B. Robson, University of North Carolina; C. Herman Pritchett, University of Chicago; George S. Pettee, Amherst College; Herman Finer, University of Chicago; H. M. Dorr, University of Michigan; Herbert McClosky, University of Minnesota.

## (R-3) FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION: TRANSITION FROM WAR TO PEACE-First Session

Planning and Coördination in the Field of Economic Policy
Chairman: Emmette S. Redford, University of Texas.
Secretary: Wilfred D. Webb, University of Texas.
Speakers: J. Donald Kingsley, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion; Marshall E. Dimock, Northwestern University; Merle Fainsod,Harvard University; J. C. Jenkins, U. S. Bureau of the Budget; Elmer B. Staats, U. S. Bureau of the Budget; Bertram M. Gross, Council of Economic Advisers; Claude E. Hawley, University of Southern California.
(R-4) POST-WAR GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL PROBLEMS—First Session.

In the Federal Government
Chairman: Wallace S. Sayre, Cornell University.
Secretary: Elias Huzar, Cornell University.
Speakers: Henry F. Hubbard, Federal Council of Personnel Administration; Everett W. Reimer, Office of Price Administration; Arthur S. Flemming, U. S. Civil Service Commission; J. Donald Kingsley, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion; William J. Ronan, New York University.

## (R-5) POST-WAR PROBLEMS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT—First Session

## The Problems of Cities

Chaiman: Arthur W. Bromage, University of Michigan.
Secretary: Herbert A. Simon, Illinois Institute of Technology.
Speakers: Charlton F. Chute, Governmental Research Institute, St. Louis; John M. Pfiffner, University of Southern California; Lent D. Upson, Wayne University; M. H. Satterfield, Tennessee Valley Authority.
(R-6) POLITICAL PaRties-First Session
Problems and Progress in Respect to Party Responsibility
Chairman: Clarence A. Berdahl, University of Illinois.
Secretary: E. Allen Helms, Ohio State University.
Speakers: Thomas A. Barclay, Stanford University; Paul T. David, U. S. Department of State; Claudius O. Johnson, Washington State College.

## (R-7) INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION-First Session <br> Current Problems in International Organization, General and Special

Chairman: Pitman B. Potter, American University.
Secretary: Theodore R. Frye, Oberlin College.
Speakers: Quincy Wright, University of Chicago; Harold Sprout, Princeton University; Edward G. Lewis, University of Texas.

Section Meetings
(S-1) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLIES IN A TECHNOLOGICAL AGEFirst Session

Congress
Chairman: Ernest S. Griffith, Library of Congress, for John A. Perkins, University of Michigan.

Secretary: Mona Fletcher, Kent State University.
"Theories of Representation and the Functions of Representative Assemblies," Harold F. Gosnell, U. S. Department of State.
"The Congress, the President, and Twentieth Century Legislation," Lawrence Henry Chamberlain, Columbia University.
"Evaluation of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946," George B. Galloway, formerly Staff Director, Joint Committee on the Reorganization of Congress; Senior Specialist in Congressional Organization, Legislative Reference Service.
"The New Lobbying Law," Belle Zeller, Brooklyn College.
(S-2) GOVERNMENT AND BUSINESS IN THE POST-WAR PERIODFirst Session
An Appratsal of Price Control and Decontrol in the Post-War Period
Chairman: Charles C. Rohlfing, University of Pennsylvania.
Secretary: Bennett M. Rich, Rutgers University.
Participants: Ford P. Hall, University of Indiana; Edward W. Carter, University of Pennsylvania; Emerson P. Schmidt, Director of Economic Research, United States Chamber of Commerce; York Y. Willbern, University of Alabama.
(S-3) CONSTITUTIONAL PROBLEMS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIESFirst Session
Chairman: James K. Pollock, University of Michigan.
Secretary: Samuel J. Eldersveld, University of Michigan.
"Political Reconstruction in Germany-Interzonal and Intrazonal," Karl Loewenstein, Amherst College.
"Constitutional Developments in Austria," Erich Hula, New School for Social Research.
"Post-War Constitutional Changes in the USSR," John Hazard, Columbia University.
"Constitutional Developments in the Danubian Area," Andrew Gyorgy, Yale University.

## (S-4) THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS

Chairman: Taylor Cole, Duke University.
Secretary: Walter H. Bennett, University of Alabama.
"Reconversion in India," John H. E. Fried, International Labor Office.
"Reconversion in Australia and New Zealand," Leslie Lipson, Victoria University College, New Zealand.
"Social Democracy in the British Commonwealth," W. Hardy Wickwar, Hamilton College.
"Consultation as a Form of Commonwealth Government," Eugene P. Chase, Lafayette College
Discussion: H. Gordon Skilling, University of Wisconsin; Raphael Tuck, McGill University.

Friday, December 27, at 12:30 P.M.
Subscription Luncheon

## INTELLIGENCE FOR FOREIGN POLICY

Chairman: Walter F. Dodd, President, American Political Science Association.
Speaker: Maj. Gen. William J. Donovan, formerly Director, Office of Strategic Services.

Friday, December 27, at 2:30 P.M.
Round Table Meetings
(R-8) PROBLEMS OF TEACHING IN POLITICAL SCIENCE—First Session The Beginning Course
Chairman: Francis O. Wilcox, Head International Relations Analyst, Library of Congress.
Speakers: Marshall E. Dimock, Northwestern University; Harold M. Dorr, University of Michigan; Asher N. Christensen, University of Minnesota; Royden Dangerfield, University of Oklahoma; Roscoe C. Martin, University of Alabama; Benjamin F. Wright, Harvard University.
(R-9) AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY: THE PACIFIC AND FAR EASTFirst Session

Strategic Implications of Policy; The Philippines; Japan
Chairman: Harold M. Vinacke, University of Cincinnati.
Secretary: Ardath Burks, Graduate Student, School of Advanced International Studies, Washington, D.C.
Speakers: Edward W. Mill, U. S. Department of State; H. Arthur Steiner, University of California at Los Angeles; John M. Maki, Author; Wolfgang H. Kraus, U. S. Strategic Bombing Survey.
(R-10) AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY: LATIN AMERICA
Chairman: Graham Stuart, Stanford University.
Secretary: Howard A. Cook, Council on World Affairs, Cleveland, Ohio.
Speakers: W. Grafton Nealley, U. S. Department of State; William Manger, Counselor, Pan American Union; William S. Stokes, University of Wisconsin; Bryce Wood, Swarthmore College.
(R-12) THE MILITARY FACTOR IN POLITICS
Chairman: William M. McGovern, Northwestern University.
Secretary: Lynford A. Lardner, Northwestern University.
Speakers: Maj. Gen. William J. Donovan, formerly Director, Office of Strategic Services; William Y. Elliott, Harvard University; Colonel Louis J. Fortier, Armed Forces Staff College; John D. Millett, Columbia University; Franz L. Neumann, Columbia University; T. V. Smith, University of Chicago; Richard C. Snyder, Princeton University.
(R-13) AN APPRAISAL OF PRICE CONTROL AND DECONTROL IN THE POST-WAR PERIOD
Chairman: Charles C. Rohlfing, University of Pennsylvania.
Secretary: Bennett M. Rich, Rutgers University.
Speakers: York Willbern, University of Alabama; Edward W. Carter, University of Pennsylvania; Ford P. Hall, Indiana University; Emerson P. Schmidt, U. S. Chamber of Commerce.

## Section Meetings

(S-5) DEVELOPMENTS IN ADMINISTRATIVE LAW—First Session Administrative Tribunals
Chairman: James Hart, University of Virginia.
Secretary: H. Wesley Ward, Cornell College.
"The Administrative Agency-A Fourth Branch of the Government,?" Hans J. Morgenthau, University of Chicago.
"The Role of Smyth v. Ames in Federal Rate Regulation," Frederick F. Blachly, The Brookings Institution.
"An Appraisal of the Federal Administrative Procedure Act," Julius Cohen, College of Law, University of Nebraska.
Discussion: Sylvester C. Smith, Jr., Newark, New Jersey, Chairman, Section of Administrative Law, American Bar Association; G. H. Durham, University of Arkansas; J. C. Pray, University of Oklahoma; F. H. Sherwood, University of California at Los Angeles; A. T. Vanderbilt, Dean, School of Law, New York University.
(S-6) INTERGOVERNMENTAL FISCAL RELATIONS-First Session.
As Seen from a National Viewpoint
Chairman: Wylie Kilpatrick, Governments Division, U. S. Bureau of the Census.
"The Current Picture of State and Local Finance," Lewis B. Sims, Governments Division, U. S. Bureau of the Census.
"Federal Functional Programs Affecting State and Local Finance," Hubert R. Gallagher, Council of State Governments.
"Mechanisms for Intergovernmental Fiscal Coöperation," M. I. Labovitz, U. S. Bureau of the Budget.
"Comparative American and Foreign Plans for Tax Coördination," James A. Maxwell, Clark University.
"Readjusting Functions and Areas," W. Brooke Graves, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress.
Discussion: Charles S. Ascher, National Housing Agency.

## (S-7) TECHNOLOGY AND POLITICS

Chairman: Amry Vandenbosch, University of Kentucky.
Secretary: Willard N. Hogan, Berea College.
"Technology, National Resources, and Government," H. H. Bennett, Chief, Soil Conservation Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.
"Technology and Politics," Herman Finer, University of Chicago.
"Can an Atomic War Be Avoided?," Denna E. Fleming, Vanderbilt University.
"Technological Change and Administration," S. McKee Rosen, United States Bureau of the Budget.
Discussion: Sigmund Neumann, Wesleyan University.
Friday, December 27, at 8:00 P.M.
PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS AND GENERAL SESSION ON JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION
Chairman: Arthur T. Vanderbilt, Dean, School of Law, New York University.
Presidential Address: "United States Supreme Court, 1936-1946," Walter F. Dodd, President, American Political Science Association.
"Set Ye Up a Standard in the Land," The Honorable Robert G. Simmons, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Nebraska.

Saturday, December 28, at 9:30 A.M. Round Table Meetings
(R-1) BEYOND RELATIVISM IN POLITICAL THEORY-Second Session
(Joint Session with the Political Theory Panel of the Committee on Research)
Chairman: Arnold Brecht, New School for Social Research and Third Vice-President, American Political Science Association.

Secretary: J. Roland Pennock, Swarthmore College.
Speakers: See list for first session.

## (R-2) THE NEED FOR CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM-Second Session

## Some Proposed Constitutional Reforms-Pro and Con

Chairman: W. Y. Elliott, Harvard University.
Secretary: Charles R. Cherington, Harvard University.
Speakers: Thomas Finletter, Coudert Brothers, New York City, and formerly Special Assistant to the Secretary of State; Don K. Price, Public Administration Clearing House.
Discussion: Oliver Garceau, University of Maine; George Galloway, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress; Albert Viton, United States Department of Agriculture; Earl Latham, University of Minnesota; Emile Smullyan, Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor.
(R-3) FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION: TRANSITION FROM WAR TO PEACE-Second Session

Organization Planning; Congressional Relations
Chairman: Emmette S. Redford, University of Texas.
Secretary: Wilfred D. Webb, University of Texas.
Speakers: Marshall E. Dimock, Northwestern University; Merle Fainsod, Harvard University; J. C. Jenkins, U. S. Bureau of the Budget; Claude E. Hawley, University of Southern California; J. Donald Kingsley, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion; Elmer B. Staats, U. S. Bureau of the Budget; Bertram M. Gross, Council of Economic Advisers.

## (R-4) POST-WAR GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL PROBLEMS—Second Session

## In the International Agencies

Chairman: Wallace S. Sayre, Cornell University.
Secretary: Elias Huzar, Cornell University.
Speakers: Russell Cook, United Nations; Frederick C. Mosher, United States Department of State; William J. Ronan, New York University; Paul David, U. S. Department of State.
(R-5) POST-WAR PROBLEMS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT-Second Session

## The Problems of Counties

Chairman: Arthur W. Bromage, University of Michigan.
Secretary: Herbert A. Simon, Illinois Institute of Technology.
Speakers: Thomas H. Reed, Connecticut Public Expenditure Council; Estal E. Sparlin, Legislative Research Committee, State of Missouri; George W. Spicer, University of Virginia; Edward W. Weidner, University of Minnesota; Raymond C. Atkinson, U. S. Bureau of the Budget.

## (R-6) POLITICAL PARTIES-Second Session

## Prospects for Party Realignment

Chairman: Clarence A. Berdahl, University of Illinois.
Secretary: E. Allen Helms, Ohio State University.
Speakers: Floyd McCaffree, Research Director, Republican National Committee; Arthur E. Naftalin, Secretary to the Mayor of Minneapolis; Alden L. Powell, Louisiana State University

## (R-7) INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION—Second Session

Chairman: Pitman B. Potter, American University.
Secretary: Theodore R. Frye, Oberlin College
Speakers: Walter R. Sharp, College of the City of New York; John Brown Mason, Oberlin College; John H. E. Fried, International Labour Office.
(R-8) PROBLEMS OF TEACHING IN POLITICAL SCIENCE-Second Session Training Aids

Chairman: John D. Millett, Columbia University.
Secretary: Robert J. M. Matteson, Institute of Public Administration.
Speakers: John G. Bradley, Motion Picture Project, Library of Congress; Jack Johnson, State University of Iowa; Ruth G. Weintraub, Hunter College.
(R-13) INTERGOVERNMENTAL FISCAL RELATIONS—Second Session

## As Seen from the States and Communities

Chairman: Wylie Kilpatrick, Governments Division, U. S. Bureau of the Census. Speakers: Harold F. Alderfer, Pennsylvania State College; Victor D. Brannon, St. Louis Bureau of Governmental Research; Roy Brown, Tax Foundation; Stuart A. MacCorkle, University of Texas; Joseph M. Ray, University of Maryland; Robert F. Steadman, National Institute of Public Affairs; Paul W. Wager, University of North Carolina; Harvey Walker, Ohio State University.
(R-14) GOVERNMENTAL LABOR POLICIES IN THE POST-WAR PERIOD
Chairman: Charles C. Rohlfing, University, of Pennsylvania.
Secretary: Bennett M. Rich, Rutgers University.
Speakers: Raymond S. Short, Temple University; John P. Horlacher, University of Pennsylvania; Frank P. Fenton, American Federation of Labor; Henry G. Hodges, Dayton, Ohio; Ray Livingstone, Cleveland, Ohio.

## Section Meetings

(S-1) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLIES IN A TECHNOLOGICAL AGESecond Session

## State Legislatures

Chairman: Donald Axelrod, Albany, N. Y., for John A. Perkins, University of Michigan.
Secretary: Mona Fletcher, Kent State University.
"Function of State Legislatures," Lynton K. Caldwell, Director of Research and Publications, Council of State Governments.
"Quality and Representativeness of State Legislators," Harvey Walker, Ohio State University.
"Critical Problems of Legislative Organization and Procedure," J. F. Isakoff, Director of Research, Illinois Legislative Council.
"Practical Suggestions and Prospects for Legislative Reform," D. Hale Brake, Treasurer of the State of Michigan.
(S-2) GOVERNMENT AND BUSINESS IN THE POST-WAR PERIODSecond Session

Governmental Labor Policies in the Post-War Period
Chairman: Charles C. Rohlfing, University of Pennsylvania.
Secretary: Bennett M. Rich, Rutgers University.

Participants: John P. Horlacher, University of Pennsylvania, and Chairman, Regional Wage Stabilization Board, Third Region; Ray Livingstone, VicePresident in Charge of Personnel, Thompson Products, Cleveland, Ohio; Frank P. Fenton, Director of Organizations, American Federation of Labor.
(S-3) CONSTITUTIONAL PROBLEMS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES-Second Session
Chairman: James K. Pollock, University of Michigan.
Secretary: Samuel J. Eldersveld, University of Michigan.
"Italy," Mario Einaudi, Cornell University.
"France," Robert K. Gooch, University of Virginia.
"Scandinavia," Roy Peel, University of Indiana.
"The Netherlands," Samuel J. Eldersveld, University of Michigan.
Discussion: Marbury B. Ogle, Purdue University; Lionel Laing, University of Michigan; Erich Hula, New School; John Hazard, Columbia University; Karl Loewenstein, Amherst College; Army Vandenbosch,University of Kentucky; Warner Moss, William and Mary College.

## Saturday, December 28, at 12:30 P.M.

Subscription Luncheon

## GOVERNMENT AND OUR NATIONAL ECONOMY

Chairman: Arnold Brecht, New School for Social Research, and Third Vice-President, American Political Science Association.
Speaker: Leon H. Keyserling, Vice-Chairman, Council of Economic Advisers, Executive Office of the President.

Saturday, December 28, at 2:15 P.M.

## Section Meeting

## (S-8) THE MANPOWER OF THE COURTS

Chairman: Arthur T. Vanderbilt, New York University, Dean of Law School.
Secretary: Francis R. Aumann, Ohio State University.
"Judges: Their Selection and Powers," The Honorable Laurence M. Hyde, Justice of the Supreme Court of Missouri.
"Jurors: Their Selection and Powers," The Honorable John C. Knox, Senior Judge of the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York.
"Court Officers: Their Selection and Responsibilities," Ralph R. Temple, Judicial Administration Consultant.
"Making the Judicial Machinery Function Efficiently: The Rule-Making Power; Judicial Councils; Judicial Statistics; the Administrative Office of the Courts," Henry P. Chandler, Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
Discussion: Glen R. Winters, American Judicature Society.
Research Panels of the Committee on Research
(1) COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT

Chairman: Taylor Cole, Duke University.
Secretary: Andrew Gyorgy, Yale University.
"Field Research in Germany," James K. Pollock, University of Michigan.

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## Saturday, December 28, at 4:30 P.M.

ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION
Chairman: Walter F. Dodd, President, American Political Science Association.

Saturday, December 28, at 6:30 P.M.
Dinner Meetings
(1) PENNSYLVANIA POLITICAL SCIENCE AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ASSOCIATION
Chairman: Jacob Tanger, President, Pennsylvania Political Science and Public Administration Association.
(2) MAXWELL GRADUATE SCHOOL OF CITIZENSHIP AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS
Chairman: F. G. Crawford, Vice Chancellor, Syracuse University.
(3) CONFERENCE ON COÖRDINATION OF FAR EASTERN RESEARCH Chairman: Harold M. Vinacke, University of Cincinnati.

Saturday, December 28 at 8:00 P.M.<br>General Session

## THE UNITED NATIONS

Chairman: Louis Brownlow, Public Administration Clearing House, and First Vice-President, American Political Science Association.
Speakers: "The First Year of the United Nations," Andrew Codier, Executive Assistant to Secretary-General Trygve Lie.
"The Future of the United Nations," Admiral R. K. Turner, United States Naval Representative of United Nations Military Staff Committee.

## Sunday, December 29, 8:00 A.M. <br> Breakfast Meetinas

(1) PI SIGMA ALPHA

Chairman: Charles W. Shull, Wayne University, and National President, Pi Sigma Alpha.
(2) NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE SOCIAL STUDIES
(Joint Session with the American Political Science Association)
Chairman: Robert Keohane, University of Chicago.
Address: "What the Professional Political Scientist Can Do to Assist Social Studies Teachers in the Secondary Schools," Howard White, Miami University.

## Sunday, December 29, at 9:30 A.M.

## Round Table Meetings

(R-9) AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY: THE PACIFIC AND FAR EASTSecond Session

Political and Economic Aspects of Policy: China
Chairman: Harold M. Vinacke, University of Cincinnati.
Secretary: Ardath Burks, Graduate Student, School of Advanced International Studies, Washington, D. C.
Speakers: James K. Penfield, U. S. Department of State; Paul M. A. Linebarger, School of Advanced International Studies, Washington, D. C.; George E. Taylor, University of Washington.

## (R-14) CITIZEN PARTICIPATION IN DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT

Chairman: Franklin L. Burdette, University of Maryland.
Secretary: John E. Bebout, National Municipal League.
Speakers: Harold F. Alderfer, Institute of Local Government, Pennsylvania State

College; Brooks Emeny and Shepherd L. Witman, Council on World Affairs, Cleveland, Ohio; Marvin B. Osterman, De Paul University, and Division of Administrative Management, Sixth Regional Wage Stabilization Board, Chicago; M. L. Wilson, U. S. Department of Agriculture; W. O. Cortelyou, Roosevelt College, Chicago.

## (R-15) PRESSURE GROUPS

## Contributions of Veterans Organizations to Public Policy

## Chairman: Belle Zeller, Brooklyn College.

Secretary: Charles R. Cherington, Harvard University.
Speakers: Colonel John N. Andrews, Personal Representative of General Omar Bradley, Administrator of Veterans' Affairs; Donald C. Blaisdell, Associate Chief of the Division of International Security in the United States Department of State ; Robert E. Merriam, Director, Metropolitan Housing Council of Chicago; Colonel John Thomas Taylor, Director, National Legislative Committee of the American Legion.

## (R-16) THE POLITICAL PATHOLOGY OF THE SOUTH

## Changing Issues of Race, Class, and Party

Chairman: H. C. Nixon, Vanderbilt University.
Secretary: John T. Caldwell, Vanderbilt University.
Speakers: Donald Strong, University of Alabama; Lynwood M. Holland, Emory University; J. B. Shannon, University of Kentucky; Manning J. Dauer, University of Florida; J. E. Miller, Lincoln University.

## (R-17) THE TRIALS OF WAR CRIMINALS

Considerations of Policy and Practicality, as Well as of Jurisdiction and Substantive Law

Chairman: Charles Fairman, Stanford University.
Speakers: Lawrence Preuss, University of Michigan, formerly of the Department of State and Adviser, United Nations Commission for the Investigation of War Crimes; H. A. Hauxhurst, Member of the Cleveland Bar, and formerly of the International Prosecution Section before the International Military Tribunal at Tokyo; Colonel H. William Holsinger, Member of the Cleveland Bar, and formerly Executive Officer, Legal Section, Headquarters of the Supreme Commander, Allied Powers in the Pacific.
(R-18) AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY: EUROPE

## American-Soviet Relations

Chairman: C. J. Friedrich, Harvard University.
Secretary: Charles Carroll, Harvard University.
Speakers: W. Y. Elliott, Harvard University; Waldemar Gurian, University of Notre Dame; John N. Hazard, Columbia University; H. J. Heneman, Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of State for the Occupied Areas; Marbury B. Ogle, Jr., Purdue University; Arnold Wolfers, Yale University; Hans Simons, New School for Social Research.

## Section Meetings

## Administrative Lat in World War II

Chairman: James Hart, University of Virginia.
Secretary: H. Wesley Ward, Cornell College.
"Administrative Legislation in the War Production Board," Arthur N. Holcombe, Harvard University.
"OPA Contributions to Administrative Regulatory Practice," Harvey C. Mansfield, Chief, History Branch, Office of Price Administration.
"Price Control in the Courts-The Battle of the Meat Regulations," Nathaniel H. Nathanson, School of Law, Northwestern University.

Discussion: Earl Latham, University of Minnesota; Charles Aikin, University of California.

## (S-10) METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT

Chairman: Victor Jones, Wesleyan University.
Secretary: Stephen K. Bailey, Wesleyan University.
"Planning and Political Responsibility in Metropolitan Areas," Herbert A. Simon, Illinois Institute of Technology.
"Effect of Party Organizational Patterns on Party Attitudes toward Metropolitan Government," Hugh A. Bone, Queens College.
"Developments in Metropolitan Birmingham," J. Weldon Cooper, University of Alabama, and member of the Legislative Advisory Committee for the Jefferson County Survey.
"Developments in Metropolitan Cleveland," Earl L. Shoup, Western Reserve University

## (S-11) CIVIL LIBERTIES

Chairman: Vincent M. Barnett, Jr., Williams College.
Secretary: Foster H. Sherwood, University of California at Los Angeles.
"The Expansion of the 'Clear and Present Danger' Concept," R. E. Cushman, Cornell University.
"The Supreme Court and Federal Protection of Civil Rights," R. K. Carr, Dartmouth College.
"The Right of Peaceful Picketing," R. A. Horn, Harvard University.
"Administrative Procedures and Civil Liberties," Foster H. Sherwood, University of California at Los Angeles.
(S-12) PUBLIC OPINION AND POLITICAL COMMUNICATIONS
Actual and Potential Contribution to the Understanding and Practice of Government
Chairman: Herman C. Beyle, Syracuse University.
Secretary: Roscoe Baker, Northwestern University.
"A Study of Sources and Levels of Information on World Affairs," Angus Campbell, Survey Research Center, University of Michigan.
"Opinion and Communications Research: What Neglected Governmental Angles?," V. O. Key, Johns Hopkins University.
"Public Attention and Public Opinion," Harold D. Lasswell, Institute of International Studies, Yale University.
"Contribution of the Opinion Polls to an Understanding of Government," George H. Gallup, American Institute of Public Opinion.

## (S-13) UNIVERSITY BUREAUS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

## A Critical Appraisal of Organized Institutional Research in American Universities

Chairman: Rowland Egger, University of Virginia.
Secretary: William C. Rogers, Public Administration Clearing House.
"A Critical Appraisal of the Research Product of University Bureaus of Public Administration," George W. Spicer, University of Virginia.
"A Critical Appraisal of the Service Programs of University Bureaus of Public Administration," Harvey Walker, Ohio State University.
"A Critical Appraisal of the Educational and Training Activities of University Bureaus of Public Administration," George A. Graham, Princeton University.
"A Critical Appraisal of University Bureaus of Public Administration from the Standpoint of an Operating Agency," Lawrence L. Durisch, Tennessee Valley Authority.
"A Critical Appraisal of University Bureaus of Public Administration from the Standpoint of a Professional Association of Public Officials," Orin F. Nolting, International City Manager's Association.
"A Critical Appraisal of University Bureaus of Public Administration from the Standpoint of a Private Management Consultant," Joseph Pois, J. L. Jacobs \& Company, Chicago.

## (S-14) ATOMIC ENERGY AND SOCIAL EDUCATION

(Joint Session of tee National Council for the Social Studies and the American Political Science Association
Chairman: Clyde F. Varner, Head, Social Studies Department, John Marshall High School, and President of the Greater Cleveland Council for the Social Studies.
Secretary: Wilbur F. Murra, Special Assistant to the Committee on International Relations, National Education Association.
"The Challenge of the Atomic Scientist to the Social Scientist," William A. Higinbotham, Executive Secretary, Federation of American Scientists.
"Adapting Social Education to Meet the Challenge," Charles W. Merrifield, University of Denver, and Executive Secretary, Rocky Mountain Conference on Atomic Energy.

## Sunday, December 29, at 12:30 P.M.

Subscription Luncheon
THE EMERGING CONFLICT OF POLITICAL IDEALS
Chairman: Arthur N. Holcombe, Harvard University.
"Clericalism," Eric Voegelin, Louisiana State University.
"Nationalism," William M. McGovern, Northwestern University.
"Soviet Communism," Albert Parry, Chicago.
The Executive Council of the Association met in morning and afternoon sessions on December 26. In attendance were President Walter F. Dodd, First Vice-President Louis Brownlow, Third Vice-President Arnold Brecht, Secretary-Treasurer Kenneth Colegrove, Assistant SecretaryTreasurer Harvey Walker, Managing 'Editor Frederic A. Ogg, Arthur Bromage, J. A. C. Grant, Edward F. Dow, Robert J. Harris, Chester C.

Maxey, Robert H. Connery, and C. Perry Patterson. In addition, the meeting was attended by two past presidents, William Anderson and Robert E. Cushman, and by chairmen of most of the Association's committees.
Its agenda consisted of forty-one items, including the approval of the minutes of the meeting of the Executive Council in Philadelphia on March 27, 1946, and the annual business meeting of March 29; a report on the acts of the President; reports of the Secretary-Treasurer on the membership and finances of the Association; report of the Audit Committee; adoption of the budget for 1948; a report of the Managing Editor of the Review and the election of members of the Board of Editors for 194748; a report of the representatives of the Association in the American Council of Learned Societies; a report on the Personnel Service; a report of the Committee on Nomination of Officers for 1947; and reports from fifteen special and standing committees, as well as a number of significant items of new and unscheduled business. The Council was addressed at its luncheon session by First Vice-President Louis Brownlow and at its dinner session by C. Perry Patterson and Arthur W. Macmahon.

The minutes of the Philadelphia meeting of the Executive Council and of the business meeting were, on motion, approved as printed in the Review. On motion of William Anderson, seconded by Frederic A. Ogg, the Council noted with regret the absence of Miss Martha Torrison, records secretary, from the Council meeting due to a recent operation, and directed the Secretary-Treasurer to convey to her the felicitations of the Executive Council upon her recovery. President Dodd, in reporting upon his acts, indicated that he had continued most of the existing committees, with some changes in personnel, and that he had added a Committee on the Judicial Function under the chairmanship of Dean Arthur Vanderbilt of New York University. He had also directed the Committee on American Legislatures to expand the scope of its activities by the appointment of a Subcommittee on State Legislatures. The Committee on International Cultural Relations, authorized at the Philadelphia meeting, was also reported as having been established during the year.

Secretary-Treasurer Colegrove, in reporting upon the membership of the Association, indicated that it now had the largest total membership in its history. The number of members as of December 15,1946 was 4,075 ,960 new members had been received during the year and 351 memberships had been canceled, leaving a net gain of 609, the largest in Association history. The Association now has 42 life members. A large part of the increase in membership is among graduate students in political science, who are becoming associate members of the Association.

The financial report of the Secretary-Treasurer reflected the member-
ship gain, showing total income for the year ending December 15, 1946, of $\$ 23,872.14$, of which $\$ 19,879.76$ was for memberships. The bank balance of the Association in its regular account on December 15 was $\$ 12,729.99$, an increase of $\$ 2,973.54$ over the previous year. There were accounts receivable of $\$ 792.03$ and $\$ 3.50$ in accounts payable. Expenditures for 1946 were $\$ 20,469.63$ from the general funds and $\$ 214.01$ from the trust funds. Of the general fund expenditures, $\$ 10,893.84$ represented the cost of publication of the Review, and $\$ 9,575.79$ the other expenses of the Association. These expenditures represent an increase over budget estimates of some $\$ 1,100.00$, most of which is due to a substantial increase in the cost of publishing the Review. This increase amounted to $\$ 1,282.16$; and, since the increase represents a $17 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent advance in the cost of publication for only the last six months of 1946 , the cost for the year 1947 will be even greater.

Trust funds of the Association on December 15, 1946, totaled \$11,345.71 , an increase of $\$ 2,225.51$ over the previous year. Of this amount, $\$ 10,600.00$ is in United States Government bonds and $\$ 745.71$ in cash. The assets of the Association other than cash include office equipment valued at a depreciated figure of $\$ 324.54$ and an inventory of back numbers of the Review, which is carried in the accounts at $\$ 8,000.00$. There is also a small stock of other publications which are not valued and carried in the report.

The books of the Association for 1946 were closed on December 15, and a commercial audit was made as of that date by Alexander Grant and Company, 1 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois, certified public accountants. The Committee on Audit of the Association, composed of John Day Larkin and Herbert A. Simon, examined the accounts of the Secre-tary-Treasurer and verified the audit prepared by the commercial auditors. The report of the committee is as follows:

[^1]This report was, on motion of J. A. C. Grant, seconded by John G. Heinberg, approved by the Council. The reports of the Secretary-Treasurer on finances and membership were also approved, and on motion of Chester C. Maxey, seconded by C. Perry Patterson, the budget for 1947, submitted by the Secretary-Treasurer, calling for estimated receipts of $\$ 22,365.00$ and expenditures of $\$ 22,300.00$, was approved.

The Council noted with profound regret the passing during the year of former president Leo S . Rowe and of two other distinguished members of the Association, Augustus R. Hatton and William E. Mosher. Memorials have already been published in the Review for Dean Mosher and Professor Hatton, and a memorial for. Dr. Rowe appears in the present issue.

The report of the Committee on Nomination of Officers for 1947 was presented by Denna F. Fleming of Vanderbilt University, chairman. Other members of the committee were John E. Briggs (University of Iowa), Everett S. Brown (University of Michigan), Robert E. Cushman (Cornell University), and Edward M. Earle (Princeton University). The committee proposed for president Arthur W. Macmahon (Columbia University), for first vice-president Quincy Wright (University of Chicago), for second vice-president V. O. Key, Jr. (Johns Hopkins University), for third vice-president Charles Fairman (Leland Stanford University), and for new members of the Executive Council for the three-year term 194749, Taylor Cole (Duke University), George Graham (Princeton University), Llewellyn Pfankuchen (University of Wisconsin), John Vieg (Pomona College), Belle Zeller (Brooklyn College). These recommendations were made after an advisory ballot, as provided by the constitution of the Association, in which suggestions were submitted by 179 members.

The Committee on Nominations included in its report two recommendations for changes in nominating methods: (1) that the ballot be shortened to include only one nomination for each office to be filled rather than two as at present, and (2) that the advisory ballots be sent out in the second half of the Association year rather than the first half. The report of the committee was received and approved by the Executive Council. The nominations were referred to the business meeting of the Association for action, and the recommendations on nominating procedure to the Nominating Committee for 1947.

The report of Frederic A. Ogg, Managing Editor of the Review, indicated that Volume XL (1946) contained a total of 1,225 pages of textual material as compared with 1,256 in 1945. The number of pages devoted to leading articles was 268 , a substantial gain over the preceding year, when 175 pages were devoted to such articles. The fields of interest in political science were represented by the following numbers of pages: (1) American Government and Politics, 146; (2) Constitutional Law, 51; (3) Public Administration, 45; (4) Rural Local Government, 11; (5) Foreign

Government and Politics, 48; (6) International Affairs, 41 ; (7) Instruction and Research, 56; (8) News and Notes, Personal and Miscellaneous, 83; (9) Book Reviews and Notices, 276; (10) Recent Publications of Political Interest, 171; (11) Doctoral Dissertations in Preparation, 14; and (12) Volume Index, 15.

The principal reason for the reduction in the total number of pages in 1946 was the increased cost of publication. The average size of issues was 204 pages, which the editor considers to be a minimum if the present general scheme of contents is to be maintained. The editor expressed regret that some of the mailings during 1946 were delayed, but explained that this was due to conditions in the printing business and that we were in a decidedly better position than many other publications. The allocation of space in the Review is affected considerably by certain service features, which the profession appears to desire, which cut deeply into the space available for publication of articles. After these service features have been provided for, less than 80 pages remain in each issue, or approximately 500 pages in a volume. This is one reason why not more than one article in four of those submitted can be accepted. The Managing Editor indicated that it was proposed to reduce somewhat the frequency of symposia and to require those which appear to be briefer, and thus save space for other articles. An effort will also be made to reduce the length of certain leading articles in order to permit more diversification.

The Managing Editor reported that the terms of Everett S. Brown, Harwood L. Childs, Russell H. Fitzgibbon, Charles C. Rohlfing, and Frederic L. Schuman continued for another year, but that those of Robert E. Cushman, Fritz Morstein Marx, Lennox A. Mills, Louise Overacker, and Carl B. Swisher expired with this meeting. He nominated to the Council for election, as provided by the Constitution, Robert E. Cushman (Cornell University), Robert K. Gooch (University of Virginia), David Fellman (University of Nebraska), Fritz Morstein Marx (United States Bureau of the Budget) and C. Herman Pritchett (University of Chicago). On motion of J. A. C. Grant, seconded by C. Perry Patterson, the nominees recommended by the Managing Editor were elected for a two-year term as members of the Board of Editors.

In the absence of Franklin L. Burdette, Editor of the Directory of the American Political Science Association, Kenneth Colegrove, chairman of the committee, reported for the committee on the Directory. Of the 2,313 copies of the first edition, 2,017 had been sold, the remaining copies being quite adequate to account for the $\$ 193.86$ needed to balance the expenditures for the printing. Considerable demand for a second edition had been indicated to the officers; and the Executive Council, on motion of Kenneth Colegrove, seconded by John Heinberg, approved the recommendation of the Committee on the Directory that publication of a second edi-
tion be set for 1948, if practicable, and that editorial work begin as soon as feasible or necessary in 1947. The Secretary-Treasurer was directed to draw on general balances of the Association up to $\$ 1,500.00$ to finance the cost of publishing the second edition. The balance needed to cover the cost of printing will be defrayed from advance subscriptions.

Frederic A. Ogg, one of the representatives of the Association in the American Council of Learned Societies, reported on the activities of that organization which were of interest to our members. (The second representative of the American Political Science Association is Joseph P. Chamberlain.) In view of proposed changes in the constitution and bylaws of the American Council, the report was devoted principally to a discussion of the basic factors underlying the proposed reorganization. It is expected that the changes will be adopted at the meeting of the American Council at Rye, New York, January 29 to February 1.

The American Council of Learned Societies was organized at the close of World War I to create an agency which could speak for the humanistic and social science interests of the United States in dealings with the International Union of Academies. This early function has been increasingly overshadowed by the work of the Council in coördinating, developing, and supporting American research and training in the fields of the member societies. The societies affiliated with the ACLS at present number twentyfour, including our own. The work of the Council is supported largely by the Rockefeller Foundation and the Carnegie Corporation, although large additional amounts were available during the war in payment for services to the federal government. For some time, opinion has been growing both in the Council and in the Foundations that, if the Council could be reorganized to make it less cumbersome, it would be more effective. Omitting many details, the principal changes provided for in the new by-laws are as follows: (1) reduction of representation of constituent societies from two to one, with eight members at large elected by the Council from a panel prepared by the Board of Directors; (2) the substitution of a Board of Directors of eight, plus the officers of the Council, for the present Executive Committee and Advisory Board; (3) the separation of the treasurership from the secretaryship; and (4) changing the title of the Director to Executive Director and providing for his appointment by the Board of Directors rather than by the Executive Committee. If approved by the ACLS, the proposed changes will be referred to the Executive Council of the Association for ratification. ${ }^{1}$

William Anderson, chairman of the Committee on Endowment, reported for the committee, indicating that the brochure prepared by the committee entitled "Political Science and the World of Tomorrow" had

[^2]been published and would be distributed to the members at the annual meeting. Additional copies will be mailed to all members of the Association. He suggested that members should see that it is placed in the hands of persons of means who might be in a position to contribute to the Endowment Fund of the Association either by gift or by will, and in the hands of attorneys and trust companies who are called upon to advise in the preparation of wills.

John Briggs, chairman of the Committee on Regional and Functional Societies, reported that the regional associations were resuming their meetings after the war and that there were evidences of increased activity in such associations in all parts of the country. The committee also reported on the application of the District of Columbia Political Science Association for recognition as a section of the American Political Science Association. Upon motion of Chairman Briggs, seconded by Robert J. Harris, the following resolution was adopted:

[^3]Following the adoption of this resolution, the District of Columbia Political Science Association was recognized as a section of the American Political Science Association.

In the absence of Arthur T. Vanderbilt, chairman of the Committee on Judicial Organization and Administration, the report of the committee was presented by President Walter F. Dodd. In appointing the committee, President Dodd had suggested to the chairman that among its early tasks should be to make the American Political Science Association acquainted with the work of the American Bar Association and the National Conference of Judicial Councils and that its second task should be that of organized coöperation with these bodies. In the accomplishment of the first objective, the committee organized a panel session for the annual meeting of the Association on the subject of "The Manpower of the Courts." Distinguished jurists and judicial consultants were obtained as speakers. The second objective is being approached by the committee through a study of the qualifications of the judiciary. This research, if
completed promptly, will be used in a projected volume, "A Survey of Judicial Administration in the United States," which will be published by the National Conference of Judicial Councils. The report was discussed and commented upon by the Council.

Supplementing this formal report, President Dodd orally informed the Executive Council of another project now being carried out under the chairmanship of Dean Vanderbilt with funds from the National Foundation for Education. This involves the establishment of a Citizenship Clearing House through which young graduates in political science could be aided in finding opportunities in practical politics. Arnold Brecht moved that "the American Political Science Association approves any attempt, competently made, to facilitate the transition from the study of political science to participation in practical politics. It notes with interest the project reported by Dean Vanderbilt and directs the president to appoint a committee to investigate the whole problem, to advise with Dean Vanderbilt, and to report back to the Executive Council." This motion was seconded by J. A. C. Grant and unanimously carried.

Royden Dangerfield presented a comprehensive report on recent developments in the publication program of the Department of State. He commented upon the effect of recent departmental reorganizations upon the publications and discussed in some detail the following series of State Department publications: Foreign Relations, Miller Treaty Series, Department of State Bulletin, other series, significant compilations of World War II documents and German documents. He presented the following resolution for action by the Executive Council:

[^4]On motion of Kenneth Colegrove, seconded by Harvey Walker, the resolution was approved and the officers were directed to send copies to the appropriate officials.

Kenneth Colegrove reported on a request which had been made to the Association by the United States Armed Forces Institute for assistance through the appointment of a panel of political scientists to advise USAFI concerning the selection of textbooks. This matter was taken up with the members of the Executive Council by letter, and the appointment of such a panel by the president was approved. President Dodd reported that the appointments had been made, including the officers and the members of the Executive Council of the Association, a total of twenty-two. It is understood that when USAFI has need for advice in this area, a committee of three will be chosen from the panel to give the needed service.

The report of the Committee on American Legislatures was presented by George B. Galloway, chairman. This committee was able to report a most remarkable achievement in the adoption by Congress of the La-Follette-Monroney Bill and its signature by the President of the United States, incorporating many of the recommendations made by the committee in its published report two years ago. He indicated, however, that the Legislative Reorganization Act departed from the recommendations (1) by failing to provide self-government for the District of Columbia, (2) by omitting to establish policy committees in the House of Representatives, (3) by entrusting the oversight function primarily to the Legislative instead of to the Appropriation Committees, and (4) by its silence on the seniority rule. The chairman indicated that it appeared that the leaders of Congress intended to carry out the act in good faith.

With the congressional reorganization largely accomplished, the emphasis in the work of the committee will now be changed to the state legislatures. A subcommittee on State Legislatures was appointed during the year under the chairmanship of Jack F. Isakoff of the Illinois Legislative Council and including Donald Axelrod, Frederic H. Guild, John A. Perkins, Orba F. Traylor, and Belle Zeller. The preliminary report of this subcommittee was presented by Jack F. Isakoff. He reported that the subcommittee was still in the stock-taking stage, but that during the current year work had been done on four items: (1) the nature and extent of legislative reorganizations, (2) the regulation of lobbying, (3) legislative research facilities, and (4) legislative committee systems. Coöperative relationships have been established with the Council of State Governments and with the National Municipal League. The report concluded with a list of twenty-five of the more important issues which had been presented to the committee as deserving immediate attention. The committee's work during the coming year will be devoted largely to stock-taking in selected areas suggested by this list.

The Secretary-Treasurer presented to the Council a proposal by a num-
ber of members of the Association, also members of the District of Columbia Political Science Association, for the establishment of a Committee on National Political Parties and Elections. This committee would have the objective of studying the organization and operation of national political parties and elections with a view to suggesting changes that might enable the parties and the voters to fulfill their responsibilities more effectively. The proposed field of study included (1) the improvement of party machinery as it affects legislative-executive relationships, (2) the making of political parties more effective instruments for the development of public policy, (3) securing more competent, representative, and responsible personnel in the top political posts of the government and parties, (4) strengthening the control of the electorate over the parties and party machinery, and (5) improving elections and the electorate. A substantial budget to cover the work of the committee was suggested, it being proposed that this be raised by the committee from private sources. On motion of Kenneth Colegrove, seconded by George Galloway, the president was authorized to appoint a committee on Political Parties as suggested in the memorandum to report at the next meeting of the Executive Council.

Pitman B. Potter presented the report of the first year's work of the Committee on International Cultural Relations authorized at the Philadelphia meeting. The first year of the committee's existence has been devoted largely to the establishment of contacts and the definition of the responsibility of the committee with reference to the work of other committees of the Association. The original charter of the committee directed it "to concern itself with the interests of the American Political Science Association with UNESCO, with the United States Department of State on cultural relations, and with relations with political scientists in foreign countries." It was considered that this frame of reference was too narrow to permit the committee to discharge its responsibilities; and on motion of Pitman B. Potter, seconded by Frederic A. Ogg, it was expanded to include "other organizations, national and international, appropriate to the activities of the committee." Louis Brownlow commented on the situation as to representation in the United States delegation to UNESCO. As a result of his suggestions, the Committee on International Cultural Relations was authorized to take whatever action seemed desirable to establish and maintain relations with the National Commission for UNESCO, and with the Economic and Social Council for the United Nations. Further discussion ensued on the problem of the organization of an International Political Science Association. On motion of William Anderson, seconded by Arnold Brecht, the Secretary-Treasurer was authorized to investigate the possibility of the organization of such an association.

Howard White, chairman of the Committee on Social Studies, presented
the report of that committee, which dealt with three projects: (1) the encouragement of the production of films depicting governmental processes as an aid to more effective teaching, (2) coöperation with the National Council for the Social Studies to secure a survey of social education in the high schools, and (3) the arrangement of joint sessions at the annual meetings of the National Council for the Social Studies and the American Political Science Association. Chairman White indicated that the problems with which his committee was called upon to deal were so intimately connected with the work of the Committee on Undergraduate Instruction that he felt that the two committees should be consolidated.

Francis O. Wilcox, chairman of the Committee on Undergraduate Instruction, presented the report of that committee. As a result of discussions among members of the Association in Washington during the war period, considerable progress was made in the consideration of the problems of undergraduate instruction. A symposium on this subject is now in preparation and will appear in an early number of the American Political Science Review. Chairman Wilcox agreed with the suggestion of Howard White that the two committees be consolidated; and on motion of Francis O. Wilcox, seconded by Chester C. Maxey, this consolidation was approved by the Council.
A report on the Personnel Service during 1946 was presented by the Assistant Secretary-Treasurer. He indicated that the calendar year 1946 was a very active one, due to the increased enrollments in colleges and universities and in departments of political science. A total of 107 different persons were registered at one time or another during the year, and 65 of these were known to have been placed, either temporarily or permanently, prior to the annual meeting. During the year, 47 vacancies were called to the attention of the Personnel Service, and an effort was made to suggest suitable persons to fill them. The 1947 edition of the Service will appear early in the year and will be distributed to appointing officers in the colleges and universities of the country. He suggested the need for establishing at the annual meeting of the Association a convenient place, served by a representative of the Personnel Service, where those desiring jobs could register and those needing men could consult the register and arrange conferences with those who seemed to have the desired qualifications. (Such arrangements were made at the Cleveland meeting and will be repeated at future meetings.)
The report of the Research Committee was presented by Chairman Ernest Griffith. He reported on the organization and conduct of research panels in the following areas: comparative government, international relations, military government, political communications, political theory, public administration, public law, relationship of government and military affairs, representative government and the legislative process, and state
and local government. The results of the deliberations of several of the panels already have been published in the American Political Science Review. Other reports are anticipated soon. Chairman Griffith also reported on the successful negotiation for three awards in the field of political science. Medals will be awarded annually by the Woodrow Wilson Foundation (for the outstanding work on American government and democracy) and by the Willkie Freedom House (for the outstanding work on international relations). Funds are also assured for an award in memory of Franklin D. Roosevelt for an outstanding work on the relation of government and human welfare. Through the Research Committee, an extremely favorable publication arrangement has been worked out experimentally with the Edwards Brothers of Ann Arbor, Michigan, for the publication of monographs by photo-offset. The publication of a guide to research facilities in the Washington area under the auspices of the Division of Government of the Bureau of the Census at the request of the Research Committee will soon occur. The committee has also given attention to the problem of declassification of war material. Information is desired by the committee as to specific material now classified which is needed for use by scholars and research projects.

Among the recommendations for future activity by the committee were (1) that the panel reports should appear in a single volume with a title such as "The Frontiers of Political Science," and (2) that a Committee on Awards should be set up to administer the awards already secured and any others which might be made available. The report was received and placed on file. On motion of William Anderson, seconded by Harvey Walker, the following vote was passed:
"That the APSA accepts with gratitude and appreciation the offer of annual awards by the Woodrow Wilson Foundation, by the Wendell Willkie Freedom House, and in memory of Franklin D. Roosevelt.
"That a special committee be appointed to negotiate with the donors as to details and to make recommendations as to the details and the administration thereof to the Executive Council."

In the absence of W. Reed West, chairman of the Committee on Election Statistics, a mimeographed report of the work of the committee was received and filed. The report announced the publication by the Bureau of the Census of "Votes Cast in the Presidential and Congressional Elections, 1928-1944." Future publications now in preparation include "Elective Offices of State and Local Government" and an elections calendar.
J. Alton Burdine, chairman of the Program Committee for 1946, presented a report for that committee, which was received with warm expressions of appreciation for the excellent program which had been prepared for the 1946 meeting. A similar report was made by Earl L. Shoup,
chairman of the Committee on Local Arrangements, who was also thanked by the Council for his excellent arrangements. The Council adopted a resolution of appreciation to Western Reserve University and to the Committee on Local Arrangements for their fine services.

The Secretary-Treasurer reported upon invitations for the annual meeting in 1947. After discussion, it was decided by the Council that the Association will meet in Washington, D. C., on December 29, 30, and 31, 1947, with the Statler Hotel as headquarters.

The Council adjourned at 6:15 P.m.
The annual business meeting of the Association was convened at 4:30 P.m. on Saturday, December 28, with President Walter F. Dodd in the chair and 255 members of the Association in attendance. The minutes of the business meeting of 1945 as printed in the Review were unanimously approved. Kenneth Colegrove presented the report of the SecretaryTreasurer on membership and finances. This was followed by the report of the Audit Committee, which was presented by John Day Larkin and approved by unanimous vote of the members present. The Assistant Sec-retary-Treasurer presented a summary of the acts of the Executive Council at its meeting on December 26. Frederic A. Ogg reported on the American Political Science Review and Franklin L. Burdette on the Directory. William Anderson reported for the Committee on Endowment.

In the absence of Dean Arthur T. Vanderbilt, chairman of the Committee on Judicial Organization and Administration, Francis R. Aumann, a member of the committee, presented the report. Pitman B. Potter reported for the Committee on International Cultural Relations. Harold W. Stoke presented the following resolution, which was approved by the members present and referred to the Executive Council:

[^5]George B. Galloway presented a report for the Committee on American Legislatures, in which he indicated that according to estimates by the committee the Legislative Reorganization Act recently adopted by the Congress of the United States embodies 75 per cent of the original recommendations of the political scientists, 50 per cent of the proposals of the
efficiency engineers, and 80 per cent of the suggestions of the La FolletteMonroney Committee.

Ernest Griffith presented a report for the Committee on Research and Royden Dangerfield for the Committee on Publications of the Department of State. The resolution already approved by the Executive Council concerning the publication program of the Department of State was submitted to and approved by the members present at the business meeting.

Dr. William P. Maddox, Chief of Training Services of the Department of State, explained the recruitment program of that department as revised under recent congressional legislation. Harvey Walker presented a report on the Personnel Service.

The following resolution of thanks was presented by the Assistant Secre-tary-Treasurer and unanimously adopted:
"Resolved that the American Political Science Association expresses its sincere appreciation to Western Reserve University and to the Committee on Local Arrangements for the courtesies which have been extended during the course of this meeting. It desires especially to acknowledge its indebtedness for the capable and tireless service of Professor Earl L. Shoup, chairman of the Committee on Local Arrangements, and to Mr. Raymond A. Bruner of Western Reserve University, who handled the local publicity, making numerous abstracts and press releases which have resulted in such favorable and full reports concerning this meeting as have appeared in the local press and elsewhere through the several wire services."

The following resolution from the research panel on Representative Government was presented to the business meeting and by it referred to the Executive Council:

> "The American Political Science Association, at its meeting in Cleveland, Ohio, on December 26,1946 , commends the Congress for the substantial progress which it already has made toward its own reorganization. We regard it as a long step forward in the perfection of a real and responsible representative democracy in the United States. We urge Congress to continue its study of and action upon this problem as its experience may warrant."

George B. Noble proposed the creation of a Committee on the Federal Constitution. He indicated that he felt that the time had come for a reappraisal of the adequacy of our federal constitutional document. He stated that recently the President of the United States himself had made certain proposals regarding presidential succession. Senator Fulbright and others had made proposals to clarify and improve lines of responsibility. The round table on "The Need for Constitutional Reform" had brought out problems of such importance and urgency in this field as to justify the immediate appointment of such a committee. After discussion, this suggestion was approved by the business meeting and referred to the Council.

The following resolution was submitted by Roy Veatch and referred to the Executive Council:

[^6]The chairman of the Committee on Nominations, Denna F. Fleming, presented the report of that committee. On motion of Clarence A. Berdahl, seconded by John A. Briggs, the persons nominated for officers and members of the Executive Council, as indicated above in the report of the Executive Council, were unanimously elected.
The business meeting was adjourned at 6:20 p.m.
Harvey Walker, Assistant Secretary-Treasurer.
Ohio State University.


[^0]:    "Field Research in Soviet Russia," John N. Hazard, Columbia University.
    "Field Research in China," Paul M. A. Linebarger, School of Advanced International Studies, Washington, D. C.
    "Comparative Government Research and Area Training Courses," Frederick M. Watkins, McGill University.
    "A Future Publication Program in Comparative Government," Harold W. Stoke, University of New Hampshire.
    "UNESCO and Future Foreign Research Collaboration," Pitman B. Potter, American University, and Managing Editor, The American Journal of International Law.
    (2) STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

    Chairman: William Anderson, University of Minnesota.
    Secretary: Dorothy Walker, Louisiana State University.
    Participants: William L. Bradshaw, University of Missouri; W. Brooke Graves, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress; Winston W. Crouch, University of California at Los Angeles.
    (3) MILITARY GOVERNMENT

    Chairman: C. J. Friedrich, Harvard University.
    Secretary: A. A. Maass, Harvard University.
    Participants: J. T. Caldwell, Vanderbilt University, J. Q. Dealey, Jr., War Department; Joseph Bruner, Grinnell College; H. T. Goss, War Department; H. J. Heneman, United States Department of State; R. M. W. Kempner, Lansdowne, Pa.; E. G. Lewis, University of Texas; R. E. Long, University of Vermont; J. B. Mason, Oberlin College; Franz Neumann, Columbia University; R. G. Neumann, University of Wisconsin; Wallace Parks, Bureau of the Budget; W. D. Stout, University of Kentucky; P. H. Taylor, Syracuse University; W. W. White, Western Reserve University; Quincy Wright, University of Chicago; Harold Zink, DePauw University.
    (4) REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT AND THE LEGISLATIVE PROCESSES
    Chairmen: Ernest S. Griffith, Library of Congress; Roland A. Young, Harvard University.
    Secretary: Clarence Hechler, United States Bureau of the Budget.
    Participants: Arthur W. Macmahon, Columbia University; Harvey Walker, Ohio State University; Belle Zeller, Brooklyn College; Donald C. Blaisdell, United States Department of State; Rodney Mott, Colgate University.

[^1]:    "We have examined the accounts of the Secretary-Treasurer of the American Political Science Association and have verified the audit report made by Alexander Grant and Company, which is attached. We have found the statement of the accounts as prepared by the Secretary-Treasurer to be correct.
    "The financial conditions of the Association during the past year, ending December 15,1946 , have improved over those of preceding years. This has resulted from an increase in all classifications of membership: associate, regular, sustaining, contributing, and life members. Total receipts for the year plus the balance from 1945 were $\$ 33,199.65$. Disbursements have been $\$ 20,469.63$, leaving a balance of $\$ 12,730.02$.
    "The Committee recommends that this balance of $\$ 12,730.02$ be retained subject to the disposition of the Secretary-Treasurer to meet the appreciable increase in current operating expenses as a result of increase in the cost of publishing the Review and the higher salaries necessary for the staff. The committee wishes particularly to call attention to the fact that $\$ 7,477.90$ of this amount represents prepaid memberships."

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ The new by-laws were adopted by the ACLS on January 29. Man. Ed.

[^3]:    "That the American Political Science Association encourage the organization of local and regional groups of political scientists to promote the study and teaching of government, to foster research, and to facilitate the discussion of public affairs.
    "That the American Political Science Association coöperate with local and regional societies in the achievement of the above purposes through participation in meetings, suggesting projects, and reporting accomplishments.
    "That local or regional associations whose members are also members of the American Political Science Association may upon application be recognized by the Executive Council as sections of the national association, provided that their functions shall conform to the objects of the American Political Science Association and that they take no action in the name of the national association, as a section thereof, except with the express authority of the Association."

[^4]:    "That the Secretary be instructed to inform the War and State Departments that the American Political Science Association commends the preparation and publication of the eight volumes on $N a z i$ Conspiracy and Aggression, four of which have already been published.
    "That the Secretary be instructed to write the Secretary of State requesting that every effort be made to complete the Miller Treaty Series with dispatch and to suggest that adequate staff and sufficient funds be sought so that at least one volume may be published each year. (Published volumes cover only the period to 1858.)
    "That the Secretary write the Secretary of State expressing the gratification of the American Political Science Association for the undertaking by the Department of State of the compilation and publication of the German Foreign Office Documents.
    "That the Secretary memorialize the Department of State to publish more promptly the publication of Papers Relating to Foreign Relations, now fifteen years in arrears.
    "That the Association request the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to compile and publish a compilation of treaties signed since 1938-such compilation would constitute a fifth volume of Malloy's Treaties.
    "That the Association request of proper congressional committees that appropriations for the accomplishment of the above purposes be made to the Department of State."

[^5]:    "In view of the great importance of knowledge as a basis for progress and mutual understanding, and
    "In view of the great and world-wide difficulty of obtaining and disseminating such knowledge,
    "The American Political Science Association, in this resolution, wishes to make known its warm support of the proposal on the part of the United Nations or any of its agencies to establish a service of research, publication, and broadcasting, free from restrictions of national censorships and controls, to be devoted to the searching out and dissemination of knowledge relating to the governments, institutions, ways and conditions of life throughout the world, this knowledge to be made accessible to scholars and publicists without restriction."

[^6]:    "It is moved that this meeting submit to the Executive Council its recommendation that a committee of the Association be created on World Peace and Security."

