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A REMARK ON A PAPER OF V.K. SRINIVASAN

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An associative locally finite algebra which is also an integral domain over an algebraically closed field is isomorphic to the ground field.

In his paper [1], Srinivasan stated the following "Gelfand-Mazur like theorem":

A complex Banach algebra which is locally finite, and which is also an integral domain, is isomorphic to the complex field $\mathbb C$.

This theorem is valid for each associative, locally finite algebra A, which is also an integral domain, over an algebraically closed field K.

This is shown by the following elementary proof. Let a be an element of A. Since A is locally finite, the subalgebra B of A generated by a and the unit element $1 \in A$ is a finite dimensional vector space over K. Because A is without zero divisors, for each element $b \in B$, $b \neq 0$, the linear map $B \rightarrow B$, $x \rightarrow bx$, is injective; thus bijective too, since B is finite dimensional. Therefore B is a field and a finite extension of the algebraically closed field K, hence isomorphic to K. Consequently one can find an element $\alpha \in K$ with $a = \alpha 1$, and A is isomorphic to K.

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Reference

[1] V.R. Srinivasan, "On some Gelfand-Mazur like theorems in Banach algebras", Bull. Austral. Math. Soc. 20 (1979), 211-215.

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