A Possible Stream of Accreted Globular Clusters in M 31

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Abstract. Globular clusters (GCs) are excellent tracers for the formation, assembly and evolutionary history of their host galaxies. However, their origin and their role in galaxy evolution are still unclear. There are accumulating evidences that a significant fraction of GCs in massive galaxies (e.g., M31) are accreted during their assembly history (e.g., Mackey *et al.* 2010). In this contribution, we report the discovery of a possible stream of accreted GCs in M31 using data from the literature. Unlike previous substructures of GCs identified as clumps in the phase and metallicity space (Ashman, Keith & Christina 1993), the members of this stream are widely spread but tightly correlated in the position-velocity space (see Fig. 1). The tight correlation suggests that they possibly follow very similar orbits. A number of stellar streams have been discovered in the outer halo of M31 (e.g., Ibata *et al.* 2001; McConnachie *et al.* 2009), one of which may be physically associated with the GC stream. If the association is established, it will not only provide a key evidence for accretion origins of some GCs in M31, but also place a strong constraint on the mass distribution of M31.

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Figure 1. Spatial distribution (left panel) and position-velocity diagrams (middle and right panels) of the accreted GC stream in M 31. Black crosses: planetary nebulae from Merrett *et al.* (2006); Blue crosses: confirmed/candidate GCs from Revised Bologna Catalog V4.0 (Galleti *et al.* 2009); Red dots: members of the GC stream. The IDs of the GC members are also marked.

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