The interplay among compositional heterogeneity, lattice defects, micromorphology, and redox stratification in lithium-ion batteries

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Lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) are hierarchically structured, featuring multi-scale heterogeneities in micromorphology, composition, structure deformation, mechanical strain, and redox chemistry, all of which are closely associated with the ultimate battery functionality. It is of fundamental interest and practical importance to probe the battery material with high spatial resolution, sufficient chemical sensitivity, and covering a statistically representative volume. State-of-the-art synchrotron-based x-ray microscopy techniques are being broadly applied to battery research. Depending on the experimental configuration and on the types of signals that are harvested, the synchrotron techniques can probe many different aspects of the material property, e.g. lattice arrangement, micromorphology, and oxidation states. The novel developments in the synchrotron experimental techniques, however, bring in challenges associated with the unprecedented high data rate and complexity. With the aid of advanced computational developments, e.g. machine learning methods, it is now feasible to efficiently and effectively extract scientifically relevant information from large-scale synchrotron data. In synchrotron-based battery research, rapid extraction of useful information from the large data is key to revealing the electro-chemomechanical interplay in functioning lithium-ion batteries.

In this presentation, I will review my group's recent research activities in this field. We combined synchrotron-based multi-modal experimental tools with machine learning models that are tailored for our applications. At the mesoscale, we observe the strain-redox coupling and decoupling effects within single NMC cathode particles, which are attributed to different reaction mechanisms. At the electrode scale, we conduct statistical analysis on thousands of particles in a high-throughput fashion and formulate an understanding of the particle's chemomechanical behavior with statistical significance. Our results not only reveal important degradation mechanisms in LIBs but also can critically inform the design of next-generation LIBs with improved robustness.

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