EREMOPEDES SCUDDERI, Cock.

Eremopedes Scudderi, Cock., Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7), II., 323-324 (1898); Scudd., Cat. Orth. U. S., 78 (1900); Index N. A. Orth., 109 (1901).

The original description is here given in full:

"Length of body 19-21 mm., of pronotum 6 mm., hind femora 21.33 mm., hind tibiæ 23 mm., ovipositor 19.20 mm., antennæ about 51 mm.

"Sepia brown in effect, but in reality ochreous, closely and finely marked with blackish; the density of the black marking somewhat variable, but the lateral margins of the pronotum always broadly pale ochreous. Pronotum truncate in front and behind, the margins narrowly castaneous and slightly concave; lateral lobes not greatly developed. Ovipositor dark brown, only moderately curved. Hind femora with 5-7 very short spines on the inner side; hind tibiæ with from 28 to 33 spines in the outer row. Spines of the anterior tibiæ pale ochreous, tipped with black and having a black longitudinal line on the upper side; there is also sometimes a black patch immediately at the base of each spine. Spines of hind tibiæ brown tipped with black, but the ridge from which they spring is whitish.

"Var., viridis. Similar to the type, but entirely bright apple-green. "Hab.—Mesilla Park, New Mexico, on the campus of the New Mexico Agricultural College. Eight of the brown form and two of the green. They were found in an outhouse, and are doubtless nocturnal in their habits. One specimen was found in the jaws of a Scolopendra heros, which had killed it."

The National Museum collection contains one male specimen of this species from Mesilla Park, N. M., a topotype probably sent by Prof. Cockerell. The pronotum of this specimen is dark ferruginous above, and the posterior femora are but 19 mm. in length. The pronotum is also slightly flattened posteriorly above, probably due to shrinkage in drying.

I desire to acknowledge the kind consideration of an unknown friend, in sending to me 38 *Cecropia* cocoons, apparently all sound. The package bore the postmark of Chicago.

J. Alston Moffat, Cur. and Libr., Ent. Soc., Ont.

Erratum. - Page 67, third line, for Hammaniella read Harrimaniella.