are in the rack. If he is making a wooden shoe, the basket may perhaps contain sawn lengths of wood.

- Pl. VIII (a). THE SALE OF CLOTH. (Rostovtzeff, op. cit., p. 161.) A bas-relief now at Florence. The two sitting figures are customers (or the owners of the factory?); they are attended by two slaves, unless the figure standing in the centre is given too prominent a position to be a slave and is the salesman. Photograph by Alinari.
 - (b). A BANKER. (Rostovtzeff, op. cit. ii. 279.) Part of a funeral monument found in Serbia. A banker or business man is sitting at a table (which is made to fold down against the wall). On the table is a bag lying on its side full of coins. In his left hand he holds a codex accepti et expensi (according to Rostovtzeff) while a slave reads to him items from the day-book. Museum, Belgrade.
 - (c). A SOAP-SHOP. (Rostovtzeff, Ancient World, ii, p. 279.) Rostovtzeff's description is as follows: 'Votive stele from Grand. A woman or goddess with a patera and tablets seated in a niche. To her right is a furnace and on the furnace a boiler, on which is placed a wooden basin, with a plank under it. From the basin projects a spoon. On a shelf on the wall there are two large spherical objects. To the left of the goddess four wooden basins are piled one above the other. In the right-hand corner a girl is pounding the contents of a wooden tub fixed to the wall. Perhaps a factory of Gallic soap (sapo), the goddess being Juno Saponaria, or a pharmacy. The Gallic sapo was used mainly for dyeing hair.' Museum, Epinal.

R. H. B.

T. B. L. W.

ERRATUM

Description of Supplementary Illustrations Pl. III (a), line 6, for heron read herm.