THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL, 1919-43: THE PERSONNEL OF ITS HIGHEST BODIES

This survey of the personnel of the highest bodies of the Comintern is meant to be a tool for researchers and historians studying the history of the international labour movement, especially of the Communist International.

So far five contributions of direct relevance to this subject have appeared. First, the book by B. Lazitch Les partis communistes d'Europe (Paris, 1955). However, Lazitch's data are incomplete, as he names only 140 of the circa 360 members and candidates who were elected to the highest bodies of the Comintern from 1919 till 1943 (I follow the terminology of the sources). Lazitch fails to mention those persons who were elected to the ECCI (Executive Committee of the Communist International) between the Congresses of the International, viz., at the plenary sessions of the ECCI. Moreover, he does not give his sources, or identify pseudonyms, no more does he mention first names or the countries from which the various people came and/or which they represented.

Second, in 1973 B. Lazitch (in collaboration with M. M. Drachkovitch) published Biographical Dictionary of the Comintern (Stanford, 1973). This study furnishes information about 718 people who were active in the Comintern, as elected members of its bodies, as representatives of national Communist parties, as members of the apparatus, as liaison officers, etc. The author has added a list of pseudonyms. Despite the advance in the research concerning the Comintern represented by this book, I want to make some remarks about it. To begin with, I think that in view of the heuristic gaps and difficulties hampering research in this field it is a mistake that the sources used for the biographies of separate personalities are not given. This renders a comparison of the facts described with formerly published material difficult. It also leads to errors and inaccuracies. The author himself is the worst victim of his method, for he invites criticism. Once again, Lazitch's data are incomplete: of the circa 360 elected members and candidates of the highest bodies of the Comintern about 60 are lacking,

among them several members and candidates of the Presidium and the Political Secretariat. Still, this book is an important contribution to the research on the Comintern and I consider it as the basis for a more extensive biographical dictionary.

The third study that pays attention to the composition of the leading bodies of the Comintern is J. Degras, *The Communist International 1919-1943*: *Documents* (3 vols; Oxford, 1956-65). This too shows many shortcomings. Degras does not identify pseudonyms, nor does she give first names. She does not give details about her sources for the composition of the leading bodies, but only furnishes a general survey at the end of each volume of the material she has consulted. For the people elected to the Comintern bodies at various ECCI meetings, and for those elected at the Seventh Comintern Congress, she does not state the countries or the Communist parties they represented.

Finally, I want to mention two contributions on the subject published in Czechoslovakia: 1) A. Hrbatová and F. Svátek, "Přehled o složení nejvyššich orgánů Kominterny 1919-1943" (Survey of the composition of the highest bodies of the Comintern 1919-43), in: Příspěvky k Dějinám KSČ, VI (Prague, 1966), pp. 878-943; 2) F. Svátek, "The Governing Organs of the Communist International: their growth and composition, 1919-1943", in: History of Socialism Year Book 1968 (Prague, 1969), pp. 179-266.

These two contributions were published by the Institute of the History of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia. Its director at the time, Professor Pavel Reiman, candidate to the ECCI in 1928-35 and to its Presidium in 1929-31, had worked for years in the apparatus of the Comintern. So it was to be expected that these studies would have contained fewer hiatuses and inaccuracies than they do. Thus, on p. 252 of the article by Svátek we find the name Tom without a first name and instead of the name of the country a question mark. But Tom was in fact Čeněk Hruška, member of the Politbureau of the CP of Czechoslovakia, who represented that CP on the ECCI in Moscow from 1933 to 1939, using the pseudonym Tom. Michal Wolf, member of the same CP from 1921 to 1940, who, in the 1920's, was sentenced to five and a half years' imprisonment because of illegal Communist activities in Czechoslovakia, is wrongly denoted as a member of the CP of Hungary in 1935 by the same author. In both Czech contributions Weiss, who was elected to the ICC (International Control Commission) for Czechoslovakia instead of Karel Kreibich at the Sixth Congress in 1928, is mentioned without his first name. It is a pity that these Czech authors do not say anything about the identity of Weiss in a footnote, so that to this day it is unknown in Czechoslovakia who Weiss really was. I have given a few examples, but I could have quoted many more. In spite of this I am convinced that Svátek's "The Governing Organs of the Communist International" is an excellent study and so far the most complete about the composition of the highest bodies of the Comintern.

In comparison to the titles mentioned above the survey of the composition of the highest bodies of the Comintern I have drawn up aims at greater completeness and accuracy. It goes without saying that I do not pretend to absolute perfection and completeness, for these cannot be attained without access to the relevant archives. I attach great importance to mentioning first names, to the arrangement according to countries and to the identification of pseudonyms.

A. First names

When first names are not mentioned, it is frequently impossible to identify persons. E.g., between the Second and the Third Congresses Wilhelm Koenen was elected to the Little Bureau of the ECCI (Presidium). At that time, however, his brother Bernard was one of the leaders of the KPD and also working on the apparatus of the ECCI. Another example: at the 11th ECCI plenum in 1931 Müller (no first name, no country) was elected. At that time, however, the KPD had among its leaders Oscar Müller, Herbert Müller, Georg Müller and Kurt Müller, and the Swiss CP Robert Müller, who also took part in the ECCI meetings during the 1930's. The man elected was Kurt Müller. The same is true for the name Popov. At the Third Congress Dimitar Popov was elected for Bulgaria. At the Seventh Congress Blagoj Popov was elected. In addition to these two Nikolaj Popov was active in the Comintern and headed the delegation of the CP of the Soviet Ukraine at the Seventh Congress. His address at that Congress was published with his photo in the Moscow Pravda in August 1935. Further, Stanke Dimitrov, member of the bureau-in-exile of the CP of Bulgaria and collaborator in the ECCI apparatus, used the pseudonym Popov in August 1935.

B. Arranging the names by countries

From such an arrangement it is possible to deduct changes in the evaluation of the revolutionary situation in various countries by the Comintern leaders. It also gives an insight into the interests of Russian foreign policy in different periods. Some examples will illustrate this.

When the plans of the Comintern and the KPD to seize power in Germany by means of an armed revolution failed in October 1923, the Comintern directed its efforts chiefly to Britain. At the Fifth Congress in 1924 Zinov'ev stated:

"Politically, the most important section of the Communist International, at present, is not the German, nor the Russian, but the British Section. Here we are faced by remarkable situations: a Party of only three to four thousand members, wields far wider influence than would appear from these figures. For in Britain we are dealing with a different tradition. MacDonald's party is not much stronger than ours. [...] The tradition of a mass party is not known in England. [...] To form a mass party in England is the chief task of the entire present period. The conditions are there."

As a result of this judgment of the situation the number of representatives of the CP of Great Britain, elected to bodies of the Comintern, was considerably larger after the Fifth Congress. Whereas at the Third Congress one ECCI member was elected and at the Fourth one ECCI member and one candidate, at the Fifth five people were elected to Comintern bodies. Of these five two were elected to the Presidium at the first session of the newly elected ECCI after the Congress. Moreover, MacManus became a member of the Orgbureau and a candidate to the ECCI Secretariat. Later the number became even larger.

Another example can be found in the shifts of the representation of the CP of China on the bodies of the Comintern after the well-known conflict of the united opposition with Stalin over the policy of Stalin and the Comintern towards China. Whereas from the First to the Fifth Congress China was either not represented at all on the bodies of the Comintern, or at most by one candidate, and after the Fifth Congress by one member on the ECCI, at the Sixth Congress six people were elected to bodies of the Comintern, while one of them was elected to the Presidium and the Political Secretariat of the ECCI as well. The changes in the interest attached to the CPs of Yugoslavia and Bulgaria by the Comintern can be seen from the numbers of representatives of these parties. Until the Seventh Congress in 1935 both parties were about equally represented. At the Seventh Congress there was a sudden change: of the four people proposed by the CP of Yugoslavia only Gorkić (Čižinski), the then secretary-general of that CP, was elected as a candidate. On the other hand, five people proposed by the CP of Bulgaria were elected to fill nine functions, two of them on the Presidium. Georgi Dimitrov also became a member of the Political Secretariat of the ECCI and Secretary-General of the Comintern. At a later stage, in the years 1938-39, the ECCI Secretariat

¹ Fifth Congress of the Communist International. Abridged Report of Meetings held at Moscow June 17th to July 8th, 1924 (London, n.d.), p. 35.

deliberated extensively, if the CP of Yugoslavia should be dissolved.1

C. Pseudonyms

I am convinced that the identification of the pseudonyms of the Comintern officials will be useful to fill in the gaps still to be found in a series of political biographies of these people. It can also be useful for the study of the history of various national parties. Every one who has gone deeply into the history of the Comintern knows that the identification of pseudonyms is a very complicated problem, which has given rise to numerous polemics, some of them undecided even now.²

A fact that is less known, or at least less often mentioned, is that the use of pseudonyms in the Comintern was not solely a consequence of illegality, but also had a political function — especially for certain people. For example, at the Sixth Congress Knorin and Popov, both members of the CPSU, were elected under the pseudonyms Sokolik and Lovickij as ECCI candidates for the CP of Poland. Both of them played an important part in deposing the Kostrzewa-Warski group from the leadership of the CP of Poland later on. The same thing happened to Sakun, a member of the CPSU, who was elected as candidate to the ECCI Presidium for the CP of Yugoslavia under the pseudonym Milković, and played a similar part in the expulsion of Sima Marković, the then secretary-general, from the leadership of the CP of Yugoslavia.³

In some cases we find that not one but several Comintern functionaries acted under the same pseudonym at different periods, or, on the other hand, that the same person used different pseudonyms at the same time. During his work in Vienna in 1924 Georgi Dimitrov was known under the pseudonym Dimov among the members of the bureau-in-exile of the CP of Bulgaria, and among the leadership of the Balkan Communist Federation under the pseudonym Viktor, but at the same time he used the pseudonym Oswald as ECCI representative

In October 1939 Jan Šverma, then head of the bureau-in-exile of the CP of Czechoslovakia situated in Paris, and candidate to the ECCI, left for Yugoslavia, instructed by the ECCI Secretariat to investigate the situation in the leadership of the Yugoslav CP, which was to be dissolved in the same way as the CP of Poland. On his return to Moscow in the spring of 1940, Šverma gave an extensive report to the ECCI Secretariat about the situation in the Yugoslav CP, refuting all the accusations made and thus stopping the dissolution. These facts, known to me owing to my association with Šverma's family for many years, are confirmed by Milovan Djilas, Memoir of a Revolutionary (New York, 1973), pp. 341-42.

² See J. Degras, The Communist International 1919-1943, II, p. 573.

³ See Tables 37 and 39, notes.

for the CP of Austria. Another example is the pseudonym Ziegler. At one time this was used by Alfred Kurella, while at the fifth congress of the Czechoslovak CP in Prague in February 1929 the ECCI was represented by Henryk Henrykowski (Saul Amsterdam) under the same pseudonym. Under his own name Egidio Gennari was elected a member of the ICC at the Fifth Comintern Congress. At the 8th ECCI plenum he also got into the Presidium and the Political Secretariat of the ECCI under the pseudonym Maggi – taking the place of Ercoli (Togliatti). He kept these places till the Sixth Congress.¹ It must be noted that by the latter elections of Gennari the statutes of the Comintern were broken, for members of the ICC were not allowed to sit on other bodies of the Comintern at the same time.²

The following survey has been arranged chronologically according to the Comintern *Congresses*. At each Congress an ECCI was elected, from the Fifth Congress an ICC too. Each newly elected ECCI then elected its executive bodies at its constituent meeting. In the course of the years the number and the names of these bodies changed.

The tables give the composition of the separate bodies, stating the source in each case; Nos 34, 35, 41, 42, 45-48 and 53-56 are my own account. Within the separate bodies the names are listed by countries. I put the USSR first (till the Fourth Congress: Russia and the other republics, the latter in alphabetical order; till the Sixth Congress: USSR and Ukrainian SSR) in view of her extraordinary part in the activities of the Comintern and because Moscow was the only and permanent seat of the Comintern. All the other countries are put in alphabetical order. Since in a number of cases the sources do not mention the countries for which people were elected to the bodies of the Comintern, I add these (with a few exceptions). This is true for the ECCI elected at the Fifth Congress; for the ECCI and ICC elected at the Seventh Congress; for the bodies of the ECCI (Presidium, Orgbureau, Secretariat, Political Secretariat) elected at the constituent meetings of the newly elected ECCIs after the Congresses; and for the

¹ Within the framework of this article it is impossible to go into the reasons why precisely Gennari, under the pseudonym Maggi, was put in Ercoli's (Togliatti's) place in 1927 and why it was that Togliatti did not return to the Political Secretariat of the ECCI until the 11th ECCI plenum in April 1931.

² From the Fifth Congress the ICC was an independent body of the Comintern and was elected exclusively by the Congresses. One of its tasks was the investigation of complaints about the actions of various departments of the ECCI. Tätigkeitsbericht der Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale für die Zeit vom 5. bis zum 6. Weltkongress. Die Komintern vor dem 6. Weltkongress (Hamburg, 1928), p. 85.

bodies of the ECCI elected at the enlarged (1 to 7) and non-enlarged (8 to 13) plenary sessions of the ECCI.

Within the countries the *names* are arranged alphabetically. In the publications quoted as sources no first names are mentioned. In so far as I was able to do so from the material at my disposal or from my own knowledge, I have added the first names. However, if this would not give rise to misunderstandings, I have done so only the first time a person appears; see also the Index of names on pp. 181ff. People who do not or not only represent their national parties are put at the end of the table, e.g., Kolarov, Vasil, for the Balkans, or Kun, personally.

For the members of bodies of the Comintern who were elected under a pseudonym, I put their real names within brackets the first time they are mentioned, in so far as I have been able to decipher their pseudonyms. When I have not yet succeeded in deciphering the pseudonym, I have put (pseud.) after the name and, when I am not certain whether the name mentioned is a person's real name or a pseudonym, I have put (pseud.?). Brackets are used when additional information is added to a source, e.g., Zetkin (personally). When the accuracy of the additional information is doubtful a question mark is used, e.g., Lozovskij (for the RILU?).

FIRST CONGRESS (2-6 MARCH 1919)

Table 1. The ECCI after the First Congress¹

Russia 2

Zinov'ev, Grigorij E. (Radomysl'skij), Chairman; Balabanova, Anželika; Berzin, Jan A.; Bucharin, Nikolaj I.; Karachan, Lev M.; Klinger, Gustav K.; Litvinov, Maksim M. (Finkelstein); Vorovskij,

Vaclav V.; and others

Finland Latvia Sirola, Yrjö Stučka, Petr Poland Marchlewski, Julian

Yugoslavia Milkić, Ilija

The Secretaries of the ECCI were successively:

Russia Balabanova; Vorovskij; Berzin; Radek, Karl (Sobelsohn)

Source: G. Zinov'ev, Report of the Executive Committee of the Communist International (Petrograd, 1920), pp. 4-5²

¹At the First Congress mainly questions pertaining to the programme of the Comintern were dealt with. As to the structure of the new institution, only the ECCI was elected as an executive body. The Congress directed the ECCI to elect from its ranks a Bureau of five members. The first task of this Bureau (after the Second Congress it was called the Little Bureau) was to conduct the illegal work of the separate Communist parties. A more penetrating study about the development of the structure of the Comintern bodies and their apparatus is in preparation. ² F. I. Firsov gives a slightly different list; Sirola does not appear as a member of the ECCI, but A. Men'šoj and E. Rudnyánszky do. See Vtoroj Kongress Kominterna. Razrabotka kongressom idejnych, taktičeskich i organizacionnych osnov kommunističeskich partij (Moscow, 1972), p. 51. (From the First until the Second Congress A. G. Men'šoj (L. S. Levin) under the pseudonym

SECOND CONGRESS (19 JULY - 7 AUGUST 1920)

Table 2. The ECCI elected after the Second Congress

M	em.	bers	
7.47	CIII	0013	

11101160013			
Russia	Zinov'ev, Chairman; Buch	arin; Kobec	kij, Michail V.; Radek;
	Tomskij, Michail P. (Efreme	ov); Šackin, i	Lazar M., for the YI ¹
Georgia	Cchakaja, Michail	Hungary	Rudnyánszky, Endre
Austria	Steinhardt, Karl	Italy	Serrati, Giacinto
Britain	Quelch, Thomas	•	Menotti
Bulgaria	Šablin, Nikola (Ne-	Korea	Pak (Pak Chin-sun), for
Ŭ	djalkov, Ivan)		the Far East countries
Czechosl.	Hůla, Břetislav	Norway	Friis, Jacob, for
Finland	Manner, Kullerva	·	Scandinavia
France	Rosmer, Alfred (Griot)	Persia	Sultan-Zade, Avetis
Germany	Meyer, Ernst	*	(Mikaeljan), for the
Holland	Jansen, Jan (Proost,		Near East countries
	Johannes); Wijnkoop,	Poland	Radek ²
	David; Maring (Snee-	USA	Hurvič, Nikolaj; Reed,
	vliet, Hendricus J. F.		John

Candidates

Russia Berzin; Ciperovič, Grigorij V.; Lenin, Vladimir I. (Ul'janov); Pavlovič (Vel'tmann, Michail L.); Stalin, Iosif V. (Džugašvili);

Yugoslavia Milkić

Trockij, Lev D. (Bronstein)

Germany Levi, Paul Latvia Stučka

Italy Cesare (Sessa, Cesare?)

M.), for Java

Source: 10 Let Kominterna v rešenijach i cifrach. Sostaviteli A. Tivel' i M. Chejmo (Moscow, Leningrad, 1929), p. 494

Table 3. The Little Bureau of the ECCI elected after the Second Congress

Russia Zinov'ev, Chairman; Bucharin; Kobeckij

Germany Meyer Hungary Rudnyánszky

Source: 10 Let Kominterna, p. 293

Gaj headed the press department of the ECCI, see V. I. Lenin i VČK (Moscow, 1975), p. 409.) In 1935, in an interview with B. I. Nikolaevskij in Prague, Thomas (Jakub Reich), head of the West European Secretariat of the ECCI in Berlin from 1919 until 1925, gave the composition of the ECCI and its Bureau after the First Congress as follows. ECCI: Zinov'ev; Bucharin; Lenin; Rakovskij; Thomas; Vorovskij, Secretary; Bureau: Zinov'ev, Chairman; Bucharin; Carlo (Ljubarskij); Klinger, Administrative Secretary; Thomas; Vorovskij, Secretary; Berzin, his deputy. B. I. Nikolaevskij, "Na zare Kominterna. Rasskaz 'tovarišča Tomasa'", in: Socialističeskij Vestnik, Sbornik No 1 (New York, 1964), p. 132.

- ¹ Youth International, from 1922 Communist Youth International, CYI, or Youth Communist International, YCI.
- ² Radek was elected twice, first as a member of the RCP(B), secondly as a member of the Polish CP.
- 3 Pavlovič (Vel'tmann) became known as Volonter.
- ⁴ Pravda (Moscow), 10 August 1920, omits Hůla, Meyer, Jansen, Maring and Hurvič as members, and Ciperovič, Cesare and Stučka as candidates; it mentions Levi as a member, and Čičerin, Jansen, Meyer and Varga as candidates,

Table 4. The Little Bureau before the Third Congress

Russia Zinov'ev, Chairman; Bucharin; Kobeckij; Radek

France Rosmer Hungary Kun, Béla; Rudnyán-

Germany Koenen, Wilhelm; Meyer szky

Source: ibid.

Members

THIRD CONGRESS (22 JUNE - 12 JULY 1921)

Table 5. The ECCI elected after the Third Congress

Michiels			
Russia	Zinov'ev, Chairman; Buchari	n; Lenin; Ra	adek; Trockij
Ukraine	Šumskij, Aleksandr Ja.	Hungary,	Lékai, János, for the YI
Austria	Koritschoner, Franz	Italy	Terracini, Umberto
Belgium	Overstraeten, Edward	Latvia	Stučka
•	van	Norway	Scheflo, Olaf
Britain	Bell, Thomas	Poland	Gliński, Piotr (Króli-
Bulgaria	Popov, Dimitar		kowski, Stefan)
Czechosl.	Burian, Edmund; Krei-	Rumania	Badulescu (Moscovici,
	bich, Karel		Gelbert)
Finland	Sirola	Spain	Merino-Gracia, Ramón
France	Souvarine, Boris (Lifšis,	Sweden	Kilbom, Karl
	Boris)	Switzerland	Arnold, Emil
Germany	Frölich, Paul; Heckert,	USA	Baldwin (Tywerousky,
	Fritz; Münzenberg,		Oscar)
	Willi, for the YI	Yugoslavia	Marković, Sima
Holland	Jansen		

Candidates

Russia	Kamenev, Lev B. (Rosenfeld	, Lev B.); K	obeckij
Armenia	Kasjan, Sarkis (Ter-	Korea	Ham Man-chen
	Kasparjan, Sarkis)	Lithuania	Angaretis, Zigmas
Azerbaijan	Musabekov, Gazan-Far		Aleksa
Georgia	Cchakaja	Mexico	Roy, Manabendra Nath
Australia	Freeman, Paul		(Bhattacharya, Nanedra
China	Chan-Kai (pseud.)		Nath)1
Denmark	Jörgensen, Aage	Palestine	Sar (pseud.)
Estonia	Pögelmann, Hans	Persia	Sultan-Zade
Greece	Dimitratos(, Panagis?)	South Africa	Jones, David Yvon

Source: Die Tätigkeit der Exekutive und des Präsidiums des E.K. der Kommunistischen Internationale vom 13. Juli 1921 bis 1. Februar 1922 (Petrograd, 1922), pp. 5-6

¹ 10 Let Kominterna, p. 307, gives Roy for India, not for Mexico.

160 vilém kahan

Table 6. The Little Bureau elected after the Third Congress (13 July 1921)

Russia Zinov'ev, Chairman; Bucharin; Radek

France Souvarine Hungary Kun

Germany Heckert Italy Gennari, Egidio

Source: Die Tätigkeit, op. cit., p. 7

Table 7. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected after the Third Congress (13 July 1921)

Finland Kuusinen, Otto W. Switzerland Humbert-Droz, Jules

Hungary Rákosi, Mátyás

Source: ibid.

Table 8. The ICC elected after the Third Congress (13 July 1921)

Finland Sirola Germany Zetkin, Clara, Chair-France Vaillant-Couturier, man; Koenen, Wilhelm

Paul; Ker, Antoine Poland Walecki, Henryk (Keim, Louis Antoine), (Horwitz, Maksymilian)

(Keim, Louis Antoine), his deputy

Source: Die Tätigkeit, op. cit., p. 16

Table 9. The Presidium of the ECCI elected after the 1st enlarged plenum (24 January – 4 March 1922)¹

Members

Russia Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Radek

Czechosl. Kreibich Italy Terracini

France Sellier, Louis; Sou- USA Carr, James (Kat-

varine² terfeld, Ludwig)

Germany Brandler, Heinrich

Candidates

Finland Kuusinen Poland Walecki

Source: Die Taktik der Kommunistischen Internationale gegen die Offensive des Kapitals. Bericht über die Konferenz der Erweiterten Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale, Moskau, vom 24. Februar bis 4. März 1922 (Hamburg, 1922), p. 144

Table 10. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected by the Presidium on 17

March 1922

Finland Kuusinen, Secretary- Hungary Rákosi

General

Germany Eberlein, Hugo

Source: Bericht über die Tätigkeit des Präsidiums und der Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale für die Zeit vom 6. März bis 11. Juni 1922 (Hamburg, 1922), p. 8

¹ At the close of its session of 26 August 1921, the Little Bureau was abolished and converted into the Presidium of the ECCI. See Die Tätigkeit, op. cit., p. 142.

² Sellier and Souvarine had a joint vote in the ECCI. See Die Tätigkeit, p. 143.

Table 11. The Secretariat of the ECCI before the 2nd enlarged plenum

Russia Kon, Feliks Ja. Germany Eberlein Finland Kuusinen Hungary Rákosi

Source: Bericht über die Tätigkeit des Präsidiums und der Exekutive, pp. 8, 30

Table 12. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 2nd enlarged plenum (7-11 June 1922)

Members Russia

Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Radek

Bulgaria Jordanov, Jordan France Leiciague, Lucie; Czechosl. Iflek. Bohumil: Šmeral. Souvarine²

Czechosl. Jflek, Bohumil; Šmeral, Souvarine²
Bohumír¹ Italy Gramsci, Antonio

Candidates

Finland Kuusinen USA Cook, James (Cannon,

Tames P.)

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 2, p. 716 (17 June 1922)

Table 13. The ECCI before the Fourth Congress

Members

Russia Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Lenin; Radek; Trockij; Lozovskij,

Aleksandr A. (Dridzo, Salomon A.), for the RILU³

Ukraine Šumskij Holland Jansen

Austria Koritschoner; Schüller, Italy Ambrogi, Ersilio

Richard, for the CYI Japan Katayama, Sen Latvia Stučka

Belgium Van Overstraeten Norway Scheflo

Britain Bell Poland Próchniak, Edward

Bulgaria Jordanov Rumania Badulescu Czechosl. Neurath, Alois; Šmeral Spain Merino-Gracia

Finland Kuusinen; Manner Sweden Kilbom

France Henriet, Paul Arthur; Switzerland Humbert-Droz Leiciague USA Carr; Cook Germany Eberlein; Zetkin Yugoslavia Marković

_ ...

Candidates

Armenia Kasjan Greece Dimitratos Azerbaijan Musabekov Iceland Wallenius, Allan

Georgia Cchakaja India Rov

Argentina Penelón, José F., for Korea Ham Man-chen

South America Lithuania Angaretis

Australia Earsman, W. P. Palestine Sar

China Chan-Kai Persia Sultan-Zade

Denmark Jörgensen South Africa Bunting, Sidney P. Estonia Pögelmann Turkey Salich, Hacioglu

Source: 10 Let Kominterna, pp. 306-07

¹ Jilek and Smeral had a joint vote in the ECCI. See source.

² Leiciague and Souvarine had a joint vote in the ECCI. See source.

^{*} Red International of Labour Unions.

Table 14. The Presidium of the ECCI at the time of the Fourth Congress

Russia Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Radek; Šackin (for the CYI)

BulgariaJordanovGermanyBrandlerFinlandKuusinenItalyAmbrogiFranceSouvarineUSACarr

Source: 10 Let Kominterna, p. 3071

Table 15. The Secretariat of the ECCI at the time of the Fourth Congress

Russia Kon; Minkin, Aleksandr Germany Eberlein E. Hungary Rákosi

Finland Kuusinen

Source: ibid.

FOURTH CONGRESS (5 NOVEMBER - 5 DECEMBER 1922)

Table 16. The ECCI elected at the Fourth Congress

Members			
Russia	Zinov'ev, President; Bucha	rin; Radek;	Šackin, for the CYI;
	Safarov, Georgij I. (Egorov, G	Georgij I.), fo	or the Eastern countries
Australia	Garden, John S.	Japan	Katayama, for the
Austria	Schüller, for the CYI		Eastern countries
Britain	MacManus, Arthur	Mexico	Stirner, Alfred (Woog,
Bulgaria	Kolarov, Vasil, for the		Edgar), for South
	Balkans		America
Czechosł.	Neurath; Šmeral	Norway	Scheflo, for Scandinavia
Finland	Kuusinen	Poland	Próchniak
France	Frossard, Ludvic Oscar;	South Africa	Andrews, William H.
	Souvarine	Sweden	Höglund, Karl Zeth, for
Germany	Hoernle, Edwin; Zetkin		Scandinavia
Italy	Gennari; Gramsci	USA	Carr
Candidates			
Russia	Lenin; Trockij	India	Roy, for the Eastern
Britain	Newbold, J. T. Walton		countries
Czechosl.	Muna, Alois	Italy	Bordiga, Amadeo
France	Duret, Jean (Koral,	Rumania	Macavei, Mihai, for the
	François)		Balkans
Germany	Böttcher, Paul Herbert	USA	Damon, David (Ruthenberg, Charles Emil)

Source: Protokoll des Vierten Kongresses der Kommunistischen Internationale. Petrograd-Moskau vom 5. November bis 5. Dezember 1922 (Hamburg, 1923), p. 967

Table 17. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the plenary session after the Fourth Congress

Members

Russia Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Radek

¹ This source does not mention Šmeral as a member of the Presidium.

Britain MacManus France Souvarine
Bulgaria Kolarov (for the Germany Zetkin
Balkans) Italy Gennari
Czechosl. Neurath Japan Katayama

Finland Kuusinen

Candidates

Russia Safarov (for the East- France Lévy, Georges

ern countries) Germany Hoernle

Czechosl. Šmeral

Source: Bericht der Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale 15. Dezember 1922 – 15. Mai 1923 (Moscow, 1923), p. 80¹

Table 18. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the plenary session after the Fourth Congress

Members

Russia Pjatnickij, Osip A. (Taršis, Iosif A.)

Bulgaria Kolarov (Secretary- Germany Stoecker, Walter²

General)

Candidates

Finland Kuusinen Hungary Rákosi

Source: Bericht der Exekutive, op. cit., p. 7

Table 19. The Orgbureau of the ECCI elected at the plenary session after the Fourth Congress

Members

Russia Pjatnickij; Safarov (for the Eastern countries) Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Finland Ku

AustriaSchüller (for the CYI)FinlandKuusinenBulgariaKolarovGermanyHoernleCzechosl.NeurathHungaryRákosi

Candidates

Russia Vompe, Pavel A.3

Source: Bericht der Exekutive, op. cit., p. 80

Table 20. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 3rd enlarged plenum (12-23 June 1923)

Russia Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Radek; Šackin (for the CYI)

Britain MacManus Czechosl. Neurath
Bulgaria Kolarov (for the Finland Kuusinen
Balkans) France Souvarine

¹ 10 Let Kominterna, p. 316, mentions Šackin and Šmeral as members, Gramsci and Neurath as candidates; it omits Safarov and Lévy as candidates.

At the close of the plenum, Stoecker was replaced by Neurath (Czechoslovakia). See source.

Vompe headed the OMS (Section of International Communications) from its institution in 1921 until his death on 1 August 1925. The OMS was responsible for all secret activities of the Comintern. See Osip Pjatnickij, "Unsere Toten", in: Inprekorr, Vol. 5, pp. 1727-28 (11 August 1925).

Germany Katayama (for the Zetkin Japan Italy Terracini Eastern countries) Scandinavia one representative

Source: Protokoll der Konferenz der Erweiterten Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale, Moskau, 12.-23. Juni 1923 (Hamburg, 1923), p. 3211

Table 21. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the 3rd enlarged plenum

Members

Russia Piatnickii

Kolarov (Secretary-Czechosl. Neurath Bulgaria

General)

Candidates

Finland Kuusinen Poland Brand, Ernest (Lauer,

Hungary Rákosi Henryk)

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 3, p. 1013 (9 July 1923)

Table 22. The Orgbureau elected at the 3rd enlarged plenum

Members

Russia Pjatnickij

Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Finland Kuusinen Britain MacManus France Souvarine Terracini Bulgaria Kolarov (for the Italy

Balkans)

Candidates

Britain Stewart, Robert Source: 10 Let Kominterna, p. 316

fifth congress (16 june – 8 july 1924)

Table 23. The ECCI elected at the Fifth Congress

Members

Belgium

Bulgaria

Britain

USSR Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Kamenev; Rykov, Aleksej I.;

Stalin; Hessen, Sergej M. (for the CYI)

Chen Tu-hsiu UkrSSR Frunze, Michail V.; Ma-China

Muna; Neurath; Šmeral nuil'skij, Dimitrij Z. Czechosl. Penelón (for Latin Finland Kuusinen (for Finland Argentina

America) and the Baltic states) Sellier; Sémard, Pierre; Austria Fiala, Gottlieb; Schüller France

> (for the CYI) Treint, Albert

Jacquemotte, Joseph Germany Geschke, Ottomar; Ro-

MacManus; Pollitt, Har-

senberg, Arthur; Schlecht, Paul; Zetkin

Kolarov (personally)

¹⁰ Let Kominterna, p. 316, mentions Smeral, Bordiga and Schüller instead of Neurath, Terracini and Šackin; it adds Neurath, Terracini and Stewart as candidates.

Holland	Wijnkoop	Spain	Persolis (Pérez Solis,
India	Roy		Oscar)
Italy	Bordiga; Ercoli (To-	Sweden	Höglund; Kilbom
•	gliatti, Palmiro)	USA	Foster, William Z.;
Japan	Katayama		Ruthenberg, Charles
Java	Semaoen		Emil
Norway	Scheflo	Yugoslavia	Filipović, Filip;
Poland	Grzegorzewski (Grzel-	1 480514 114	Kaclerović, Triša;
1 Glana	szczak, Franciszek)		Vujović, Voja (for the
Rumania	Cristescu, Gheorghe		CYI)
Kumama	Cristescu, Gheorghe		CII)
C 1: 1 - 4			
Candidates	D (T) 1 T) (· 1 · · / / 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
USSR	Petrov (Raskol'nikov, Fedor	F.); Pjatn	ickij; Trockij; Lozovskij
	(for the RILU?)		
Britain	Gallacher, William;	Ireland	Larkin, James
	Stewart	Italy	Maffi, Fabrizio; Rienzi
Bulgaria	Dimitrov, Georgi		(Tasca, Angelo);
Czechosl.	Dobrovolný, Filip;		Scoccimarro, Mauro
	Verčik, Július; Zá-	Lithuania	Mickiewicz-Kapsukas,
	potocký, Antonín		Vincas (for Finland and
France	Doriot, Jacques;		the Baltic states)
	Girault, Suzanne	Norway	Hansen, Arvid G.
	(Depollier, Suzanne);	Poland	Bogucki, Wacław;
	Jerram, Guy	1 010110	Niedobytyj (Ładan,
Germany	Fischer, Ruth (Eisler,		Paweł)
Commany	Elfriede); Maslow, Ar-	Sweden	Samuelson, Oscar
	kadi (Čemerinskij, Isak);	USA	Dunne, William F.

Source: Pjatyj Vsemirnyj Kongress Kommunističeskogo Internacionala 17 ijunja – 8 ijulja 1924 g., Stenografičeskij otčet (Moscow, Leningrad, 1925), II (Priloženija), p. 2378

Yugoslavia Marković

Thälmann, Ernst

Kun (personally)2

Hungary

¹ Fedor Raskol'nikov, born Fedor Il'in, attended the Fifth Congress as a member with voting rights of the RCP(B) delegation under the name Raskol'nikov. He was also a member with a consultative vote of the delegation of the CP of China, under the pseudonym Petrov. Under the name Petrov he directed the Eastern department of the ECCI for several years. He was apparently elected as candidate of the ECCI to the Secretariat and the Orgbureau for the Eastern countries. See source, pp. 241-43; Leo Trotzky, Wer leitet heute die Kommunistische Internationale (Berlin, 1930), p. 30.

Béla Kun, relieved of all party positions in the Hungarian CP from 1922 until the first congress of the Hungarian CP held in Vienna on 18-25 August 1925, attended the Fifth Comintern Congress as a full delegate with voting rights of the RCP(B) delegation. He directed the Agitprop department of the ECCI from December 1923 on. In 1924 he was elected as candidate to the ECCI, personally. See source, p. 242; Kun Bélané, Kun Béla (Emlékezések) (Budapest, 1966); Protokoll Fünfter Kongress der Kommunistischen Internationale (Hamburg, n.d.), p. 1022.

The German edition of the report omits Schüller, Hessen and Vujović as members, and Petrov as candidate. It mentions Sokolnikov as candidate. Filipović, Kaclerović, Marković, Maslow, Scoccimarro and Chen Tu-hsiu are listed under their pseudonyms: Bošković, Marinović, Simić, Robert, Marco and Tschin Du-liu. Protokoll Fünfter Kongress, pp. 1021-22. The English edition of the report does not give the names of Foster and Ruthenberg; it mentions only "United States: 2 comrades". Petrov is not named as candidate, but Sokolnikov is. Filipović, Kaclerović, Marković, Maslow and Scoccimarro are given under their pseudonyms. Fifth Congress of the Communist International, op. cit., pp. 277-78.

Table 24. The ICC elected at the Fifth Congress

USSR Kon; Sol'c, Aron A. Koenig, Arthur Brazil Astrogildo (Pereira, Germany Astrojildo) Italy Gennari Latvia Stučka Britain Murphy, John T. Bulgaria Kabakčiev, Christo Lithuania Angaretis Stirner Czechosl. Kreibich Mexico Denmark Lauersen (Larsen, Axel), Poland Próchniak Shafik (Deymer, Shafik for Scandinavia Turkey Estonia Pögelmann Hüsnü) Cachin, Marcel USA Browder, Earl Russell France

Source: Pjatyj Vsemirnyj Kongress, II, p. 238

Members

USSR

Table 25. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 4th enlarged plenum (12-13 July 1924)

Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Stalin

UkrSSR	Manuil'skij	Germany	Geschke; Thälmann
Britain	MacManus	Italy	Ercoli
Bulgaria	Kolarov (for the Balkans)	Japan	Katayama (for the
Czechosl.	Šmeral	• -	Eastern countries)
Finland	Kuusinen (for Finland and the Baltic states)	Norway	Scheflo (for Scandinavia)
France	Sémard	Yugoslavia	Vujović (for the CYI)
Candidates			
USSR	Kamenev; Rykov; Sokolnik (for the CYI)	cov, Grigorij	Ja. (Brilliant); Hessen
UkrSSR	Frunze	India	Roy (for the Eastern
Britain	Pollitt		countries)
Czechosl.	Muna; Neurath	Italy	Rienzi
France	Treint	Norway	Hansen (for Scandi-
Germany	Fischer; Schlecht;	•	navia)
•	Zetkin (personally)	USA	Foster: Ruthenberg

Source: 10 Let Kominterna, pp. 327-281

Table 26. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the 4th enlarged plenum

Wembers		
USSR	Pjatnickij	Germany Geschke
Finland	Kuusinen	Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-
France	Treint	ally?)2

¹ Inprekorr, Vol. 4, p. 1107, lists Pollitt as a member of the Presidium, but fails to mention Foster and Ruthenberg as candidates. It refers merely to "two American comrades". J. Degras, II, p. 573, says that the names of Roy and Hessen are omitted from the list published in 10 Let Kominterna. This is not correct. See source, p. 328.

^a Humbert-Droz represented the ECCI in the Latin countries of Europe from 1922 to 1924, and later became responsible for these countries and Latin America in the ECCI Secretariat in Moscow. He attended the Fifth Congress as a full delegate with voting rights of the Portuguese CP. He was probably elected personally to the Secretariat and the Orgbureau. See Pjatyj Vsemirnyj Kongress, II, p. 242.

Candidates

Britain MacManus Germany Zetkin, for the IWS1

Czechosl. Neurath

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 4, p. 1107 (14 July 1924)

Table 27. The Orgbureau elected at the 4th enlarged plenum

USSR Pjatnickij; Petrov (for the Eastern countries?)

Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Italy one representative
Britain MacManus Lithuania Mickiewicz-Kapsukas

Czechosl. one representative Poland Bogucki

Finland Kuusinen Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

France Treint ally?)
Germany Geschke USA Dunne

Hungary Kun (personally)

Source: ibid.

Table 28. The Orgbureau elected at the 5th enlarged plenum (21 March – 6 April 1925)²

USSR Pjatnickij; Petrov (for the Eastern countries?)

Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Lithuania Mickiewicz-Kapsukas

Britain MacManus Poland Bogucki

Finland Kuusinen Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

France Treint ally?)

Germany Geschke USA Dunne

Hungary Kun (personally) Source: 10 Let Kominterna, p. 328

Table 29. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 6th enlarged plenum (17 February – 15 March 1926)³

Members

China

USSR Zinov'ev, President; Bucharin; Stalin; Lominadze, Vissarion V.,

for the CYI; Lozovskii, for the RILU

UkrSSRManuil'skijFinlandKuusinen, for FinlandBritainFerguson, Aitkenand the Baltic statesBulgariaKolarov, for theFranceSémard; Treint

Balkans Germany Remmele, Hermann; Su-Fan (Chen Ho-sian?) Thälmann; Zetkin (for

Czechosl. Šmeral the IWS)

¹ Clara Zetkin was elected to the ECCI personally and as candidate to the Secretariat for the International Women's Secretariat (IWS). See source.

² The 5th plenum does not appear to have published a list of members elected to the ECCI Presidium and Secretariat. J. Degras, II, p. 573, gives a list of the composition of the Secretariat consisting of Kuusinen, Pjatnickij, Treint, Katz, Humbert-Droz, Neurath and Kornblum. This composition is in accordance with the list of the Secretariat elected at the opening of the plenum for the duration of the plenum only. See, for instance, Protokoll der Erweiterten Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale, Moskau, 21. März-6. April 1925 (Hamburg, 1925), pp. 1, 4. ³ On 17 March 1926 Bucharin, Thälmann and Sémard were elected as Vice-Presidents of the Comintern and the ECCI. See source.

India Roy, for the Eastern Japan Katayama countries USA Ruthenberg

Italy Ercoli

Candidates

Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi Yugoslavia Bošković, Boško (Fili-

Poland Bogucki pović, Filip); Vujović, USA Bedacht, Max for the CYI

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 6, p. 794 (9 April 1926)

Table 30. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the 6th enlarged plenum

Members

USSR Kornblum, Isak R.; Pjatnickij; Petrov (for the Eastern countries?) Britain Ferguson India Roy, for the Eastern

Czechosl. Šmeral countries

Finland Kuusinen, for Finland Italy Ercoli

and the Baltic states Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

France Jacob, Henri ally?)

Germany Geschke

Candidates

Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi USA Pepper, John (Pogány,

József) (personally?)1

Source: ibid.

Table 31. The Orgbureau elected at the 6th enlarged plenum

Members

USSR Pjatnickij; Petrov (for the Eastern countries?)
UkrSSR Manuil'skij Germany Geschke

Britain Ferguson India Roy (for the Eastern

Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi countries)

Czechosl. Šmeral Italy Ercoli Finland Kuusinen (for Finland Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

and the Baltic states) ally?)

France Treint

In addition, the heads of the ECCI departments and the representatives of the ECCI Co-operative department, the CYI and the IWS

Candidates

USSR Kornblum USA Pepper (personally?)

France Jacob

Source: ibid.

¹ József Pogány was a member of the Hungarian CP from 1919 until 1922, and from the summer of 1922 a member of the CPUSA under the assumed name of John Pepper. From 1925 on, he headed the Information department of the ECCI Secretariat in Moscow. He was probably elected as a candidate to the Secretariat and the Orgbureau for the ECCI apparatus personally.

Table 32. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 7th enlarged plenum $(22 November - 28 December 1926)^1$

Members			
USSR	Bucharin; Stalin; Lozovskij	(for the RIL	U); Šackin (for the CYI)
UkrSSR	Manuil'skij	India	Roy (for the Eastern
Britain	Gallacher; Murphy		countries)
Bulgaria	Kolarov (for the	Indonesia	Semaoen
	Balkans)	Italy	Ercoli
China	Tan-Pin (Tan Ping-shan)	Japan	Katayama
Czechosl.	Haken, Josef; Šmeral	Poland	Próchniak
Finland	Kuusinen (for Finland	Sweden	Sillen, Hugo (for
	and the Baltic states)		Scandinavia)
France	Crémet, Jean; Sémard	USA	Duncan (Minor,
Germany	Remmele; Thälmann;		Robert); Ruthenberg
	Zetkin (for the IWS)		

Candidates

USSR Molotov, Vjačeslav M. (Skrjabin); Pjatnickij Codovilla, Victorio (for Argentina Hungary Kun

Italy Maggi (Gennari, Egidio) South America?)

Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Poland Bogucki

France Treint Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

Germany Geschke ally?)

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 6, p. 2842 (23 December 1926)

Table 33. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the session of the Presidium of 20 December 1926

Members			
USSR	Bucharin; Pjatnickij	France	Crémet
UkrSSR	Manuil'skij	Germany	Remmele
Czechosl.	Šmeral (personally?) ²	India	Roy (for the Eastern
Finland	Kuusinen (for Finland		countries)
	and the Baltic states)	Italy	Ercoli
Candidates			

USSR Molotov; Lozovskij Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

(for the RILU) ally?)

Britain Murphy

Source: ibid.3

¹ This plenum relieved Zinov'ev from the Presidency of the Comintern and from his duties in the ECCI. It proposed to abolish the post of President of the Comintern and the ECCI. The Orgbureau and the Secretariat were abolished and merged in the Political Secretariat, created at the close of the plenum. See Inprekorr, Vol. 6, p. 2522 (23 November 1926); Protokoll Erweiterte Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale, Moskau, 22. November - 16. Dezember 1926 (Hamburg, Berlin, 1927), pp. 842-44; Tätigkeitsbericht der Exekutive der Kommunistischen Internationale, op. cit., p. 10.

Bohumír Šmeral, former leader of the Czechoslovak CP, was dispatched in 1926 for permanent work in the Comintern apparatus in Moscow and gradually relieved of his party positions in the Czechoslovak CP. In 1926-28 he headed the Balkan Secretariat of the ECCI in Moscow, and was probably elected to the Political Secretariat for the ECCI apparatus personally.

¹⁰ Let Kominterna, p. 329, gives Bernard as a member of the Political Secretariat.

Table 34. The Presidium of the ECCI after the 8th plenum (18-30 May 1927)¹

Members Bucharin; Stalin; Lozovskij, for the RILU; Šackin, for the CYI USSR UkrSSR India Manuil'skij Rov Britain Gallacher; Murphy Indonesia Semaoen Kolarov Italy Bulgaria Maggi China Tan-Pin Japan Katayama Haken; Šmeral Czechosl. Poland Próchniak Finland Kuusinen Sweden Sillen, for Scandinavia France Bernard, Alfred; Sémard USA Duncan Germany Remmele; Thälmann; Zetkin, personally

Candidates

USSR Molotov; Pjatnickij

Argentina Codovilla, for South Hungary Kun
America? Italy Ercoli
Austria Schüller, for the CYI Poland Bogucki

France Treint Switzerland Humbert-Droz, person-

Germany Geschke ally?

Table 35. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI after the 8th plenum

Members USSR Bucharin; Pjatnickij France Barbé, Henri UkrSSR Manuil'skii Germany Remmele Czechosl. Šmeral, personally India Roy Finland Kuusinen Italy Maggi

Candidates

USSR Molotov; Lozovskij, Britain Gallacher

for the RILU Switzerland Humbert-Droz, person-

ally?

Table 36. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 9th plenum (9-25 February 1928)

Members			
USSR	Bucharin; Stalin; Lozovskij (for the RILU	J); Šackin (for the CYI)
UkrSSR	Manuil'skij	India	Roy
Britain	Gallacher; Murphy	Indonesia	Semaoen
Bulgaria	Kolarov	Italy	Ercoli; Maggi
China	Hsiang (Hsiang Chung-	Japan	Katayama
	fa)	Poland	Próchniak
Czechosl.	Jílek; Šmeral	Sweden	Kilbom
Finland	Kuusinen	Switzerland	Humbert-Droz (person-
France	Barbé; Sémard		ally)
Germany	Remmele; Thälmann;	USA	Engdahl, J. Louis;
	Zetkin (personally)		Foster

¹ This plenum did not elect a Presidium and a Political Secretariat. For the attendant changes, see 10 Let Kominterna, pp. 328-29.

Candidates

USSR Molotov; Pjatnickij

Austria Schüller (for the CYI) Germany Geschke Britain Arnot, Robin Page; Ben-Hungary Kun

nett, A. J. (Lipec, Italy Vincenzi (pseud.)
David)¹ Poland Purman, Leon

Source: 10 Let Kominterna, pp. 327-282

SIXTH CONGRESS (17 AUGUST – 1 SEPTEMBER 1928)

Table 37. The ECCI elected at the Sixth Congress

Members

Britain

USSR Bucharin; Manuil'skij; Molotov; Pjatnickij; Rykov; Skrypnik,

Nikolaj A.; Stalin; Chitarov, Rafael M., for the CYI; Lozovskij

(for the RILU?)

Argentina Ghioldi, Rodolfo Canada Spector, Maurice Austria Koplenig, Johann Chile Fermín-Araja (Rosas,

Belgium Jacquemotte Rufino Sanchez?)

Brazil Ledo, Amerigo (Lacerda, China Hsiang; Li-Kuang (Su Fernando) Chao-cheng); Tsiu Vito

Bell; Campbell, John R.; (Chü Chiu-pai)

Rust, William, for the Czechosl. Gottwald, Klement;

CYI Jílek; Šmeral⁴

Bulgaria Kolarov

- A. J. Bennett was born in Berdičev in the Ukraine as David Lipec. He emigrated to the USA before World War I. There he used the name Dr Max Goldfarb and became a leading member of the Central Jewish Workers' Party, a member of the Bund, and a political writer on the Jewish Daily Forward. After the October Revolution, he returned to Russia and became a member of the RCP(B). During the Civil War, he served in the headquarters of the Red Army and joined the ECCI apparatus in Moscow under the name of D. Petrovskij. In the spring of 1924, under the name of A. J. Bennett, he was sent to Britain by the ECCI to act as its representative in the British CP. Later he did the same thing in the CP of France under the pseudonym Humbold. Bennett attended the Fifth and the Sixth Congresses of the Comintern as a full delegate with voting rights of the British CP. After the Sixth Congress he worked in the ECCI apparatus. At the beginning of the 1930's, he was accused of being a "Trotskyist" and expelled from the RCP(B). During Stalin's purges, he was arrested and disappeared without trace. See Pjatyj Vsemirnyj Kongress, II, p. 239; VI Kongress Kominterna, Stenografičeskij otčet (Moscow, Leningrad, 1929), V, p. 150; Melech Epstein, The Jew and Communism 1919-1941 (New York, 1959), p. 12; J. T. Murphy, New Horizons (London, 1941), pp. 251, 287-88; Jules Humbert-Droz, Mémoires, De Lénine à Staline 1921-1931 (Neuchâtel, 1971), p. 277.
- ² Degras, II, p. 574, gives Weinstein as candidate of the ECCI Presidium; she omits Vincenzi. ³ Rafael Chitarov, of Armenian origin, born near Tiflis, Caucasus, worked in Germany in 1921-25 under the assumed name Rudolf. He served as secretary of the regional committee of the Communist Youth League of Germany in the Ruhr, and in 1923-25 as the organizing secretary of its CC (Central Committee) in Berlin. In May 1927 he was sent to China by the CYI to act as its representative in the Chinese Communist Youth Corps. He took part in removing Chen Tu-hsiu from his post as secretary-general of the Chinese CP. See G. A. Avetisjan, Raffi Chitarov. Očerki žizni i dejatel'nosti (Erevan, 1971).
- ⁴ Smeral took part in the Sixth Congress only as a consultative delegate without voting rights of the Czechoslovak CP. Although he had been re-elected to the ECCI, its Presidium and Political Secretariat for that CP, he was forbidden to attend the fifth congress of the latter (February 1929). He was not re-elected to the CC of the Czechoslovak CP until its seventh congress in 1936. See source, V, p. 156.

TO: 1 I	35 77 '	****	36.1
Finland	Manner; Kuusinen,	Lithuania	Mickiewicz-Kapsukas,
_	personally		for the Baltic states
France	Barbé; Sémard; Thorez,	Mexico	Carrillo, Rafael
	Maurice	Norway	Furubotn, Peder
Germany	Dengel, Philipp; Pieck,	Poland	Leński, Julian (Le-
	Wilhelm; Remmele;		szczyński, Julian);
	Thälmann; Blenkle,		Próchniak
	Konrad, for the CYI;	Rumania	Popescu (Pauker,
	Zetkin, personally		Marcel)
Greece	Syphneios (pseud.)	Sweden	Kilbom; Samuelson
Hungary	Kun	Switzerland	Wieser, Fritz; Humbert-
India	Chatterji (pseud.?)		Droz, personally ¹
Indonesia	Musso	Turkey	Ferdi, B. Husein
Italy	Ercoli; Serra (Tasca,		(pseud.)
	Angelo)	Uruguay	Gomez, Eugenio
Japan	Kato (Sano, Manabu);	USA	Foster; Lovestone, Jay
	Katayama, personally	Yugoslavia	Bošković
Candidates			
USSR	Gusev, Sergej I. (Drabkin, Ja		
	skij, Emel'jan M. (Hubelman		
Australia	Kavanagh, Jack	Germany	Ewert, Arthur; Heckert;
Britain	Horner, Arthur; Pollitt		Schneller, Ernst;
Bulgaria	Dimitrov, Georgi		Ulbricht, Walter
China	Chang Piao (Chang	Holland	Visser, Louis de
	Kuo-tau); Chen Kwang	Hungary	Varga, Jenö, personally
	(Chou En-lai); Guan-li	India	Naoradji (pseud.)
	(pseud.), for the CYI	Indonesia	Darsono
Colombia	Piego Ciulio (mond))	Italy	Garlandi (Grieco, Rug-
Ecuador	Riasco-Giulio (pseud.?)		gero); Turini (pseud.)
Cuba	Lopez (pseud.?)	Japan	Asano (Watanabe,
Czechosl.	Reiman, Pavel; Verčik;		Masanosuke)
	Zápotocký	Norway	Hansen
Denmark	Thögersen, Thöger	(Palestine?)	Šauki (pseud.), for
France	Doriot; Frachon,	•	Egypt, Palestine and
	Benoît; Monmousseau,		Syria
	Gaston; Billoux,	Poland	Lovickij (Popov, Ni-

 $^{^1}$ Humbert-Droz, head of the Latin Secretariat of the ECCI in Moscow at the time of the Sixth Congress, attended the Congress as a representative without voting rights of the ECCI apparatus. See source, V, p. 158.

kolaj N.);3 Purman;

François, for the CYI

Sergej Gusev participated in the Sixth Congress and delivered a speech, using the pseudonym Travin. See source, IV, pp. 232-41.

^a Nikolaj Popov, of Russian origin, born in Kutaisi (Georgia), was a member of the RCP(B) from 1919, and the author of the Outline History of the RCP(B) published in 1926. As a party official, he served in the central apparatus of the RCP(B) in Moscow and in the Ukraine. He attended the Sixth Congress as a full delegate with voting rights of the RCP(B) of the Ukraine, but was elected as a candidate to the ECCI for the Polish CP. Popov attended the sixth plenum of the CC of the Polish CP held in Moscow in June 1929 as the representative of the ECCI, and was entrusted with the dismissal of the Kostrzewa-Warski group and with making Leński secretary-general. The Soviet literature does not mention Popov's membership of the ECCI for the Polish CP. See Sovetskaja Istorićeskaja Enciklopedija, XI (1963), pp. 410-11; Ukraïnska Radjan'skaja Enciklopedija, XI (1963), p. 392; source, V, p. 156.

Gitlow, Benjamin;

Huiswoud, Otto E.

Djuro)

USA Sokolik (Knorin, Poland. Vil'gel'm G.)1 continued South Africa Maloka (Malaka, Tan?) Yugoslavia Bosnić (Djaković,

Pascal (pseud.) Spain

Sweden Sillen

Source: VI Kongress Kominterna, II, pp. 198-99

Table 38. The ICC elected at the Sixth Congress

USSR Cchakaja; Kon; Sol'c Germany Eberlein; Flieg, Leo Argentina Codovilla Italy Maggi Bulgaria Iskrov, Petar Latvia Stučka (Chairman) China Cheng Chen (pseud.); Lithuania Angaretis Hsiu Yen (Hsiang Ying?) Persia. Shargi (pseud.) Czechosl. Mondok, Ivan; 2 Weiss Rumania Stefanescu (pseud.?) Weinstone, William W. Anvelt, Jan USA Estonia Finland Sirola Yugoslavia Gorkić, Milan (Čižinski, France Cachin Josip), for the CYI

Source: ibid.

Table 39. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the plenary session after the Sixth Congress (5 September 1928)

USSR Bucharin; Manuil'skij; Molotov; Pjatnickij; Stalin; Chitarov (for

the CYI); Lozovskij (for the RILU?)

Bell Remmele; Thälmann; Britain Germany Bulgaria Kolarov (for the Balkans) Zetkin (personally)

China Tsiu-Vito Kun Hungary

Tílek; Šmeral Czechosl. Indonesia Musso Ercoli; Serra Finland Kuusinen (personally) Italy

France Barbé; Sémard Japan Kato; Katayama (per-

sonally)

¹ Vil'gel'm Knorin, born Wilhelm Knorins, of Latvian origin, was a member of the RCP(B) from 1917. For several years he headed the Information and later Agitprop departments in the central apparatus of the RCP(B) in Moscow. At the fifteenth congress of the RCP(B) in 1927 he was elected a member of the CC of the RCP(B) and became first secretary of the Belorussian CP. Knorin attended the Sixth Comintern Congress as the head of the Belorussian delegation, but was elected as a candidate to the ECCI for the Polish CP under the pseudonym of Sokolik and became de facto head of that party. He went to Berlin, where the Politbureau of the Polish CC resided. Moreover, Knorin directed the West European Bureau of the ECCI in Berlin under the pseudonyms of Sokolik and Tischler until April 1929. At the sixth plenum of the Polish CC he reported on the situation in the RCP(B) and was elected a member of the Politbureau of the Polish CC. He played an active role in removing the Kostrzewa-Warski group. Knorin headed the Central European Secretariat of the ECCI until 29 April 1934. Soviet literature does not mention Knorin's membership of the ECCI for the Polish CP or his activities in that CP. See Bol'šaja Sovetskaja Enciklopedija, XII (1973), p. 344.

² Ivan Mondok, who emigrated to the Soviet Union in 1929, was excluded from the ICC at the 13th ECCI plenum in December 1933. He was arrested by the State Security organs of the USSR and sentenced to ten years of hard labour, and died in prison in 1941. See the report of Popov in XIII Plenum IKKI, Stenografičeskij otčet (Moscow, 1934), pp. 111-16.

Poland Próchniak Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

S. America Rosso (pseud.) ally)¹

Sweden Kilbom (for Scandi- USA Gitlow

navia)

Candidates

Britain Pollitt; Rust (for the Poland Leński; Purman

CYI) USA Foster

China Chang Piao Yugoslavia Milković (Sakun,

Germany Heckert V(iktor?))²

Norway Hansen (for Scandinavia)

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 8, p. 2115 (2 October 1928)

Table 40. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the session of the Presidium of 5 September 1928

Members

USSR Bucharin; Molotov; Pjatnickij

Britain Bell France Barbé
China Tsiu Vito Germany Remmele
Czechosl. Šmeral Italy Serra

Finland Kuusinen (personally) Switzerland Humbert-Droz (person-

ally)

Candidates

USSR Manuil'skij; Chitarov (for the CYI); Lozovskij (for the RILU?)

Source: Inprekorr, Vol. 8, p. 21178

Table 41. The Presidium of the ECCI after the 10th plenum (3-9 July 1929)⁴

Members

USSR Gusev; Manuil'skij; Molotov; Pjatnickij; Stalin; Chitarov (for the

CYI); Lozovskij (for the RILU?)

¹ Cf. 10 Let Kominterna, p. 341.

² V. Sakun, of Georgian origin, born in the Caucasus, was a member of the RCP(B) and worked in the apparatus of the Balkan Secretariat of the ECCI in Moscow from 1926. Early in 1928 he was sent to investigate the situation in the Yugoslav CP. Under the pseudonym Milković, he took part in the eighth conference of the CPY, held in Zagreb at the end of February 1928 as the representative of the ECCI. After the conference he submitted a report to the Balkan Secretariat, which played an important role in the removal of the Yugoslav leadership headed by Sima Marković. A conference of the CPY, organized by the Balkan Secretariat and held in Moscow in April 1928, removed the old leadership. See Mane Trbojević, VIII Mjesna Konferencija Zagrebačke Organizacije KPJ (Grada) (Zagreb, 1970), p. 19.

* 10 Let Kominterna, p. 341, gives Ulbricht instead of Remmele as a member of the Political Secretariat; it mentions that Milković was elected as candidate to the Presidium for the Balkans

and Heckert for the RILU. Chü Chiu-pai is added under the pseudonym Strachov.

⁴ This plenum carried out supplementary elections to the Presidium. It excluded Jilek, Lovestone and Spector from the ECCI. For the attendant changes, see Protokoll 10. Plenum des Exekutivkomitees der Kommunistischen Internationale, Moskau, 3. Juli 1929 bis 19. Juli 1929 (Hamburg, Berlin, n.d.), pp. 878-80. The name Randolph is sometimes spelled Randolf.

Brazil	Ledo, for South America	Hungary	Kun
Britain	Bell	Indonesia	Musso
Bulgaria	Kolarov (for the	Italy	Ercoli; Garlandi
	Balkans)	Japan	Kato; Katayama
China	Tsiu Vito		(personally)
Czechosl.	Gottwald; Šmeral	Poland	Leński; Próchniak
	(personally)	S. America	Rosso
Finland	Kuusinen (personally)	Sweden	Kilbom (for
France	Barbé; Sémard		Scandinavia)
Germany	Remmele; Thälmann;	USA	Randolph (Weinstone,
	Zetkin (personally)		William W.)
Candidates			
Britain	Pollitt; Rust (for the	Norway	Hansen (for
	CYI)	•	Scandinavia)
China	Chang Piao	Poland	Purman
Czechosl.	Reiman	USA	Foster
Germany	Heckert	Yugoslavia	Milković

Table 42. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI after the 10th plenum

		•	•	2
Members				
USSR	Molotov; Pjatnickij			
Britain	Bell	Finland	Kuusinen	(personally)
China	Tsiu Vito	France	Barbé	
Czechosł.	Šmeral (personally)	Germany	Remmele	
Candidates				
USSR	Manuil'skij; Chitarov (for	the CYI); Loze	ovskij (for t	he RILU?)

Table 43. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the 11th plenum (25 March - 13 April 1931)

Members USSR	Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij; Stalir	ı; Čemodano	v, Vasilij T. (for the CYI);
	Lozovskij (for the RILU)		,
Britain	Arnot; Pollitt	Germany	Pieck; Remmele; Thäl-
Bulgaria	Kolarov		mann; Zetkin (person-
China	Chuan-Pin (Huang Ping);		ally)
	Su (pseud.)	Hungary	Kun
Czechosl.	Gottwald; Guttmann,	Italy	Ercoli; Garlandi
	Josef; Šmeral	Japan	Katayama
	(personally)	Poland	Leński; Próchniak
Finland	Kuusinen	Sweden	Sillen
France	Barbé; Cachin; Thorez	USA	Foster; Randolph
Candidates			
USSR	Gusev; Knorin, Vil'gel'm G.		
Austria	Koplenig	Norway	Furubotn
France	Célor, Pierre	Poland	Bratkowski (Sochacki,
Germany	Florin, Wilhelm; Müller,		Terzy)
•	Kurt; Neumann, Heinz	USA	Browder
Italy	Furini (Dozza, Giuseppe)	Yugoslavia	Bošković

Source: XI Plenum IKKI, Stenografičeskij otčet (Moscow, Leningrad, 1931), II, p. 246

Table 44. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the session of the Presidium of 15 April 1931

Members USSR

Knorin; Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij

Britain Pollitt Germany Pieck; Thälmann

ChinaChuan-PinItalyErcoliCzechosl.GuttmannPolandLeńskiFinlandKuusinen (personally)USARandolph

France Thorez

Candidates

USSR Čemodanov (for the CYI); Lozovskij (for the RILU)
Britain Arnot Italy Furini
France Célor Poland Bratkowski

Source: ibid.

Table 45. The Presidium of the ECCI after the 12th plenum (27 August – 15 September 1932)¹

Members

USSR Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij; Stalin; Čemodanov, for the CYI; Lozovskij,

for the RILU

Britain Arnot; Pollitt Germany Pieck; Remmele; Thäl-Bulgaria Kolarov Germany; Zetkin (person-

China Su; Wang Ming (Chen ally)

Shao-yü) Hungary Kun

Czechosl. Gottwald; Guttmann Italy Ercoli; Garlandi Finland Kuusinen Japan Katayama

France Cachin; Thorez Poland Leński; Próchniak

Sweden Sillen USA Foster

Candidates

Austria

USSR Gusev; Knorin Italy Gallo, Luigi (Longo,

Koplenig Luigi)

Britain Shields(, James?) Norway Furubotn Czechosl. Köhler, Bruno Poland Bratkowski Germany Florin USA Browder

Table 46. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI after the 12th plenum

Members

USSR Knorin; Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij

Britain Pollitt France Thorez

China Wang Ming Germany Pieck; Thälmann

Czechosl. Guttmann Italy Ercoli Finland Kuusinen Poland Leński

Candidates

USSR Čemodanov, for the CYI; Lozovskij, for the RILU Britain Arnot Poland Bratkowski

¹ This plenum carried out supplementary elections to the Presidium. A list of members does not appear to have been published.

Table 47. The Presidium of the ECCI after the 13th plenum (28 November – 12 December 1933)¹

Members

USSR Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij; Stalin; Čemodanov, for the CYI; Lozovskij,

for the RILU

Britain Gallacher; Pollitt Hungary Kun

Bulgaria Kolarov Italy Ercoli; Garlandi China Kang Sin (Kang Sheng); Japan Okano, Susumu Wang Ming (Nosako, Sanzo)

> Gottwald; Köhler Poland Leński; Próchniak Kuusinen Sweden Sillen

Finland Kuusinen Sweden Sillen France Cachin; Thorez USA Foster

Germany Florin; Pieck; Thälmann

Candidates

Czechosl.

USSR Knorin Italy Roncoli (Montagnana,

Austria Koplenig Mario)
Britain MacIlhon (pseud.?) Norway Furubotn

Czechosl. Haken Poland Bronkowski (Bort-Germany Heckert nowski, Bronislaw)

USA Browder

Table 48. The Political Secretariat of the ECCI after the 13th plenum

Members

USSR Knorin; Manuil'skij; Pjatnickij

Britain Pollitt Germany Pieck; Thälmann

China Wang Ming Italy Ercoli Finland Kuusinen Poland Leński

France Thorez

Candidates

USSR Čemodanov, for the CYI; Lozovskij, for the RILU

Poland Bronkowski

SEVENTH CONGRESS (25 JULY - 20 AUGUST 1935)

Table 49. The ECCI elected at the Seventh Congress

Members

USSR Ežov, Nikolaj I.; Manuil'skij; Moskvin, Michail A. (Trilisser, Mejer

A.); Stalin; Ždanov, Andrej A.

Austria Koplenig Britain Gallacher; Pollitt

Brazil Prestes, Luis Carlos

¹ For the changes brought about by the supplementary elections of this plenum, see XIII Plenum IKKI, pp. 569-70. This report omits the name of Bronkowski, who replaced Bratkowski as candidate to the Presidium and the Political Secretariat. The latter was arrested by the State Security organs of the USSR in August 1933, and committed suicide on September 4 in a Moscow prison cell. See "Autobiografia Bronisłava Bortnowskiego-Bronkowskiego", in: Z Pola Walki, VII (1964), No 4, pp. 195-200; "Jerzy Czeszejko-Sochacki", ibid., III (1960), No 4, pp. 128-47.

Bulgaria Canada China	Dimitrov, Georgi, Secretary-General; Kolarov Buck, Tim Chang Kuo-tau; Chou	Hungary Indochina Italy Japan	Kun; Rákosi Chayen (Lé Hông Phong) Ercoli; Garlandi Ichikawa, Shoichi;
Ommu	En-lai; Mao Tse-tung; Wang Ming	Palestine	Okano Salim Abud (pseud.)
Czechosl. Finland	Gottwald; Köhler Kuusinen		(for the Near East countries)
France	Cachin; Duclos, Jacques; Marty, André; Thorez; Raymond	Poland Portugal	Bronkowski; Leński Quierós, Antonio (Gon- çalves, Bento Antonio)
	(Guyot, Raymond) (for the CYI)	Rumania Spain	Stefanov, Boris Díaz, José
Germany	Florin; Heckert; Pieck; Thälmann	Sweden USA	Linderot, Sven Browder; Foster; Green,
Greece	Dimitriu (Zachariades, Nicholas)		Gilbert (Greenberg, Gilbert)
Holland	De Visser		,
Candidates USSR	Hopner; Čemodanov (for the	CYI): Lozo	vskii (for the RILU)
Argentina	Ghioldi	Finland	Tuominen, Arvo
Australia	Sharkey, Lawrence	France	Frachon
Austria	Dernberger, Kurt M.	Germany	Dahlem, Franz; Ulbricht
Belgium	Jacquemotte	Holland	Schalker, Cornelius
Britain	Campbell; Dutt, Rajani	Hungary	Varga
Dulmania	Palme	India	Bradley, Benjamin F. Furini
Bulgaria	Popov, Blagoj; Stojnov (Dimitrov, Sobi)	Italy Latvia	Kruminš, Janis
China	Kon Sin (Kang Sheng);	Norway	Lövlien, Emil
Omna	Po Ku (Chin Pang-hsien)	Poland	Bielewski (Paszyn, Jan);
Cuba	Roca, Blas	1 010110	Próchniak
Czechosl.	Široký, Viliam; Šverma, Jan; Zápotocký; Michal	Spain	Dolores (Ibarruri, Dolores)
	(Wolf, Michal) (for the	USA	Ford, James W.

Source: Pravda, 21 August 1935

Table 50. The ICC elected at the Seventh Congress

USSR	Cchakaja; Škirjatov, Matvej	F.; Stasova,	Elena D.
Britain	Kerrigan, Peter	Italy	Maggi
Bulgaria	Iskrov	Lithuania	Angaretis
China	Tu Ho Sin (No Kao Tsi-	Poland	Grzegorzewski; Krajew-
	li)		ski, Antoni (Stein, Wła-
Czechosl.	Šmeral		dysław); Walecki
Estonia	Anvelt (Chairman)	Sweden	Senander, Knut
Finland	Sirola	Turkey	Ferdi
France	Monmousseau	USA	Minor, Robert
Germany	Dengel; Eberlein		

Source: ibid.

Table 51. The Presidium of the ECCI elected at the plenary session after the Seventh Congress (21 August 1935)

Members USSR Manuil'skij; Moskvin; Stalin Austria Koplenig Cachin; Marty; Thorez France Pollitt Florin; Pieck Britain Germany Dimitrov, Georgi, Secre-Ercoli Bulgaria Italy tary-General; Kolarov Japan Okano China Wang Ming Poland Leński Czechosl. Gottwald USA Foster Finland Kuusinen Candidates USSR Lozovskij (for the RILU) Britain Gallacher Germany Heckert Kon Sin Italy Garlandi China Poland Bronkowski Czechosl. Köhler; Michal (for the CYI) Sweden Linderot Finland Tuominen USA Browder Raymond (for the CYI) France

Source: Pravda, 22 August 1935

Table 52. The Secretariat of the ECCI elected at the session of the Presidium of 21 August 1935

Members USSR Manuil'skij Finland Kuusinen Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi, Secre-France Marty tary-General Pieck Germany Czechosl. Gottwald Italy Ercoli Candidates USSR Moskvin Florin Germany China Wang Ming Source: ibid.

Table 53. The ECCI at the beginning of World War II

Members			
USSR	Manuil'skij; Stalin; Ždanov		
Austria	Koplenig	Germany	Florin; Pieck; Thälmann
Brazil	Prestes	Greece	Dimitriu
Britain	Gallacher; Pollitt	Holland	De Visser
Bulgaria	Dimitrov, Georgi, Secre-	Hungary	Rákosi
•	tary-General; Kolarov	Indochina	Chayen
Canada	Buck	Italy	Ercoli; Garlandi
China	Chou En-lai; Mao Tse-	Japan	Ichikawa; Okano
	tung; Wang Ming	Palestine	Salim Abud (for the
Czechosl.	Gottwald; Köhler		Near East countries)
Finland	Kuusinen	Portugal	Quierós
France	Cachin; Duclos; Marty;	Rumania	Stefanov
	Thorez; Raymond, for	Spain	Díaz
	the CYI	_	

Sweden	Linderot	USA	Browder; Foster; Green
Candidates			
USSR	Hopner; Lozovskij	Finland	Tuominen
Argentina	Ghioldi	France	Frachon
Australia	Sharkey	Germany	Dahlem; Ulbricht
Britain	Campbell; Dutt	Holland	Schalker
Bulgaria	Stojnov	Hungary	Varga
China	Kon Sin · Po Ku	India	Bradley

Kon Sin; Po Ku India Bradley Cuba Roca Italy Furini Široký; Šverma; Zápo-Czechosl. Lövlien Norway Dolores tocký; Michal, for the Spain USA Ford

Table 54. The ICC at the beginning of World War II

USSR	Cchakaja; Škirjatov; Stasov	a.	
Britain	Kerrigan	Germany	Dengel; Florin
China	Tu Ho-sin		(Chairman)1
Czechosl.	Šmeral	Italy	Maggi
France	Monmousseau	Sweden	Senander
		USA	Minor

Table 55. The Presidium of the ECCI at the beginning of World War II

Members			
USSR	Manuil'skij; Stalin		
Austria	Koplenig	Finland	Kuusinen
Britain	Pollitt	France	Cachin; Marty; Thorez
Bulgaria	Dimitrov, Georgi, Secre-	Germany	Florin; Pieck
Ŭ	tary-General; Kolarov	Italy	Ercoli
China	Wang Ming	Tapan	Okano
Czechosl.	Gottwald	ŬŜA	Foster
Candidates			
USSR	Lozovskij	Finland	Tuominen ³
Britain	Gallacher	France	Raymond, for the CYI
China	Kon Sin	Italy	Garlandi
Czechosl.	Köhler; Michal, for the	Sweden	Linderot
	CYI ²	USA	Browder

¹ Florin replaced Anvelt as member and chairman of the ICC in 1937. Anvelt was arrested in Moscow and shot.

² Michal Wolf attended the 13th ECCI plenum as the representative of the Czechoslovak Communist Youth League under the pseudonym Michal in December 1933, and at the sixth congress of the CYI in October 1935 he was elected secretary. He was transferred from the Czechoslovak CP to the Hungarian CP in Moscow in 1940. During World War II he was employed at Radio Kossuth in Moscow and entrusted with political work among prisoners of war in the USSR. Assuming the name of Mihaly Farkas, he emigrated to Hungary at the end of 1944 and became a member of the Hungarian CP leadership. From 1948 to 1953 Farkas was a member of the Politbureau, deputy secretary-general of the Hungarian CP and Minister of National Defense. He was expelled from that party and arrested in 1956, sentenced in Budapest in 1957, but later released from prison. He died in 1965. See XIII Plenum IKKI, pp. 376-80; Munkásmozgalomtörténeti Lexikon (Budapest, 1972), p. 146.

^{*} Tuominen was expelled from the ECCI and the Finnish CP at the end of 1939.

Table 56. The Secretariat of the ECCI at the beginning of World War II¹

Members

USSR Manuil'skij

Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi, Secretary-General Germany Pieck
Czechosl. Gottwald Italy Ercoli

Finland Kuusinen Spain Díaz; Dolores

Candidates

China Wang Ming Germany Florin

Table 57. The Dissolution of the Communist International on 15 May 1943

The resolution of the ECCI Presidium recommending the dissolution was signed by the following members:²

USSR Manuil'skij; Ždanov

Austria Koplenig Finland Kuusinen
Bulgaria Dimitrov, Georgi; France Marty; Thorez
Kolarov Germany Florin; Pieck
Czechosl. Gottwald Italy Ercoli

The following representatives of the Communist parties appended their signature

to the resolution:
Finland Lehtinen Inkeri Rumania Pauker Ana

Finland Lehtinen, Inkeri Rumania Pauker, Ana Hungary Rákosi Spain Ibarruri, Dolores

Italy Bianco, Vincenzo

Source: "Postanovlenie Prezidiuma Ispolnitel'nogo Komiteta Kommunističeskogo Internacionala", in: Kommunističeskij Internacional, 1943, No 5-6, pp. 8-10

INDEX OF NAMES The numbers refer to the tables.

Badulescu (Moscovici, G.), 5,	Bennett, A. J. (Lipec, D.), 36,
13	36 n.
Balabanova, A., 1	Bernard, A., 33 n., 34
Baldwin (Tywerousky, O.), 5	Berzin, J. A., 1, 1 n., 2
Barbé, H., 35, 36, 37, 39, 40,	Bianco, V., 57
41, 42, 43	Bielewski (Paszyn, J.), 49
Bedacht, M., 29	Billoux, F., 37
Bell, Th., 5, 13, 37, 39, 40,	Blenkle, K., 37
41, 42	Böttcher, P., 16
	13 Balabanova, A., 1 Baldwin (Tywerousky, O.), 5 Barbé, H., 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43 Bedacht, M., 29 Bell, Th., 5, 13, 37, 39, 40,

¹ When Hitler attacked the USSR on 22 June 1941, an enlarged session of the ECCI Secretariat appointed a triumvirate consisting of Dimitrov, Manuil'skij and Ercoli. This was entrusted with the day-to-day management of the ECCI during World War II. See Meždunarodnoe Kommunističeskoe rabočee i nacional'noosvoboditel'noe dviženie, II (1939-1973 gg.) (Moscow, 1974), p. 21.

² The resolution was signed only by those members of the ECCI Presidium living in the Soviet Union during World War II. Stalin, who was a member of the Presidium, was not among those who signed. It is not known how Ždanov came to sign this resolution as a member of the Presidium. Officially he was elected only as an ECCI member at the Seventh Congress.

Bogucki, W., 23, 27, 28, 29, 32, Chü Chiu-pai, see Strachov 52, 53, 54, 54 n., 55, 56, 57 and Tsiu Vito Ford, J. W., 49, 53 Bordiga, A., 16, 20 n., 23 Čičerin, G. V., 2 n. Foster, W. Z., 23, 23 n., 25, Bortnowski, B., see Bron-Ciperovič, G. V., 2, 2 n. 25 n., 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, kowski Čižinski, J., see Gorkić, M. 49, 51, 53, 55 Codovilla, V., 32, 34, 38 Bošković, B. (Filipović, F., Frachon, B., 37, 49, 53 see also sub voce), 23 n., 29, Cook, J. (Cannon, J. P.), 12, 13 Freeman, P., 5 37, 43 Crémet, J., 32, 33 Friis, J., 2 Bosnić (Djaković, Dj.), 37 Cristescu, G., 23 Frölich, P., 5 Bradley, B. F., 49, 53 Frossard, L.-O., 16 Brand, E. (Lauer, H.), 21 Dahlem, F., 49, 53 Frunze, M. V., 23, 25 Brandler, H., 9, 14 Damon, D. (Ruthenberg, Ch. Furini (Dozza, G.), 43, 44, 49, Bratkowski, J. (Sochacki, J.), E., see also sub voce), 16 43, 44, 45, 46, 47 n. Darsono, 37 Furubotn, P., 37, 43, 45, 47 Bronkowski (Bortnowski, B.), Dengel, Ph., 37, 50, 54 47, 47 n., 48, 49, 51 Dernberger, K. M., 49 Gallacher, W., 23, 32, 34, 35, Browder, E. R., 24, 43, 45, 47, Deymer, Sh. H., see Shafik 36, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55 49, 51, 53, 55 Díaz, J., 49, 53, 56 Gallo, L. (Longo, L.), 45 Bucharin, N. I., 1, 1 n., 2, 3, 4, Dimitratos, P., 5, 13 Garden, J. S., 16 5, 6, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 20, Dimitriu (Zachariades, N.), 49, Garlandi (Grieco, R.), 37, 41, 23, 25, 29, 29 n., 32, 33, 34, 53 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55 35, 36, 37, 39, 40 Dimitrov, G., 23, 29, 30, 31, 37, Gennari, E., 6, 16, 17, 24 Buck, T., 49, 53 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 56 n., Geschke, O., 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, Bunting, S. P., 13 57 30, 31, 32, 34, 36 Burian, E., 5 Dimitrov, S., see Stojnov Ghioldi, R., 37, 49, 53 Djaković, Dj., see Bosnić Girault, S. (Depollier, S.), 23 Cachin, M., 24, 38, 43, 45, 47, Dobrovolný, F., 23 Gitlow, B., 37, 39 49, 51, 53, 55 Dolores (Ibarruri, D., see Gliński, P. (Królikowski, S.), 5 Calderio, F., see Roca, B. also sub voce), 49, 53, 56 Gomez, E., 37 Campbell, J. R., 37, 49, 53 Doriot, J., 23, 37 Gonçalves, B. A., see Quierós, Cannon, J. P., see Cook, J. Dozza, G., see Furini Α. Carlo (Ljubarskij, N. M.), 1 n. Duclos, J., 49, 53 Gorkić, M. (Čižinski, J.), 38, 49 Carr, J. (Katterfeld, L.), 9, 13, Duncan (Minor, R., see also Gottwald, K., 37, 41, 43, 45, 14, 16 sub voce), 32, 34 47, 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57 Carrillo, R., 37 Dunne, W. F., 23, 27, 28 Gramsci, A., 12, 16, 17 n. Cchakaja, M., 2, 5, 13, 38, 50, Duret, J. (Koral, F.), 16 Green, G. (Greenberg, G.), 49, 54 Dutt, R. P., 49, 53 53 Célor, P., 43, 44 Grieco, R., see Garlandi Čemodanov, V. T., 43, 44, 45, Earsman, W. P., 13 Grzegorzewski (Grzelszczak, 46, 47, 48, 49 Eberlein, H., 10, 11, 13, 15, 38, F.), 23, 50 Cesare (Sessa, C.?), 2, 2 n. 50 Guan-Li, 37 Chan-Kai, 5, 13 Engdahl, J. L., 36 Gusev, S. I. (Drabkin, Ja. D.), Chang Kuo-tau, 49 Ercoli (Togliatti, P.), 23, 25, 37, 37 n., 41, 43, 45 Chang Piao (Chang Kuo-tau, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, Guttmann, J., 43, 44, 45, 46 see also sub voce), 37, 39, 41 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, Guyot, R., see Raymond Chatterji, 37 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 56 n., Chayen (Lé Hông Phong), 49, 57 53 Haken, J., 32, 34, 47 Ewert, A., 37 Chen Kwang (Chou En-lai, Ham Man-chen, 5, 13 Ežov, N. I., 49 see also sub voce), 37 Hansen, A. G., 23, 25, 37, 39, Chen Shao-yü, see Wang Ming Ferdi, B. H., 37, 50 41 Chen Tu-hsiu, 23 Heckert, F., 5, 6, 37, 39, 41, 47, Ferguson, A., 29, 30, 31 Cheng Chen, 38 Fermin-Araja (Roşas, R. S.?), 49, 51 Chin Pang-hsien, see Po Ku 37 Henriet, P. A., 13 Chitarov, R. M., 37, 37 n., 39, Fiala, G., 23 Hessen, S. M., 23, 23 n., 25, 40, 41, 42 Filipović, F., 23 25 n. Chou En-lai, 49, 53 Fischer, R. (Eisler, E.), 23, 25 Höglund, K. Z., 16, 23 Chuan-Pin (Huang Ping), 43, Flieg, L., 38 Hoernle, E., 16, 17, 19 44 Florin, W., 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, Hopner, S. I., 37, 49, 53

Horner, A., 37 Kolarov, V., 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, Lozovskij, A. A. (Dridzo, S. Hsiang (Hsiang Chung-fa), 36, 21, 22, 23, 25, 29, 32, 34, 36, A.), 13, 23, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, Hsiang Chung-fa, see Hsiang 53, 55, 57 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 53, 55 Hsiu Yen (Hsiang Ying?), 38 Kon, F. Ja., 11, 15, 24, 38 Huiswoud, O. E., 37 Kon Sin (Kang Sheng), 49, 51, Macavei, M., 16 Hùla, B., 2, 2 n. MacIlhon, 47 Humbert-Droz, J., 7, 13, 26, 26 n., 27, 28, 28 n., 30, 31, Koplenig, J., 37, 43, 45, 47, 49, MacManus, A., 16, 17, 20, 22, 51, 53, 55, 57 23, 25, 26, 27, 28 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 37 n., 39, Maffi, F., 23 Koritschoner, F., 5, 13 40 Kornblum, I. R., 28 n., 30, 31 Maggi (Gennari, E., see also Hurvič, N., 2, 2 n. Krajewski, A. (Stein, W.), 50 sub voce), 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, Kreibich, K., 5, 9, 24 Malaka, T., 37 Królikowski, S., see Gliński, P. Ibarruri, D., 57 Kruminš, J., 49 Manner, K., 2, 13, 37 Ichikawa, Sh., 49, 53 Manuil'skij, D. Z., 23, 25, 29, Iskrov, P., 38, 50 Kun, B., 4, 6, 23, 23 n., 27, 28, 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, Jacob, H., 30, 31 47, 49 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, Jacquemotte, J., 23, 37, 49 Kuusinen, O. W., 7, 9, 10, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 56 Jansen, J. (Proost, J.), 2, 2 n., 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, n., 57 Mao Tse-tung, 49, 53 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, Jaroslavskij, E. M. (Hubel-Marchlewski, J., 1 28 n., 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, mann, M. I.), 37 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, Marco (Scoccimarro, M., see Jerram, G., 23 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, also sub voce), 23 n. Jilek, B., 12, 12 n., 36, 37, 39, Maring (Sneevliet, H. J. F. M.), 53, 55, 56, 57 41 n. 2, 2 n. Marinović (Kaclerović, T., see Jörgensen, A., 5, 13 Lacerda, F., see Ledo, A. Jones, D. Y., 5 Ładan, P., see Niedobytyj also sub voce), 23 n. Jordanov, J., 12, 13, 14 Marković, S., 5, 13, 23, 39 n. Larkin, J., 23 Marty, A., 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, Larsen, A., see Lauersen Kabakčiev, Ch., 24 Lauer, H., see Brand, E. 56, 57 Kaclerović, T., 23 Maslow, A. (Čemerinskij, I.), Lauersen (Larsen, A.), 24 Kamenev, L. B. (Rosenfeld, Lé Hông Phong, see Chayen 23 L. B.), 5, 23, 25 Ledo, A. (Lacerda, F.), 37, 41 Men'šoj, A. G. (Levin, L. S.), Kang Sheng, see Kang Sin and Lehtinen, I., 57 1 n. Kon Sin Merino-Gracia, R., 5, 13 Leiciague, L., 12, 12 n., 13 Kang Sin (Kang Sheng), 47 Lékai, J., 5 Meyer, E., 2, 2 n., 3, 4 Michal (Wolf, M.), 49, 51, 53, Karachan, L. M., 1 Lenin, V. I. (Ul'janov, V. I.), Kasjan, S. (Ter-Kasparjan, 2, 5, 13, 16 55, 55 n. Mickiewicz-Kapsukas, V., 23, S.), 5, 13 Leński, J. (Leszczyński, J.), Katayama, S., 13, 16, 17, 20, 37, 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 27, 28, 37 Mikaeljan, see Sultan-Zade, A. 23, 25, 29, 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 48, 49, 51 41, 43, 45 Leszczyński, J., see Leński, J. Milkić, I., 1, 2 Kato (Sano, M.), 37, 39, 41 Milković (Sakun, V.), 39, 39 Levi, P. 2, 2 n. Katterfeld, L., see Carr, J. Levin, L. S., see Men'šoj, A. G. n., 41 Katz, I., 28 n. Lévy, G., 17, 17 n. Minkin, A. E., 15 Kavanagh, J., 37 Li-Kuang (Su Chao-cheng), 37 Minor, R., 50, 54 Ker, A. (Keim, L. A.), 8 Mojrova, V. A., 37 Linderot, S., 49, 51, 53, 55 Molotov, V. M. (Skrjabin, V. Kerrigan, P., 50, 54 Lipec, D., see Bennett, A. J. Kilbom, K., 5, 13, 23, 36, 37, Litvinov, M. M. (Finkelstein), M.), 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 39, 41 40, 41, 42 Mondok, I., 38, 38 n. Klinger, G. K., 1, 1 n. Ljubarskij, N. M., see Carlo Monmousseau, G., 37, 50, 54 Knorin, V. G., 43, 44, 45, 46, Lövlien, E., 49, 53 47, 48 Lominadze, V. V., 29 Montagnana, M., see Roncoli Kobeckij, M. V., 2, 3, 4, 5 Moscovici, G., see Badulescu Longo, L., see Gallo, L. Moskvin, M. A. (Trilisser, M. Köhler, B., 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, Lopez, 37 55 Lovestone, J., 37, 41 n. A.), 49, 51, 52 Koenen, W., 4, 8 Müller, K., 43 Lovickij (Popov, N. N.), 37,

Münzenberg, W., 5

37 n.

Koenig, A., 24

Muna, A., 16, 23, 25 Murphy, J. T., 24, 32, 33, 34, Musabekov, G.-F., 5, 13 Musso, 37, 39, 41 Naoradji, 37 Nedjalkov, I., see Šablin, N. Neumann, H., 43 Neurath, A., 13, 16, 17, 17 n., 18 n., 19, 20, 20 n., 21, 23, 25, 26, 28 n. Newbold, J. T. W., 16 Niedobytyj (Ładan, P.), 23 No Kao Tsi-li, see Tu Ho-sin Nosako, S., see Okano, S. Okano, S. (Nosako, S.), 47, 49, 51, 53, 55 Overstraeten, E. van, 5, 13 Pak (Pak Chin-sun), 2 Pascal, 37 Paszyn, J., see Bielewski Pauker, A., 57 Pauker, M., see Popescu Pavlovič, M. L. (Vel'tmann, M. L.), 2, 2 n. Penelón, J. F., 13, 23 Pepper, J. (Pogány, J.), 30, 30 n., 31 Pereira, A., see Astrogildo Pérez Solis, O., see Persolis Persolis (Pérez Solis, O.), 23 Petrov (Raskol'nikov, F. F.), 23, 23 n., 27, 28, 30, 31 Pieck, W., 37, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, Pjatnickij, O. A. (Taršis, I. A.), 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 28 n., 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 Po Ku (Chin Pang-hsien), 49, Pögelmann, H., 5, 13, 24 Pogány, J., see Pepper, J. Pollitt, H., 23, 25, 25 n., 37, 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 53, 55 Popescu (Pauker, M.), 37 Popov, B., 49 Popov, D., 5 Popov, N. N., see Lovickij Prestes, L. C., 49, 53 Próchniak, E., 13, 16, 24, 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49

Proost, J., see Jansen, J. Purman, L., 36, 37, 39, 41 Quelch, Th., 2 Quierós, A. (Gonçalves, A.), 49, 53 Radek, K. (Sobelsohn, K.), 1, 2, 2 n., 4, 5, 6, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 20 Rákosi, M., 7, 10, 11, 15, 18, 19, 21, 49, 53, 57 Rakovskij, Ch., 1 n. Randolph (Weinstone, W. W., see also sub voce), 41, 41 n., 43, 44 Raskol'nikov, F. F., see Petrov Raymond (Guyot, R.), 49, 51, 53, 55 Reed, J., 2 Reiman, P. 37, 41 Remmele, H., 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 40 n., 41, 42, 43 Riasco-Giulio, 37 Rienzi (Tasca, A.), 23, 25 Robert (Maslow, A., see also sub voce), 23 n. Roca, B. (Calderio, F.), 49, 53 Roncoli (Montagnana, M.), 47 Rosenberg, A., 23 Rosmer, A. (Griot, A.), 2, 4 Rosso, 39, 41 Roy, M. N. (Bhattacharya, N. N.), 5, 5 n., 13, 16, 23, 25, 25 n., 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36 Rudnyánszky, E., 1 n., 2, 3, 4 Rust, W., 37, 39, 41 Ruthenberg, Ch. E., 23, 23 n., 25, 25 n., 29 Rykov, A. I., 23, 25, 37 Šablin, N. (Nedjalkov, I.), 2 Sackin, L. M., 2, 14, 16, 17 n., 20, 20 n., 32, 34, 36 Safarov, G. I. (Egorov, G. I.), 16, 17, 17 n., 19 Salich, H., 13 Salim Abud, 49, 53 Samuelson, O., 23, 37 Sano, M., see Kato Sar, 5, 13 Šauki, 37 Schalker, C., 49, 53 Scheflo, O., 5, 13, 16, 23, 25 Schlecht, P., 23, 25 Schneller, E., 37 Schüller, R., 13, 16, 19, 20 n., Sumskij, A. Ja., 5, 13

22, 23 n., 27, 28, 32, 34, 36 Scoccimarro, M., 23 Sellier, L., 9, 9 n., 23 Semaoen, 23, 32, 34, 36 Sémard, P., 23, 25, 29, 29 n., 34, 36, 37, 39, 41 Senander, K., 50, 54 Serra (Tasca, A.), 37, 39, 40 Serrati, G. M., 2 Shafik (Deymer, Sh. H.), 24 Shargi, 38 Sharkey, L., 49, 53 Shields, J., 45 Sillen, H., 32, 34, 37, 43, 45, 47 Simić (Marković, S., see also sub voce), 23 n. Široký, V., 49, 53 Sirola, Y., 1, 1 n., 5, 8, 38, 50 Škirjatov, M. F., 50, 54 Skrypnik, N. A., 37 Smeral, B., 12, 12 n., 13, 14 n., 16, 17, 17 n., 20 n., 23, 25, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 33 n., 34, 35, 36, 37, 37 n., 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 50, 54 Sneevliet, H. J. F. M., see Maring Sochacki, J., see Bratkowski, J. Sokolik (Knorin, V. G., see also sub voce), 37, 37 n. Sokolnikov, G. Ja. (Brilliant, G. Ja.), 23 n., 25 Sol'c, A. A., 24, 38 Souvarine, B. (Lifšis, B.), 5, 6, 9, 9 n., 12, 12 n., 14, 16, 17, 20, 22 Spector, M., 37, 41 n. Stalin, I. V. (Džugašvili, I. V.), 2, 23, 25, 29, 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55 Stasova, E. D., 50, 54 Stefanescu, 38 Stefanov, B., 49, 53 Steinhardt, K., 2 Stewart, R., 20 n., 22, 23 Stirner, A. (Woog, E.), 16, 24 Stoecker, W., 18, 18 n. Stojnov (Dimitrov, S.), 49, 53 Strachov (Chü Chiu-pai), 40 n. Stučka, P., 1, 2, 2 n., 5, 13, 24, 38 Su, 43, 45 Su Chao-cheng, see Li-Kuang Su Fan (Chen Ho-sian?), 29 Sultan-Zade, A. (Mikaeljan), 2, 5, 13

Šverma, J., 49, 53 Syphneios, 37

Tan-Pin (Tan Ping-shan), 32, Tan Ping-shan, see Tan-Pin Tasca, A., see Rienzi and Serra Terracini, U., 5, 9, 20, 20 n., 22 Thälmann, E., 23, 25, 29, 29 n., 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 53 Thögersen, Th., 37 Thomas (Reich, J.), 1 n. Thorez, M., 37, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 Togliatti, P., see Ercoli Tomskij, M. P. (Efremov, M. P.), 2 Treint, A., 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 28 n., 29, 31, 32, 34 Trilisser, M. A., see Moskvin, M. A.

D.), 2, 5, 13, 16, 23
Tschin Du-liu (Chen Tu-hsiu, see also sub voce), 23 n.
Tsiu Vito (Chü Chiu-pai), 37, 39, 40, 41, 42
Tu Ho-sin (No Kao Tsi-li), 50, 54
Tuominen, A, 49, 51, 53, 55, 55 n.
Turini, 37
Tywerousky, O., see Baldwin

Ulbricht, W., 37, 40 n., 49, 53

Vaillant-Couturier, P., 8 Varga, J., 2 n., 37, 49, 53 Verčik, J., 23, 37 Vincenzi, 36 Visser, L. de, 37, 49, 53 Vompe, P. A., 19, 19 n. Vorovskij, V. V., 1, 1 n. Vujović, V., 23, 23 n., 25, 29

Trockij, L. D. (Bronstein, L. Walecki, H. (Horwitz, M.), 8,

9, 50
Wallenius, A., 13
Wang Ming (Chen Shao-yü),
45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53,
55, 56
Watanabe, M., see Asano
Weinstein, 36 n.
Weinstone, W. W., 38
Weiss, 38
Wieser, F., 37
Wijnkoop, D., 2, 23
Wolf, M., see Michal
Woog, E., see Stirner, A.

Zachariades, N., see Dimitriu Zápotocký, A., 23, 37, 49, 53 Ždanov, A. A., 49, 53, 57, 57 n. Zetkin, C., 8, 13, 16, 17, 20, 23, 25, 26, 26 n., 29, 32, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 Zinov'ev, G. E. (Radomysl'skij, G. E.), 1, 1 n., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 20, 23, 25, 29, 32 n.