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ERRATA FOR DEDEKIND SUMS FOR A FUCHSIAN GROUP, I

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Dr. Bruce Berndt has pointed out to me several errors in the calculation of the Dedekind sums $S_N(\sigma)$ for the principal congruence subgroups. Several errors are of the nuisance variety and have no effect whatever on the calculation. However, there is one error, which can be corrected, but which leads to a somewhat different formula for $S_N(\sigma)$.

First the minor errata:

р. 33, <i>l</i> . –12	$\sigma_i \sigma_i^{-1} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{R} ext{ should read } \sigma_i^{-1} \Gamma \sigma_i \rightarrow \boldsymbol{R} / \boldsymbol{Z}.$
р.33, <i>l</i> . –11	$S_{\Gamma,i}(\sigma)$ should read $S_{\Gamma,i}(\sigma) \pmod{Z}$.
p. 34, <i>l</i> . 3	Omit sentence beginning 'However'.
p. 34, <i>l</i> . 8	Should read $S_{\Gamma,i}(\sigma\tau) \equiv S_{\Gamma,i}(\sigma) + S_{\Gamma,i}(\tau) \pmod{Z}$.
р. 43, <i>l</i> . –10	$1-Q^r$ (resp. $1-\overline{Q}^r$) should read $1-\zeta_N Q^r$ (resp.
	$1-\zeta_{\scriptscriptstyle N}^{\scriptscriptstyle -1}Q^r).$ 1/4 π should read 1/4 $\pilpha_{\scriptscriptstyle N}.$
p. 43, <i>l</i> . –7	The correct value for $\sigma(z)$ is $(a/c) + iu$. This value must
	be inserted in equations (46), (47), (49) and (53). How-
	ever, there is no change in any of the computations.
p. 44, <i>l</i> . 9	The correct value for Q_0 is $e^{-2\pi i N d/c}$.
р. 44, <i>l</i> . –7	The correct value for Q_1 is $e^{-2\pi uN}$.

The serious error is that equation (54) is incorrect owing to an error in the preceding derivation. However, the infinite series of (54) may be easily summed as follows:

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta_N^j W^{jr} - \zeta_N^{-j} W^{-jr}}{r}$$

$$= 2i \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin\left\{(2\pi j/N) + (2\pi Najr/c)\right\}}{r}$$

$$= 2i \left[\sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos\left(2\pi Najr/c\right)}{r}\right]$$

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$$+ \cos\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin\left(2\pi Najr/c\right)}{r} \bigg]$$

= $-2i \sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Naj}{c}\right)\right| - 2\pi i \cos\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \left(\left(\frac{Naj}{c} - \frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$

However, if η is a k^{th} root of 1, $\eta \neq 1$ we clearly have

$$\frac{1}{1-\eta}=\sum_{j=0}^{k-1}\eta_j.$$

Therefore, since $\zeta_N W^r$ is a $|c| N^{\text{th}}$ root of 1, we see that if $\zeta_N W^r \neq 1$, then

$$\lim_{u \to 0} \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - \zeta_N W^r Q_1^r} - \frac{1}{1 - \zeta_N^{-1} W^{-r} Q_1^r} \right\} = \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor c \lfloor N - 1 \rfloor} \{ \zeta_N^j W^{jr} - \zeta_N^{-j} W^{-jr} \}$$

Thus,

$$\begin{split} \lim_{u \to 0} \operatorname{Im} \log \eta_N \Big(\frac{a}{c} + iu \Big) &= \frac{a}{4\pi\alpha_N c} - \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor c \lfloor N^{-1} \rfloor} \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta_N^j W^{jr} - \zeta_N^{-j} W^{-jr}}{r} \\ &= \frac{a}{4\pi\alpha_N c} + \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor c \lfloor N^{-1} \rfloor} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Naj}{c}\right)\right| \\ &+ \pi \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor c \lfloor N^{-1} \rfloor} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \Big(\Big(\frac{Naj}{c} - \frac{1}{2}\Big) \Big) \,. \end{split}$$

However,

$$\begin{split} \sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Naj}{c}\right)\right| \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi (|c|N-j)}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Na(|c|N-j)}{c}\right)\right| \\ &= -\sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Naj}{c}\right)\right|, \end{split}$$

so that

$$\sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N}\right) \log\left|2\sin\left(\frac{\pi Naj}{c}\right)\right| = 0$$

Therefore, we have,

$$\lim_{u \to 0} \operatorname{Im} \log \eta_N \left(\frac{a}{c} + iu \right) = \frac{a}{4\pi\alpha_N c} + \pi \sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi j}{N} \right) \left(\left(\frac{Naj}{c} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right).$$

Thus, finally, we have

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THEOREM 5-4: Let $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in \overline{\Gamma(N)}$. Then the Dedekind sum $S_N(\sigma)$ is given by

$$egin{aligned} S_N(\sigma) &= rac{b}{4\pi^2 lpha_N} & if \quad c = 0 \ &= rac{1}{4\pi^2 lpha_N} igg(rac{a+d}{c} igg) - rac{1}{4} rac{c}{|c|} + \sum_{j=0}^{|c|N-1} \cosigg(rac{2\pi j}{N} igg) igg(igg(rac{Naj}{c} - rac{1}{2} igg) igg) & (c
eq 0) \ , \end{aligned}$$

where $\alpha_N = (3/\pi^2)\sigma(N)\{N^2 \prod_{P \mid N} (1 - p^{-2})\}^{-1}$. In particular, $S_N(\sigma)$ is an algebraic number belonging to the Nth cyclotomic field.

The author is indebted to Dr. Berndt for pointing out the error in the original paper.

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