Corrigendum

Serum ferritin levels associated with increased risk for developing CHD in a low-income urban population – Corrigendum

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On page 1 in the Results paragraph of the Abstract

instead of:

Results: For women, there was a 5·1% increase in risk per 10-unit rise in serum ferritin (pmol/l).

it should read:

Results: For women, there was a 1.5% increase in risk per 10-unit rise in serum ferritin (pmol/l).

On page 5, column 2, in the second sentence

instead of

For every 10-unit rise in serum ferritin (pmol/l), 10-year CHD risk increased by 5·1%,...

it should read:

For every 10-unit rise in serum ferritin (pmol/l), 10-year CHD risk increased by 1.5%,...

On page 6, Table 6, the point estimate for the Female Ferritin (odds per 100-unit increase) instead of:

1.51

it should read:

1.15

On page 7, in the Conclusions, in column 2, lines 1–5

instead of:

However, serum ferritin was a significant predictor of 10-year CHD risk in low-income, urban men and women, showing a 0.5% and 5.1% increase with each 10-unit increase in serum ferritin (pmol/l),...

it should read:

However, serum ferritin was a significant predictor of 10-year CHD risk in low-income, urban men and women, showing a 0.5% and 1.5% increase with each 10-unit increase in serum ferritin (pmol/l),...

Reference

Olesnevich ME, Kuczmarski MF, Mason M, Fang C, Zonderman AB, Evans MK. Serum ferritin levels associated with increased risk for developing CHD in a low-income urban population. *Public Health Nutrition*, published online 10 January 2012, doi:10.1017/S1368980011003284.