Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior

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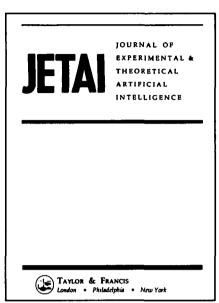
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Selfishness examined: Cooperation in the absence of egoistic incentives

Linnda R. Caporael, Robyn M. Dawes, John M. Orbell & Alphons J. C. van de Kragt, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Carnegie-Mellon University, University of Oregon, and University of Manitoba

Social dilemmas occur when the pursuit of self-interest by individuals in a group leads to collective outcomes for everyone in the group that no individual desires. According to "economic man" and "selfish gene" theories, such dilemmas can only be resolved on the basis of selfish incentives. This claim was not supported in a series of experimental social dilemmas in which subjects made single, anonymous choices about whether or not to contribute money for a shared "bonus" that they would get only if enough other people in the group also chose to contribute their money. The findings suggest that the mechanisms underlying such behavior were shaped by evolutionary pressures on small groups. **With Commentary from** T Caraco; N Eldredge; CS Findlay & CJ Lumsden; GM Heyman; Al Houston & WD Hamilton; D Krebs; S Oyama; H Rachlin; A Rapoport; SC Stearns; NC Stenseth; J Tooby & L Cosmides; and others.

Multiple book review of Speech perception by ear and eye: A paradigm for psychological inquiry

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This book is about the processing of information in face-to-face communication. Auditory and visual sources of information are evaluated and integrated to achieve speech perception. Perceivers evaluate each source independently of other sources to obtain a continuous measure of support for each viable alternative interpretation of the stimulus. The integration process follows an optimal algorithm in which the least ambiguous sources have the greatest impact on performance. These processes occur in a similar fashion through development and aging. Performance differences across the lifespan can be accounted for by different amounts of information. These findings about speech perception also apply to personality judgments, categorization, sentence interpretation, and decision making.

With Commentary from MH Bornstein; RG Crowder; B de Gelder & J Vroomen; G Ehret; G Gigerenzer; S Glucksberg; LE Krueger; DG MacKay; RF Port; M Studdert-Kennedy; JT Townsend; RM Warren; RB Welch; F Wilkening; and others.

Among the articles to appear in forthcoming issues of BBS:

J Schull, "Are species intelligent?"

R Näätänen, "Role of attention in auditory information processing revealed by event-related brain potentials"

JC Prechtl & TL Powley, "B-Afferents: A fundamental division of the nervous system"

MS Dawkins, "From an animal's point of view: Motivation, fitness, and animal welfare," With Precommentary from P Singer, "The significance of animal suffering"

D Wahlsten, "Insensitivity of the analysis of variance to heredity-environment interaction"

SJ Hanson & DJ Burr, "What connectionist models learn: Learning and repesentation in connectionist networks"

JK Tsotsos, "Analyzing vision at the complexity level"

D Falk, "Brain evolution in Homo: The "radiator theory"