Foreign Powers: The Governments of Great Britain, France, Germany, and the Soviet Union, whose sixth edition was published in 1972 by Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, New York. In conjunction with this publication, she edited two volumes of documents: Documents of Major Foreign Powers, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1968, and *German Constitutional* Documents Since 1871, Praeger, New York, 1970. Her consistent interest in her country of birth took her on extensive lecturing tours in West Germany after World War II, when she also helped develop relationships between German and American women's organizations. More recently, she devoted some time to the Conference Group on German Politics, where she served as a member of the executive council and chaired the internship selection committee.

As a resident of Florida since 1970, Louise Holborn participated actively in local organizations, instituting a widely attended lecture series on contemporary international developments for the Winter Park branch of the American Association of University Women, heading the local chapter of Common Cause, and taking a role in the local branch of the International Federation of Business and Professional Women. A warm, active, and concerned person has passed from our midst. She will be greatly missed.

> Gwendolen M. Carter Indiana University

Luella Gettys Key (Mrs. V. O. Key, Jr.)

Luella Gettys Key died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, June 28, 1975, after a long illness. A woman headed for scholarship in political science when the number of women in the discipline could almost be counted on the fingers of one hand (there were seven women with Ph.D.'s in 1920), she won membership in Phi Beta Kappa and completed her A.B. at the University of Nebraska in 1920. The next year she finished an M.A. and went off to Bryn Mawr College on a coveted Susan B. Anthony scholarship in politics. Aided by a Carnegie fellowship in 1923-24 and a University fellowship in 1924-25, the then Luella Gettys completed her Ph.D. at the University of Illinois in 1925. She became one of a total of 25 women throughout the country who were to receive doctorates in political science in the decade of the '20s.

After a brief stint as a teaching assistant at the University of Nebraska while studying for her master's degree, she constructed a professional career based on publications and consultantships and the editing of a number of books in the fields of public administration, parties and politics, and international law. Beginning as a legal research assistant in the Nebraska Legislative Reference Bureau in the mid-20s, she moved to the University of Chicago where she was a research assistant to a number of faculty members in the late '20s and early '30s. Among the academics whose books bore the imprint of her research were Charles Merriam, Leonard D. White, and Quincy Wright.

Her own research and publication began in the '20s with her master's thesis on *The Reorganization of State Government in Nebraska* (1922). *The Law of Citizenship in the United States*, still considered a classic, was published in 1934. A monograph on *The Administration of Canadian Conditional Grants* came out in 1938. Articles and book reviews in the *APSR*, law journals and other professional periodicals, the last of which appeared in 1943, should also be noted.

In 1934 Luella Gettys married V. O. Key, Jr. Although Mrs. Key continued to edit and index some 11 books for other political scientists, several of whom were her husband's colleagues at Harvard, and during World War II (1942-45) accepted a part-time consultantship in the Office of Alien Property Custodian in Washington, D.C., she became increasingly absorbed in the work and writing of her husband, "V.O." as he was affectionately known. First they coauthored a couple of articles. In the '40s, '50s, and early '60s, Mrs. Key edited and indexed Politics, Parties and Pressure Groups (five editions from 1942 through the posthumous 1964), Southern Politics (1949), and three later books published by "V.O." before his untimely death in 1963.

Mrs. Key will be remembered not only for this early scholarship but for her ready wit and the encouragement she gave to subsequent generations of women political scientists.

> Victoria Schuck Mount Holyoke College

The writer wishes to thank the Schlesinger Library at Radcliffe College and Roger A. Kvam, pastor of the First United Presbyterian Church of Quincy, Massachusetts, who was the late Professor V. O. Key's assistant at Harvard in 1963, for assistance in the preparation of this note.

Sidney Pomerantz

Sidney Pomerantz of The City College of The City University of New York died in June 1975 at the age of 65. He will be remembered for his scholarship, and for his devotion to his students, not only as a collectivity to be taught, but as individuals to be nurtured and encouraged.

Sidney Pomerantz's reputation as a scholar will remain with us. In addition to many articles and reviews, his book, *New York—An American City*, *1783-1803*, remains as the classic work on the subject. He had been at work on a number of research projects, but illness slowed his progress. His major concern in recent years was the history of New York City at the end of the 19th century, and he had completed the re-

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search for a book which would have examined that subject. Unfortunately this work will now remain incomplete.

At City College, Sidney Pomerantz developed two courses that received attention beyond the institution. While teaching at the Baruch School of City College, he introduced a course on the History of American Business Enterprise which was a pioneer effort. He also taught a unique course on the History of the City and State of New York. As a major participant in the development of a New York Area Studies research project, and a concomitant teaching program, Sidney Pomerantz made a significant contribution to the study of the city he knew so well.

Sidney Pomerantz was always a careful scholar, but never a destructive one. He was always ready to suggest how the work of others might be improved rather than to score points for himself by tearing down the serious efforts of fellow historians. As a teacher, these qualities of support and regard for others were equally apparent. Sidney Pomerantz was a popular teacher, but beyond that he was dedicated to the professional growth of his students. He was instrumental in furthering the career of many deserving students, who needed guidance and support at a crucial point in their lives. This gentle man had a profound and wide-ranging effect upon his students as human beings as well as intellectually. In this aspect of his career, as in all aspects of his life, Sidney Pomerantz was truly a positive man.

> Irwin Yellowitz City College of The City University of New York

Joseph R. Starr

Joseph R. Starr, former teacher and public official, died in July at the age of 74. Dr. Starr, a Phi Beta Kappa graduate of the University of Nebraska, held a Ph.D. from the University of Minnesota where he taught from 1927 to 1942. He also taught at the Universities of Nebraska, Tennessee and Maryland, as well as serving as a consultant with the United Nations and for the U.S. Department of State in a number of foreign countries. He was the author of a number of works in the area of public administration and political parties.

Evron M. Kirkpatrick The American Political Science Association

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