A review of Nearctic Clytocerus (Diptera: Psychodidae: Psychodinae) – ERRATUM

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Owing to a typesetter’s error, a portion of Figure 8 in the figure plate for Figures 1–9 on page 189 in the article by Curler and Moulton (2012) in the February issue of The Canadian Entomologist extends out from the image. This occurs between the labels for “gst” and “gcx.” The corrected figure plate, with the legend, follows. The publisher regrets this error.

Reference

Figs. 1–9. *Clytocerus* (*Boreoclytocerus*) *americanus* (Kincaid) 1. Male head, frontal view. 2. Male wing. 3. Larva head capsule, dorsal view. 4. Pupa anal division, left side, dorsal view. 5. Male antennal flagellomere 6, dorsal view. 6. Female terminalia, external structure, ventral view. 7. Female terminalia, internal structure, ventral view. 8. Male hypandrium, gonopods and aedeagus, dorsal view. 9. Male epandrium, subependrial sclerite and surstylus, dorsal view. Scale bars = 0.025 mm (5), 0.125 mm (3–4, 6–9), 0.25 mm (1), 0.5 mm (2). aed = aedeagus; cer = cercus; eja = ejaculatory apodeme; epd = epandrium; gca = gonocoxal apodeme; gcx = gonocoxite; gst = gonostylus; hpd = hypandrium; hpr = hypoproct; hs = hirsute sensilla; hv = hypovalvae; ovd = oviduct; ret = retinacula; se = subependrial sclerite; sgp = subgenital plate; sur = surstylus.