BOOKS PURCHASED BY MEDICAL LIBRARIES IN AUSTRALIA PRIOR TO 1856

by

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SYDNEY, New South Wales, was established as a convict settlement in 1788, and Melbourne, on Port Phillip Bay, in what later became the state of Victoria, was founded as a result of free commercial and agricultural enterprise in 1836. By about 1850, Sydney had a population of 42,000 and Melbourne 23,000, both with considerably fewer than a hundred doctors; rapid increases occurred in the next decade with the discovery of gold. Of greater significance than mere growth in numbers was that by this time both colonies were achieving a measure of political and economic independence, and with this there emerged a concept of life in Australia as a permanent arrangement rather than as an interlude in a lifetime based on Britain. This identification with Australia as ‘home’ is a recognizable turning-point in the history of Australian art and literature. In the history of medicine, it is reflected in the development of medical societies, the establishment of medical libraries, and, a little later, in an awakening interest in medical education; in effect, it implied a basic stability which encouraged, or indeed demanded, long-term planning for the future, and which imposed an obligation to keep up with advances overseas.

Elsewhere we have recorded all that is known of the early medical libraries in Australia,¹ and we have summarized the history of the medical societies with which they were commonly associated.²⁻³ The first book purchases of these libraries are of more than local interest, for they indicate what an isolated community of British doctors regarded as the best or most vital of contemporary medical literature at a time when great changes were occurring in the basic medical sciences, as well as in medical concepts and practice. The minutes of meetings at which decisions were made on the books to be ordered show that considerable care and thought was given to their choice, although unfortunately we are left to surmise the reasons for selection and the information on which it was based.

This paper presents a short-title list of the books bought by the medical libraries of Melbourne and Sydney during the first decade or so of their existence. It is based upon the catalogue of the Australian Medical Subscription Library, formed in Sydney in 1846 and dispersed in 1869. The catalogue, now very rare, was published in Sydney in 1855. To this, from an analysis of various manuscript records, we have added purchases made by Melbourne medical societies.

(i) The Port Phillip Medical Association (abbreviation—PP), formed in 1846 and disbanded in 1853, when its books were sold.

(ii) The Victoria Medical Association (abbreviation—VM), formed in 1852 and amalgamating with a rival organization in 1855 to form the Medical Society of Victoria.

(iii) The Medical Society of Victoria (abbreviation—MS) which, although now linked with the Victorian Branch of the Australian Medical Association, has

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continued in nominal existence to the present day. This society published its first library catalogue in 1863, listing some 300 items, excluding periodicals. As this catalogue is less rare, and as the earlier purchases are those of greatest interest, we have not incorporated it in the present list in its entirety. However, we have included purchases of 1855 and 1856, while works already listed because they were purchased by one of the other libraries have been indicated, where appropriate, as also in the possession of the Medical Society of Victoria. In this way, a reasonably accurate picture of the holdings in Melbourne and Sydney up to about 1856 is presented, and the indication of the number of locations of a book gives some idea of the works in special demand. It may be pointed out that problems of distance and communication meant that the libraries of the two centres functioned quite independently.

As the contemporary records of the books ordered often provide no more than the author’s name and the subject, we have occasionally had difficulty in deciding exactly what work was meant, and we have usually had to assume the edition or date of publication. However, errors on this account are of no importance, and for only two rather cryptic entries have we failed to identify an appropriate work in library or booksellers’ catalogues. We have omitted several books of no medical significance.

Donations made to these libraries have been regarded as purchases if the books were published between 1840 and 1856. If published prior to that date, they have been included in the list as ‘Historical Works’. Most of them, obviously including those published in the eighteenth century or earlier, could have been justifiably regarded as such, or at least as works of lasting value, at the time of their donation, but a minority might be considered as merely outmoded textbooks or monographs which the libraries would not have purchased on their own initiative.

The books are listed under broad subject headings for convenient reference and rapid assessment; occasionally a book appears under two headings. Table 1 shows, in summary, the number of books ordered on various subjects, and again minor numerical discrepancies compared with the list itself occur when a book has been included under more than one heading. It is notable that over 20 per cent of the purchases were devoted to the basic sciences of anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, pathology and biology, while further works of an ‘academic’ character are not infrequent in other sections (notably, for example, under ‘Neurology and Related Subjects’). This proportion is impressive in the virtual absence of the stimulus provided by medical schools, teaching hospitals or active research, and in a society which was in all things eminently practical in its outlook. In Melbourne at least it was this progressive outlook which was to enable the foundation of a medical school in the University within the next few years. In other respects, the emphasis given to certain subjects is understandable as reflecting either the special medical problems of a colonial community or the fields in which rapid advancement of knowledge was occurring. The ‘Historical Works’ amount to about 15 per cent of the total, although, as indicated above, this figure is a little inflated by the inclusion of some donated books of relatively recent date. However, about a quarter of these books, mostly those published between 1840 and 1856, were deliberately purchased. All the publications prior to 1800 were donations; the presence of some items of interest and value shows the faith of the donors in the permanence and the importance of the libraries. That this faith was not wholly justified, unfortunately, is indicated by the fact that we have not been able to trace all the items listed, including some of those most valuable today to a young country with limited medico-historical resources.
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are indebted to many librarians in Australia who have answered our enquiries or helped us in our search for some of the volumes listed, and our thanks are also due to Mrs. Wendy Britten for secretarial assistance.

REFERENCES


TABLE I

1. Anatomy (human, comparative and surgical) 22
2. Physiology, Biochemistry and Chemistry 19
3. Pathology (including morbid anatomy and histology) 15
4. Medicine:
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   (ii) Fever, Specific Diseases, Public Health 10
   (iii) Respiratory Diseases 7
   (iv) Cardiovascular System 4
   (v) Gastro-intestinal Tract 6
   (vi) Renal Diseases 3
   (vii) Neurology and Related Subjects 14
   (viii) Psychiatry 7
   (ix) Dermatology and Venereology 13
   (x) Therapeutics, Botany and Dietetics 11
   (xi) Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology 8
5. Surgery:
   (i) General 6
   (ii) Genito-urinary Surgery 5
   (iii) Orthopaedics 5
   (iv) Other 9
6. Obstetrics and Gynaecology 26
7. Eye, Ear, Teeth 11
8. Historical Interest 40
ANATOMY: HUMAN, COMPARATIVE AND SURGICAL
(Unless otherwise stated, books were published in London)

ANDERSON, W. System of surgical anatomy, Part I. New York, 1822. (AM; MS)
ANONYMOUS (M.R.C.S.I.). Dublin Dissector; or, manual of anatomy, for the use of students in the dissecting room. 2 vols. 1831. (AM; MS)

BELL, C. The hand; its mechanism and vital endowments, as evincing design. 1852. (AM)

COOPER, A. Anatomy of the thymus gland. 1832 (AM)
— The anatomy of the breast. 2 vols. 1840. (AM)

DERMOTT, D. G. Illustrations of the arteries connected with aneurism and surgical operations. 1826. (AM)

GRANT, R. E. Outlines of comparative anatomy. 1841. (VM; MS)

HASSE, C. E. Anatomical descriptions of the diseases of the organs of circulation and respiration. Trans. W. E. Swaine. 1846. (AM)


LIZARS, J. System of anatomical plates of the human body. Edinburgh, 1825. (AM; MS)

MACLISE, J. Surgical anatomy. 1851. (VM; AM)

MORTON, T. Surgical anatomy of the perinaeum. 1838. (AM)
— Surgical anatomy of the groin, the femoral and popliteal regions. 1839. (AM; MS)
— Surgical anatomy of inguinal herniae, the testis and its coverings. 1841. (AM)
— Engravings illustrating the surgical anatomy of the head and neck, axilla, bend of the elbow, and wrist, with descriptions. 1854. (AM)

OTTO, A. W. Compendium of human and comparative anatomy. Trans. J. F. South. 1831. (AM)

OWEN, R. Lectures on the comparative anatomy and physiology of the invertebrate animals. 1843. (PP; MS).
— The nature of limbs. 1849. (AM; MS)

SIBSON, F. Medical anatomy or, illustrations of the relative positions and movements of the internal organs. 1855. (MS)

TODD, R. B. (Ed.). Cyclopaedia of anatomy and physiology. 4 vols. 1836–52. (AM)


WILSON, E. Anatomist’s vade mecum. 1842. (MS)

PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND CHEMISTRY

BARCLAY, J. The muscular motion of the human body. Edinburgh, 1808. (AM)

BOSTOCK, J. Elementary system of physiology. 1844. (AM)

BOWMAN, W. and TODD, R. B. The physiological anatomy and physiology of man. 1845. (VM; MS)

BRODIE, B. Physiological researches. 1851. (AM)

Carpenter, W. B. Principles of human physiology. 1846. (MS)

Davy, J. Researches, physiological and anatomical. 2 vols. 1839. (AM)

FunkE, O. Atlas of physiological chemistry, consisting of microscopic figures. (Supplement to Lehmann’s Physiological chemistry.) Leipzig, 1853. (AM)

GREGORY, W. Outlines of chemistry, for the use of students. 1845. (PP)

LAWRENCE, W. Lectures on physiology, zoology, and the natural history of man. 1898. (AM)

LEHMANN, C. G. Physiological chemistry. Trans. G. E. Day. 3 vols. 1851–4. (AM; MS)
**Books Purchased by Medical Libraries in Australia prior to 1856**

**LIEBIG, BARON J. VON.** Animal chemistry. Ed. W. Gregory. 1843. (AM)


—— Researches on the motions of the juices in the animal body. Ed. W. Gregory. 1848. (PP; AM).


**REID, J.** Physiological, anatomical and pathological researches. Edinburgh, 1848. (AM)


**UNZER, J. A.** The principles of physiology. (with) **PROCHASKA, G.** The functions of the nervous system. Trans. and ed. T. Laycock. 1851. (AM)

**WAGNER, R.** Elements of physiology for the use of students. Trans. R. Willis. 1844. (AM)

**PATHOLOGY: MORBID ANATOMY, HISTOLOGY AND MICROSCOPY**

**ANDRAL, G.** Treatise on pathological anatomy. Trans. R. Townsend and W. West. 2 vols. Dublin, 1829. (VM; MS)

**BEALE, L. S.** The microscope, and its application to clinical medicine. 1854. (AM; MS)

**CARPENTER, W. B.** The microscope and its revelations. 1856. (VM; MS)

**CARSWELL, R.** Pathological anatomy. 1838. (AM; MS)

**HASSALL, A. H.** Microscopic anatomy of the human body in health and disease. 2 vols. 1849. (AM)

**HOPE, J.** Principles and illustrations of morbid anatomy. 1834. (AM)


**MAYO, H.** Outlines of human pathology. 1836. (AM)

**PAGET, J.** Lectures on surgical pathology. 2 vols. 1851. (VM; AM; MS)

**QUEKETT, J.** A Practical treatise on the use of the microscope. 1852. (AM; VM; MS)

**ROKITANSKY, G. VON.** Manual of pathological anatomy. 4 vols. 1849–54. (AM; MS)

**SCHWANN, T.** Microscopical researches into the accordance in the structure and growth of animals and plants. Trans. H. Smith. 1847. (AM)

**SIMON, J.** General pathology. Philadelphia, 1852. (VM)

**WALSHE, W. H.** On the nature and treatment of cancer. 1846. (AM)

**WEDL, C.** Rudiments of pathological histology. Trans. and ed. G. Busk. 1855. (MS)

**MEDICINE—GENERAL**

**ADDISON, W.** On healthy and diseased structure, and the true principles of treatment for the cure of diseases, especially consumption and scrofula. 1849. (AM; MS)

**ALISON, W. P.** Outlines of pathology and practice of medicine. Edinburgh, 1844. (PP)

**ANDRAL, G.** Clinique médicale. Paris, 1833. (AM; VM; MS)

—— Clinique médicale; or, reports on medical cases. Trans. D. Spillane. London, 1836. (AM; MS)

**BEALE, L. J.** The laws of health, in relation to mind and body. 1851. (AM)

**BENNETT, J. H.** Introduction to clinical medicine. Edinburgh, 1853. (VM; MS)

**BILLING, A.** First principles of medicine. 1841. (AM)

**BLANE, G.** Select dissertation on several subjects of medical science. 1822. (AM)

**BROUSSAIS, F. J. V.** Examen des doctrines médicales et des systèmes de nosologie. Paris, 1821. (AM)
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COPLAND, J. A dictionary of practical medicine. 1835. (PP; VM); 1844. (AM; MS)

ELLIOTSON, J. Principles and practice of medicine. 1846. (AM; MS)

FORBES, J., TWEEDIE, A. and CONNOLLY, J. (Eds.) Cyclopaedia of practical medicine. 4 vols. 1833-5. (AM)

GRAVES, R. J. Clinical lectures on the practice of medicine. Ed. J. M. Neligan. Dublin, 1848. (VM; MS)

HALL, M. Principles of the theory and practice of medicine. 1837. (AM)

— Practical observations and suggestions in medicine. 1845. (PP; MS)


MEDICINE: FEVER, MISCELLANEOUS DISEASES, EPIDEMIOLOGY AND PUBLIC HEALTH

BALY, W. and GULL, W. Reports on cholera epidemic, drawn up at the desire of the Cholera Committee of the Royal College of Physicians. 1854. (AM)

BENNETT, J. Leucocytosemia. 1852. (AM; MS)

GAIRDNER, W. On gout; its history, its causes, and its cure. 1849. (AM)

GREEN, H. Observations on the pathology of croup. New York, 1849. (PP; MS)

GREGORY, G. Lectures on fevers. 1843. (AM; MS)

HALL, J. C. Facts which prove the immediate necessity for the enactment of sanitary measures. 1847. (PP; MS)

HARVEY, W. Rheumatism, gout and neuralgia, as affecting the head and ear. 1852. (AM; MS)

NUNNELEY, T. Treatise on the nature, causes and treatment of erysipelas. 1841. (AM)

PEACOCK, T. On the influenza, or epidemic catarrhal fever, of 1847-48. 1848. (AM)

THOMPSON, T. Annals of influenza, or epidemic catarrhal fever in Great Britain from 1510 to 1837. 1852. (AM)

MEDICINE: RESPIRATORY, CARDIOVASCULAR, GASTRO-INTESTINAL AND RENAL DISEASES

ALISON, S. S. Observations on organic alteratives of the heart, and particularly on the beneficial employment of iron. 1845. (PP)

ANCELL, H. Treatise on tuberculosis. 1852. (AM; MS)

BALLARD, E. Physical diagnosis of diseases of the abdomen. 1852. (AM)

BELLINGHAM, O'B. Treatise on diseases of the heart. Dublin, 1853. (AM)

BIRD, G. Urinary deposits. 2nd ed., 1846. 4th ed., 1853. (AM; MS)

BLAKISTON, P. Practical observations on certain diseases of the chest, and on the principles of auscultation. Philadelphia, 1848. (PP)

BUDD, G. Diseases of the liver. 1852. (VM; AM)

— The organic diseases and functional disorders of the stomach. 1855. (MS)

JOHNSON, G. On the diseases of the kidney, their pathology, diagnosis and treatment. 1852. (AM; MS)

JONES, G. H. Pathological and clinical observations respecting morbid conditions of the stomach. 1855. (MS)
Books Purchased by Medical Libraries in Australia prior to 1856

LOUIS, P. C. A. Researches on phthisis, anatomical, pathological and therapeutical. Trans. W. H. Walshe. 1846. (AM)

PHILIP, A. P. W. Treatise on indigestion and its consequences, called nervous and bilious complaints. 1828. (AM)

PROUT, W. The nature and treatment of stomach and renal diseases. 1848. (AM; MS)

STOKES, W. A treatise on the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the chest. Dublin, 1839. (PP)

— The diseases of the heart and the aorta. Dublin, 1854. (AM; MS)

THOMPSON, T. Clinical lectures on pulmonary consumption. 1854. (AM)

WALSHE, W. H. A practical treatise on the diseases of the lungs and heart. 1851. (VM; AM; MS)

WILLIAMS, C. J. B. The pathology and diagnosis of diseases of the chest. 1840. (PP; MS)

MEDICINE: THERAPEUTICS, BOTANY, DIETETICS

CHRISTISON, R. A dispensatory or commentary on the pharmacopoeias of Great Britain. Edinburgh, 1842. (PP; MS)

LIEBIG, BARON J. VON Researches on the chemistry of food. Ed. W. Gregory. 1847. (AM)

LINDLEY, J. Flora medica. 1838. (AM; MS)

— Elements of botany. 1841. (AM; MS)

NELIGAN, J. M. Medicines: Their uses, and mode of administration. Dublin, 1847. (AM; MS)

PARIS, J. A. Treatise on diet. 1837. (AM; MS)

PEREIRA, J. The elements of materia medica. Parts 1 and 2. 1839–40. (PP); 1849. (AM); 1854. (VM; MS)

PHILIP, A. P. W. Treatise on the means of preserving health. 1830. (AM; MS)

THOMSON, A. T. The London dispensatory. 1836. (PP)

— Elements of materia medica and therapeutics. 1842. (AM; MS)

WOODBILLE, W. and HOOKER, W. J. Medical botany. 5 vols. 1832. (AM; MS)

NEUROLOGY AND RELATED SUBJECTS

ABERCROMBIE, J. Pathology and practical research on diseases of the brain and spinal cord. Edinburgh, 1845. (PP)

BELL, C. Nervous system of the human body. 1844. (AM; MS)

BRODE, B. Lectures illustrative of certain local nervous affections. 1837. (VM)

DOWNING, G. T. Neuralgia. 1851. (AM; MS)

GALL, F. J., VIMONT, J. and BROUSSAIS, F. J. V. Functions of the cerebellum. Trans. G. Combe. 1838. (AM; MS)

GUTHRIE, G. J. Injuries of the head affecting the brain; and on some points connected with the anatomy and surgery of inguinal and femoral herniae. 1847. (VM; MS)

HALL, M. New memoir on the nervous system. 1843. (PP; MS)

NOBLE, D. The brain and its physiology. 1846. (PP; MS)

PROCHASKA, G. The function of the nervous system. (With) UNZER, J. A. The principles of physiology. 1851.


SWAN, J. Demonstration of the nerves of the human body. 1834. (AM)

TODD, R. B. Descriptive and physiological anatomy of the brain, spinal cord, and ganglia, and of their coverings. 1845. (AM)

— Clinical lectures on paralysis, certain diseases of the brain, and other affections of the nervous system. 1856. (VM; MS)

WALKER, A. The nervous system, anatomical and physiological. 1854. (AM)
## Psychiatry and Related Subjects

**Ellis, W. C.** A treatise on the nature, symptoms, causes, and treatment of insanity. 1838. (AM)

**Feuchtersleben, Baron E. Von.** The principles of medical psychology. Trans. H. E. Lloyd, ed. B. G. Babington. 1847. (AM)

**Griffin, W. and Griffin, D.** Medical and physiological problems. 1845. (PP; MS)

## Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology

**Beck, T. R.** Elements of medical jurisprudence. 1842. (AM; MS)

--- and **Beck, J. B.** Elements of medical jurisprudence. Albany, 1835. (PP; MS)

**Christison, R.** A treatise on poisons, in relation to medical jurisprudence, physiology, and the practice of physic. Edinburgh, 1832. (PP; MS)

**London Medical Society of Observation.** What to observe at the bedside and after death in medical cases. Philadelphia, 1853. (VM; MS)

## Dermatology and Venereology

**Acton, W.** Complete practical treatise on venereal diseases. 1841. (Text, AM; MS; Atlas, PP; MS)

**Bateman, T.** Delineations of cutaneous diseases. 1840. (AM; MS)

**Burgess, T. H.** Eruptions of the face, head and hands. 1849. (AM; MS)

**Neligan, J. M.** A practical treatise on diseases of the skin. Dublin, 1852. (VM; MS)

**Ricord, P.** A practical treatise on venereal diseases. Trans. H. P. Drummond. 1842. (VM; MS)

--- **Traté complet des maladies vénériennes.** Paris, 1851. (AM)

## Surgery—General

**Chelius, M. J. Von** System of surgery. Trans. J. S. Smith. Philadelphia, 1847. (VM; AM; MS)

**Cutler, T.** The surgeon’s practical guide in dressing. 1896. (PP; MS)

**Erichsen, J. E.** Science and art of surgery. 1853. (MS)

**Holland, H.** Chapters on mental physiology. 1852. (AM; MS)

**Millingen, J. G.** Mind and matter. 1847. (PP)

**Morison, A.** Outlines of lectures on the nature, causes and treatment of insanity. Ed. T. C. Morison. 1848. (AM)

**Prichard, J. C.** The different forms of insanity, in relation to jurisprudence. 1842. (PP; MS)

**Ryan, M.** Manual of medical jurisprudence, and state medicine. 1836. (AM)

**Taylor, A. S.** Poisons in relation to medical jurisprudence and medicine. 1848. (MS)

--- Medical jurisprudence. 1849. (AM; MS)

**Traill, T. S.** Outlines of a course of lectures on medical jurisprudence. Philadelphia, 1841. (AM)

**Smith, W. T.** Scrofula; its nature, causes, and treatment. 1844 (AM)

**Wallace, W.** Treatise on the venereal disease and its varieties. 1833. (AM)

**Willan, R.** A practical synopsis of cutaneous diseases. Ed. A. Todd Thomson. 1829. (AM)

**Wilson, E.** A practical and theoretical treatise on diseases of the skin. 1842. (PP); 1851. (AM; MS)

--- Plates on diseases of the skin. 1847. (PP; MS)

--- Portraits of diseases of the skin. 1855. (VM; AM; MS)

**Fergusson, W.** A system of practical surgery. 1842. (MS)

**Guthrie, G. J.** Commentaries on the surgery of the war in Portugal, Spain, France and the Netherlands. 1843. (AM; MS)

**Piper, R. U.** Operative surgery. Boston, 1852. (AM; MS)
Surgery: Genito-urinary Tract, Breast, Anus and Rectum

Ashton, T. J. Treatise on the diseases, injuries and malformations of the rectum and anus. 1854. (AM; MS)

Birkett, J. Diseases of the breast and their treatment. 1850. (AM; MS)

Cooper, A. The structure and diseases of the testis. 1841. (AM)

Coulson, W. Diseases of the bladder and prostate gland. 1852. (AM; MS)

Guthrie, G. J. The anatomy and diseases of the urinary and sexual organs. 1843. (VM; MS)

Surgery: Orthopaedics, Miscellaneous

Bellingham, O'B. Observations on aneurysm, and its treatment by compression. 1847. (VM; MS)

Cooper, A. Treatise on dislocations and fractures of the joints. 1842. (AM)

Dupuytren, Baron G. Injuries and diseases of bones. Trans. and ed. F. Le Gros Clark. 1847. (AM)

—— Lesions of the vascular system, diseases of the rectum, and other surgical complaints. Trans. and ed. F. Le Gros Clark. 1854. (MS)

Guthrie, G. J. Injuries of the head affecting the brain; and on some points connected with the anatomy and surgery of inguinal and femoral herniae. 1847. (VM; MS)

Obstetrics and Gynaecology

Ashwell, S. Practical treatise on the diseases peculiar to women. 1848. (PP; MS)

Bennet, J. H. A practical treatise of inflammation, ulceration, and induration of the neck of the uterus. 1845. (PP; MS); 2nd ed. 1849. (AM); 3rd ed. 1853. (VM)

Blundell, J. Lectures on the principles and practice of midwifery. 1839. (PP)

Boivin, Mme M. A. and Dugas, A. Practical treatise on the diseases of the uterus and its appendages. Trans. G. O. Heming. 1834. (AM; MS)

Campbell, W. Treatise on the epidemic and puerperal fever, as it prevailed in Edinburgh in 1821–22. Edinburgh, 1822. (AM)

Lizards, J. Practical observations on the treatment of stricture of the urethra and fistula in perineo. Edinburgh, 1853. (AM; MS)

Quain, R. The diseases of the rectum. 1854. (AM)

Thompson, H. The pathology and treatment of stricture of the urethra both in the male and female. 1854. (MS)


Lawrence, W. Treatise on ruptures, revised and considerably enlarged. 1838. (AM)

Ottley, D. Observations on surgical diseases of the head and neck. 1848. (AM; MS)

Smith, R. W. A treatise on fractures in the vicinity of joints, and on certain forms of accidental and congenital dislocations. Dublin, 1847. (PP; MS)

Stanley, E. Illustrations of the effects of disease and injuries of the bones. 1849. (AM)

—— Treatise on diseases of the bones. 1849. (AM)

Teale, T. P. A practical treatise on abdominal hernia. 1846. (VM; AM; MS)


—— Researches on operative midwifery. Dublin, 1841. (AM)

—— Essays on the puerperal fever, and other diseases peculiar to women. 1849. (AM)

Clarke, G. Observations on those diseases of females which are attended by discharges. 2 vols. 1831. (AM)

Davis, D. D. Elements of operative midwifery. 1825. (AM; MS)

Ferguson, R. Essays on the most important diseases of women. Part I—Puerperal fever. 1839. (AM)
HALL, M. Commentaries, principally on those diseases of females which are constitutional. 1830. (AM)

HUNTER, W. Anatomy of the human gravid uterus. 1851. (AM)

LEE, R. Clinical midwifery. 1842. (AM; MS)
—— Practical observations on the diseases of the uterus. 1849. (MS)
—— Clinical reports of ovarian and uterine diseases. 1853. (AM; MS)

MEIGS, C. Treatise on acute and chronic diseases of the neck of the uterus. 1854. (AM; MS)


MURPHY, E. W. Lectures on natural and difficult parturition. 1845. (PP; MS)
—— Chloroform in the practice of midwifery. 1848. (PP)

PAEDIATRICS

CHURCHILL, F. The diseases of children. Dublin, 1850. (MS)

HOOD, P. Practical observations on the diseases most fatal to children. 1845. (AM)

MAUNSELL, H. and EVANSON, R. A practical treatise on the management and diseases of children. Boston, 1848. (VM; MS)

OPHTHALMOLOGY, OTOLOGY, DENTISTRY

BELL, T. Anatomy, physiology and diseases of the teeth. Philadelphia, 1837. (AM)

DALRYMPIE, J. Pathology of the human eye. 1832. (VM; AM; MS)

DUFTON, W. The nature and treatment of deafness and diseases of the ear; and the treatment of the deaf dumb. 1844. (AM)

LAWRENCE, W. Treatise on the diseases of the eye. 1844. (AM)

MACKENZIE, W. A practical treatise on the diseases of the eye. 1830. (PP); 1835. (AM)

MORGAN, J. Lectures on diseases of the eye. 1848. (AM; MS)

MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS

CARPENTER, W. B. Zoology and the instinct of animals. 2 vols. 1848. (AM)

RAMSBOTHAM, F. H. Principles and practice of obstetric medicine and surgery, in reference to the process of parturition. 1844. (AM; MS)

RAMSBOTHAM, J. Practical observations in midwifery. 1842. (AM)

ROBERTON, J. Essays and notes on the physiology and diseases of women, and on the practice of midwifery. 1851. (MS)


TILT, E. J. The change of life in health and disease: a practical treatise on the nervous and other affections incidental to women at the change of life. c. 1855. (MS)

WEST, C. Enquiry into the pathological importance of ulceration of the os uteri. 1854. (AM)
Books Purchased by Medical Libraries in Australia prior to 1856

HISTORICAL WORKS
(including donated books published before 1840)

ARATAEUS. Extant Works. Trans. and ed. F. Adams. 1856. (MS)

BAKER, H. Microscope made easy. 1754. (AM)

BARROW, J. Dictionarium medicum universale. 1749. (AM)

BELL, C. System of operative surgery. 1807. (AM; MS)

— and BELL, J. Anatomy and physiology of the human body. 3 vols. 1816. (AM)

BELL, J. The principles of surgery. 3 vols. 1806–8. (MS)

BRODE, B. Pathological and surgical observations on diseases of the joints. 1818. (VM; MS)

BRYCE, J. Practical observations on the inoculation of cowpox. Edinburgh, 1809. (AM)

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