

Research Paper

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How to use the CSL L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X class

First author<sup>1</sup>, Second author<sup>2</sup>, Third author<sup>2</sup>, Fourth author<sup>2</sup>, Fifth author<sup>2</sup> and Seventh author<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>First author address and <sup>2</sup>Second author address

**Abstract**  
This sample is a guideline for preparing technical papers using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X for CSL manuscript submission. It contains the documentation for CSL L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X class file, which implements the layout of the manuscript for CSL journal. This sample file uses a class file named CSL.cls where the authors should use during their manuscript preparation.

Insert A head here

This demo file is intended to serve as a “starter file” for CSL journal papers produced under L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X using CSL.cls.

Insert B head here

Subsection text here.

Insert C head here

Subsubsection text here.

Equations

Sample equations.

gathered

$$\begin{array}{c} x^2 + y^2 = z^2 \\ x < y \end{array}$$

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$$\frac{\partial u(t,x)}{\partial t} = Au(t,x)\left(1 - \frac{u(t,x)}{K}\right) - B\frac{u(t-\tau,x)w(t,x)}{1 + Eu(t-\tau,x)},$$

$$\frac{\partial w(t,x)}{\partial t} = \delta\frac{\partial^2 w(t,x)}{\partial x^2} - Cw(t,x) + D\frac{u(t-\tau,x)w(t,x)}{1 + Eu(t-\tau,x)},$$

(1)

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = \alpha U(t)(\gamma - U(t)) - \frac{U(t-\tau)W(t)}{1 + U(t-\tau)},$$

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = -W(t) + \beta\frac{U(t-\tau)W(t)}{1 + U(t-\tau)}.$$

(2)

$$\frac{\partial(F_1, F_2)}{\partial(c, \omega)} \Big|_{(c_0, \omega_0)} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial c} & \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \omega} \\ \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial c} & \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \omega} \end{vmatrix} \Big|_{(c_0, \omega_0)}$$

$$= -4c_0q\omega_0 - 4c_0\omega_0p^2 = -4c_0\omega_0(q + p^2) > 0.$$

Enunciations

**Theorem 1.** Assume that  $\alpha > 0, \gamma > 1, \beta > \frac{\gamma+1}{\gamma-1}$ . Then there exists a small  $\tau_1 > 0$ , such that for  $\tau \in [0, \tau_1)$ , if  $c$  crosses  $c(\tau)$  from the direction of to a small amplitude periodic traveling wave solution of (2.1), and the period of  $(\tilde{u}^P(s), \tilde{w}^P(s))$  is

$$\tilde{T}(c) = c \cdot \left[ \frac{2\pi}{\omega(\tau)} + O(c - c(\tau)) \right].$$

**Condition 1.** From (0.8) and (2.10), it holds  $\frac{d\omega}{d\tau} < 0, \frac{dc}{d\tau} < 0$  for  $\tau \in [0, \tau_1)$ . This fact yields that the system (2.1) with delay  $\tau > 0$  has the periodic traveling waves for smaller wave speed  $c$  than that the system (2.1) with  $\tau = 0$  does. That is, the delay perturbation stimulates an early occurrence of the traveling waves.

Figures & Tables

The output for figure is:

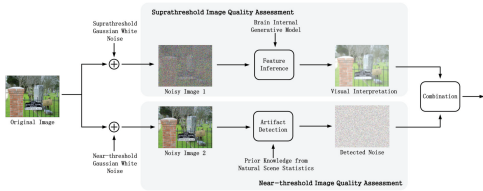


Fig. 1. Insert figure caption here

An example of a double column floating figure using two sub-figures. (The subfig.sty package must be loaded for this to work.) The subfigure \label commands are set within each subfloat command, the \label for the overall figure must come after \caption. \hfil must be used as a separator to get equal spacing. The subfigure.sty package works much the same way, except \subfigure is used instead of \subfloat. The output for table is:

Table 1. An Example of a Table

Column head 1	Column head 2	Column head 3	Column head 4
One	Two	three	four
Three	Four	three	four

table note

Conclusion

The conclusion text goes here.

**Acknowledgement.** Insert the Acknowledgment text here.

References

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Bayer-Santos E, Aguilar-Bonavides C, Rodrigues SP, Cordero EM, Marques AF, Varela-Ramirez A, Choi H, Yoshida N, da Silveira JF and Almeida IC (2013) Proteomic analysis of *Trypanosoma cruzi* secretome: characterization of two populations of extracellular vesicles and soluble pro-teins. *Journal of Proteome Research* **12**, 883–897.

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**Second B. Author** received her Diploma in 1997 from the University of C and received her Ph.D. at the D University in 2001. She became a full university professor in 2009. She is currently serving as chair of the E project and is active in the study of Si power electronics.