

# User Manual

ETS Journals

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Prepared by SPi TeX-Support

## 1 Introduction

CUP has developed an authoring template to help the authors in preparing their articles. It is recommending authors to use this template to produce L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X manuscripts which conform to ETS Journals styles. This document is a manual for the authors to help prepare their article with this template. It has the general guidelines and the descriptions that how various elements should be coded.

## 2 Template Files

The template contain following files:

1. README.txt
2. CUP-JNL-ETS.cls (Class file)
3. User-Manual.pdf
4. Sample.pdf
5. Sample.tex (Sample Template)
6. Fig.eps (sample images)
7. ETS.Logo.eps (ETS logo)

## 3 How to Start and Prepare Your Article

It is assumed that you possess basic knowledge in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Ensure that you have L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2e version installed on your computer. You are provided with one class files in the “CUP-JNL-ETS.cls” . This template can be kept with your manuscript files. Note that the class file depends on the following packages which are standard and available during L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X installation.

1. crop.sty 2. ifpdf.sty 3. url.sty 4. soul.sty 5. xcolor.sty
6. textcomp.sty 7. fontenc.sty 8. mathtime.sty 9. source-
- sanspro.sty 10. geometry.sty 11. framed.sty 12. everypage.sty
13. lastpage.sty 14. booktabs.sty 15. hyperref.sty 16. hyp-
- cap.sty 17. breakurl.sty

All the above are standard packages available on every  $\text{\LaTeX}$  installations. The additional packages (amsmath, amssymb, amsfonts, amsthm, etc) used in the sample tex files are providing add-on functionalities to the template.

You are given with a sample tex file (sample.tex) as a template for your article. We would suggest you to use the sample template file to start with your project. Please have a copy of the template file for your article and start editing as required. The sample.tex file contains the lines for calling class files, preamble and also added major sample elements for an article. You can add your actual manuscript content in place of these sample elements. The standard structure of each element for article is explained in detail.

## 4 Preamble

The preamble part comes between the document class line and beginning of your document. This is the area you can use to add additional packages and their command definitions for any global parameters:

```
\usepackage{graphicx}
\usepackage{multicol,multirow}
\usepackage{amsmath,amssymb,amsfonts}
\usepackage{amsthm}
....
```

If any package need to be used and also any macros need to defined, please use the preamble area. In addition to the above there are two commands are available to change the article type and journal name respectively as follows:

```
\articletype{RESEARCH ARTICLE}
\jname{Canadian Mathematical Society}
```

## 5 Major Structures/Elements

The major parts of your article contents are divided into three main elements. The frontmatter, mainmatter, and the backmatter. The below table shows the main elements in general.

| Article                          |                            |  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Frontmatter                      | Mainmatter                 | Backmatter                               |
| <code>\begin{Frontmatter}</code> |                            | <code>\begin{Backmatter}</code>          |
| <code>\title{...}</code>         | <code>\section{...}</code> | <code>\paragraph{...}</code>             |
| <code>\author{...}</code>        | body                       | <code>\paragraph{...}</code>             |
| <code>\address{...}</code>       | <code>\section{...}</code> | <code>\bibliographystyle{apalike}</code> |
| <code>\abstract{...}</code>      | body                       | <code>\bibliography{SampleRefs}</code>   |
| <code>\end{Frontmatter}</code>   |                            | <code>\end{Backmatter}</code>            |

## 6 Article Opener

All the article opening elements are coded inside in a wrapper tag `\begin{Frontmatter}` ...`\end{Frontmatter}`. A typical article opener coding is shown below:

```
\begin{Frontmatter}
  \title{Article Title for Data and Policy Journal (ETS)}

  \author[1,2]{First Author}
  \author[2]{Second Author}

  \address[1]{\orgdiv{...}, \orgname{...}, \orgaddress{...}}
  \address[2]{\orgdiv{...}, \orgname{...}, \orgaddress{...}}

  \keywords{...}
  \abstract{...}
\end{Frontmatter}
```

## 7 Major Elements

### 7.1 Section headings

The template allow 5 levels of headings in different styles

```
\section{This is an A head this is an A head}
```

A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading.

```
\subsection{This is a B head this is a B head}
```

A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading.

```
\subsubsection{This is a C head}
```

A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading.

```
\paragraph{This is a D head}
```

A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading.

```
\subparagraph{This is a E head}
```

A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading. A sample paragraph under the section heading.

## 7.2 Maths

AMS math coding is preferred for all maths in your article. Avoid “eqnarray” coding for normal display math coding. AMS math provides almost a complete solution for math typesetting. Please visit the Website <https://www.ctan.org/pkg/amsmath> for details.

## 7.3 Figure and Tables

Figures and tables are handled in a standard L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X manner; however, few additional tags like `\FIG{}{}` and `\TBL{}{}` are introduced. For the figures the `\FIG{\includegraphics{...}}{Caption text}` command includes images first and then caption as second argument. If an image does not have a caption, please use the command `\FIG{\includegraphics{...}}{}` with an empty group

```
\begin{figure}[t]
\FIG{\includegraphics{image}}
{\caption{Caption text....}}
\label{chap1:fig1}}
\end{figure}
```

The `\TBL{caption}{table-body}` command accepts two arguments: caption first, table body next. If caption is empty please follow empty groups as `\TBL{}{table-body}`. Basically three rules can be given as: `\toprule`, `\midrule`, `\botrule`. Spanned rules or any additional rules are also acceptable, since the `booktabs.sty` is already used by the template.

```
\begin{table}[b]
\TBL{\caption{Tables which are too long to fit,
should be written using the "table*" environment as shown here.}}
{\begin{tabular*}{\textwidth}{@{\extracolsep{\fill}}l l l l @{} }\toprule
\TCH{column 1} & \TCH{column 2} & \TCH{column 3} & & 
\TCH{column 4} \\ \midrule
row 1 & & data 1 & & data 2 & & data 3 & \\ 
row 2 & & data 4 & & data 5 & & data 6 & \\ 
row 3 & & data 7 & & data 8 & & data 9 & \\ 
\end{tabular*}}
\end{table}
```

The table footnotes are coded as normal footnote `\footnotetext[n]{...}` in the second argument after the table-body, but there an additional wrapper tag `fntable` for the table-body as shown below:

```
\begin{table}
\TBL{\caption{...}}
{\begin{fntable}
\begin{tabular}{...}
....
\end{tabular}
\footnotetext[1]{...}
\footnotetext[2]{...}
\end{fntable}}
\end{table}
```

## 7.4 Lists

The normal  $\text{\LaTeX}$  list coding could be followed: the “enumerate”, “itemize”, and additional “unenumerate” are used to code the ordered and unordered lists. All these environments are allowed with nested lists as well. The “description” lists are used for descriptive type of list like Terms and Definitions.

## 8 Backmatter Elements

All the backmatter elements should be placed with in the `\begin{Backmatter}...`  
`\end{Backmatter}`

### 8.1 References

BibTeX is the preferred format for references. BibTeX automates most of the work involved in references in articles. Using BibTeX options, both citations and references can be automatically updated to the preferred reference style. That is, you need not apply reference style tags for each element manually; it promotes structured writing. Basically, BibTeX work with two parts of the references: *content* and *style*. The *content* is stored separately in a plain text database file called `.bib`, in which each entry is structured in a manner with different types of entries and fields. The *style* and presentation of the database content are processed with the help of BibTeX program using a style file called `.bst` (bibliography style file). The template used APA style for the bibliography by default.

#### 8.1.1 Bibliography and Citations

Once the database is prepared and the style file is available, both bib style file and bib database file need to be called out at the end of the document as shown below:

```
\bibliographystyle{apalike}  
\bibliography{Sample-refs.bib}
```

After successfully compiling the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  file, program “`bibtex.exe`” needs to be run — another utility in  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , executed separately at prompt/terminal to generate the actual bibliography. This program needs the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  filename to generate a bibliography output file in the extension of `.bbl` file. The resulting bibliography is ready for typesetting with all formatting tags rendered according to the chosen reference style. Finally, once again run  $\text{\LaTeX}$  file, preferably twice, to view the bibliography in DVI window. For more details, please visit <http://www.bibtex.org>.

## Author Supports

General support for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  related questions can be obtained from the Internet newsgroup `comp.text.tex`. Frequently asked questions are available in various Web sites dealing with  $\text{\LaTeX}$ . In addition, CUP is extending support to authors through helpdesk for any technical assistance/guidance. Please log the your tickets at <https://cuptexsupport.spi-global.com/CUPTexSupport/>