

Extended wordlist

Unit 13

Abbreviations: n/np = noun / noun phrase; v/vp = verb / verb phrase; adj/adjp = adjective / adjective phrase; adv/advp = adverb / adverb phrase; T/I = transitive/intransitive; C/U = countable/uncountable

The numbers indicate the page in the unit on which the word or phrase first appears. RS indicates that the word or phrase appears in the recording script (a student version of the recording scripts can be found at www.cambridge.org/elt/completcae).

allergen *n* [C] (RS) a substance that makes some people ill if they eat it, touch it or breathe it in

asthma *n* [U] (128) an illness which makes it difficult to breathe

avoid/have contact with sth/sb *vp* (130) to make sure you do not touch something/someone

be allergic to sth *adjp* (130) having an allergy (ALLERGY = medical condition in which your body reacts badly to something you eat, breathe or touch)

be eligible for sth *adjp* (136) if you are *eligible for something*, you can do it because you are in the right situation

be obsessed with sth *vp* (129) thinking about something all the time

be resistant to sth *adjp* (129) not harmed or affected by something

be responsible for sth *adjp* (129)

1 to be the person whose duty it is to deal with something or someone

2 to be the person or thing that has caused something to happen, especially something bad

be stuck with sth *vp* (RS) to have something bad permanently

bounce *v* [I or T] (133) to hit a surface and then move quickly away, or to make something do this

central heating *n* [U] (129) a system of heating a building by warming air or water in one place and carrying it to different rooms in pipes

cleanliness *n* [U] (129) the state of being clean, or the practice of keeping things clean

come to light *vp* (130) if information about something *comes to light*, it is discovered

conduct *v* [I or T] (135)

1 [T] to organise or do something

2 [T] to stand in front of a group of musicians and control their performance

3 [I] if a substance *conducts* electricity or heat, it allows electricity or heat to go through it

decline in sth *n* [C or U] (136) when something becomes less in amount, importance, quality, or strength

diagnose sth *v* [T] (129) to say what is wrong with someone who is ill

discriminate *v* [I] (RS) to recognise the differences between things or people

do sth by force *vp* (133) to make someone do something by using physical strength

downwards *adv* (133) towards a lower place or level

dust *n* [U] (RS) a powder of dirt or soil that you see on a surface or in the air

exhausting *adj* (RS) making you feel very tired

exposure *n* [U] (RS) when something is often discussed in newspapers and on the television, etc.

family doctor *n* [C] (RS) a doctor who sees people in the local area and treats illnesses that do not need a hospital visit

gain independence *vp* (135) if a country *gains independence*, it starts to be ruled by its own government and not by another country

gentlemanly *adj* (133) polite and behaving well towards other people

grasp sb/sth *v* [T] (133) to take hold of someone or something firmly

have access to sth *vp* (RS) to have the right or opportunity to use or see something

hay fever *n* [U] (RS) an illness caused by a bad reaction to plants that some people get in the summer, especially affecting the nose and eyes

a high incidence of sth *np* (RS) if there is a *high incidence* of something, it happens often

hygienic *adj* (129) very clean, so that bacteria cannot spread

immune system *n* [C] (128) the cells and tissues in your body that fight against infection

indigenous *adj* (133) having always lived or existed in a place

livestock *n* [U] (135) animals that are kept on a farm

minimise sth *v* [T] (129) to make the amount of something as small as possible

mould *n* [U] (RS) a green or black substance that grows in wet places or on old food

on horseback *pp* (133) riding a horse

opponent *n* [C] (132) someone who you compete against in a game or competition

padding *n* [U] (133) soft material that is used to fill or cover something to protect it or make it more comfortable

phone-in programme *n* [C] (128) a radio or television programme in which the public can ask questions or give opinions over the telephone

plot *n* [C] (134)

1 the things that happen in a story

2 a plan to do something bad

3 a piece of land, often for growing food or for building on

pollen *n* [U] (128) a powder produced by flowers, which is carried by insects or the wind and makes other flowers produce seeds

receive funding for sth *vp* (136) to get money from a government or organisation for an event or activity

recreational *adj* (133) done for enjoyment

resistant *adj* (129) not harmed or affected by something

rowing *n* [U] (RS) the sport or activity of moving a boat through the water using oars (OARS = long poles with flat ends)

slap sb/sth *v* [T] (133) to hit someone or something with the flat, inside part of your hand

sleep deprivation *n* [U] (135) the condition of not having had enough sleep

suffer from a disease *vp* (129) to have an illness

take action *vp* (136) to do something in order to deal with a problem

trip *v* [I] (133) to fall by accidentally hitting an object with your foot

vaccination *n* [C] (128) when you are given a vaccine (VACCINE = substance that stops you getting a particular disease)

widespread *adj* (133) affecting or including a lot of places, people, etc.

wrestling *n* [U] (133) a sport in which two people fight and try to push each other to the ground