

7 Dress sense

Show what you know!

What clothes words can you remember?

Listening

02
CD3

1 Listen and tick (✓) the clothes words you hear.



2 Listen again. Say 'yes' or 'no'.

03
CD3

- 1 Alvin might wear jeans to the disco. **Yes.**
- 2 Dan thinks he may look better with a coat.
- 3 It isn't cold. Alvin might not wear a jacket.
- 4 Dan feels like a rock star.
- 5 Alvin looks like Mr Parker.
- 6 Shari thinks they should write about pop music.

3 Read and order the words.

- 1 might / a / Dan / shirt. / wear / striped
- 2 jacket? / wear / Who / a / might
- 3 not / wear / I / a sweater / tonight. / might
- 4 hot / may / a coat. / be too / It / to wear
- 5 a shirt. / Alvin / wear / might
- 6 lot in / They / the disco. / might / dance a



I think it **may** look better with a jacket.
You **might** feel like a rock star.
I **might not** wear a jacket.

4 Look at the pictures. Read and match.

- a I'm sorry, Peter. We may not have time. I've got a lot to do this afternoon.
- b I don't know. It's cold. I might wear my coat or I might wear my jacket.
- c I think I might, or I may wear a skirt.
- d She says she might come, but she needs to finish her homework first.



5 Practise the conversations with your friend. Write another conversation together.

6 Write questions with 'might'.

- 1 When / go / disco?
When might you go to the disco?
- 2 What clothes / wear / disco?
- 3 What music / dance to / disco?
- 4 Who / take / photographs of?
- 5 Who / go with?
- 6 What / take / with you?

7 Ask and answer.

When might you go to the disco?

I think I might go next week.

8 Play the game. What's in the bag? Write sentences with 'may'.



Reading

9 Read and find two things that people used differently a long time ago.

http://www.cambridge.org/elt/kidsbox/ezone

Kid's Box Ezine!

home reports games world email

Fashions may come and go, but some fashion extras haven't changed for centuries.



Buttons hold clothes together and decorate them. Today buttons are made of plastic, metal, glass and shells, but the Ancient Greeks had buttons made of gold.



Men and women have worn belts for about 5,000 years. People first used them to carry things and, much later, to hold their trousers up.



Did you know that the first umbrellas protected people from the Sun? Now there are big golf umbrellas and small, light umbrellas which we can carry in a handbag.



Your grandfather probably wore shorts at school when he was 14! These days we usually wear them for sport and when it's very hot.



People usually wear gloves on their hands when it's cold, but some people use gloves at work, for example firefighters.



The first pockets were small bags which people wore on their belts. Thieves could take them easily so people put the bags inside their clothes. Then it was difficult to get money out so in the 18th century people sewed pockets into their clothes.



Women and girls wear tights under their skirts and dresses to cover their legs in cold weather. Tights can be light and thin or thick and heavy. They are usually made of nylon or wool.

button umbrella gloves pocket belt tights decorate shorts

10

04
CD3

Listen. Repeat the word. Do you wear it? Say 'yes' or 'no'.

1 Belt.

Belt. Yes.

11

Read again and complete.

bags Sun tights shorts gloves ~~buttons~~

- The Ancient Greeks had gold buttons.
- The first umbrellas protected people from the
- protect our hands.
- The first pockets were small
- Older boys wore to school 60 years ago.
- are usually made of nylon or wool.

12 Read and match.

- 1 It's very hot today.
- 2 My trousers are falling down.
- 3 Look at those black clouds.
- 4 I can't find my money.
- 5 Hey, I like your striped tights!
- 6 The cook's got really big gloves.

- a They stop her burning her hands.
- b He's wearing a T-shirt and shorts.
- c They look great with that skirt.
- d I need a belt!
- e It isn't in my pocket!
- f I might take my umbrella.

13 Read and say the words.

There's a great new dance and we do it at school.
School disco! School disco!

Turn to the  .

Turn to the  .

Turn round and round.

Dance  and  .

School disco!

Long striped  ,

Big spotted  ,

 and  ,

And beautiful  .

 and  ,

 and  ,

Walking out

Like queens and kings.

School disco!

Big square  ,

 and  ,

 and  .

The clothes which we love.

Chorus

School disco!



14 Listen and check. Sing the song.

15 Play the game. Who is it?

He's wearing
grey shorts.

It might be 'i'.

No! He's wearing ...





DIGGORY BONES



That was a great joke, Dad. Did you see his face?

The Mayas designed this to sound like a Quetzal bird when someone clapped.



You look like you've seen an Aztec brave.

The braves painted their faces and wore birds' feathers and animal fur. Everyone who saw them felt ... afraid.



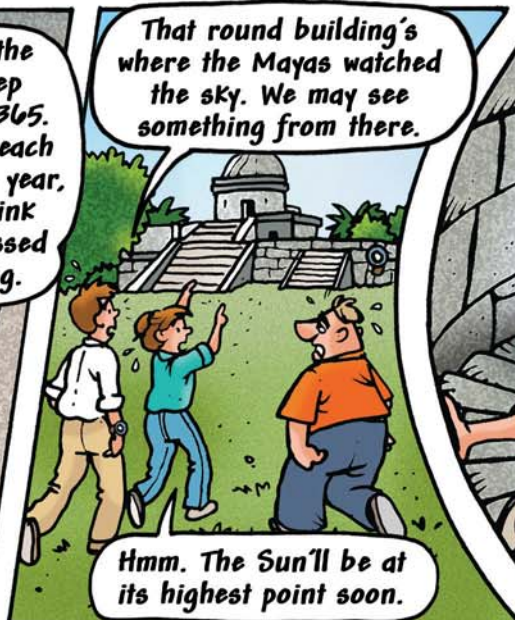
Quetzalcoatl was also the god of learning. You might learn something from this adventure.

And you might be sorry for your joke.



This is a giant calendar. There are stairs on each face: north, south, east and west, each with 91 steps.

And the top step makes 365. One for each day of the year, but I think we've missed something.



That round building's where the Mayas watched the sky. We may see something from there.

Hmm. The Sun'll be at its highest point soon.



We have to move fast. We haven't got much time.

If you're wrong, I'm going to be very unhappy, Bones.



When these bowls are full of water, they work like mirrors. The Mayas used them to watch the sky better.

What?

Quickly! We've got some bottles of water here. We need to put some into the bowls.



It's almost 11.28, when the Sun's at its highest. Let's see what happens now.

Richard's following us, remember? No tricks!



Come on! There it is! That picture will open the secret door to the gold.

It might not take us to gold, Mr Greedy.



DID YOU KNOW ... ?

The first 'tattoos' came from the Pacific island of Tahiti.

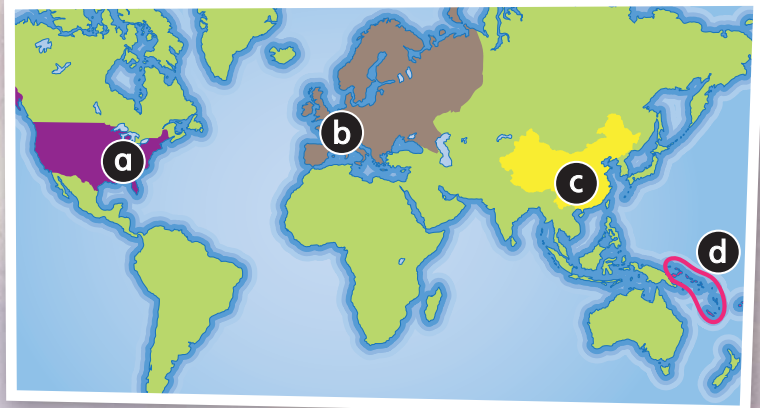
1 Read the find the clothes that come from places a–d on the map.

Today clothes are made in factories, but many years ago people made clothes by hand with natural materials.



On the Pacific islands, people made their first clothes from leaves and from bark, which is on

the outside of a tree. For dancing, men and women wore skirts made of grass and a headdress of flowers, feathers and shells. They also had earrings made of bones and shells.



Most Native North American men wore a long rectangular piece of leather with a belt, sometimes with leather trousers when it was cold. Leather is made from cow skin. Others wore trousers made of fur. Most men didn't wear shirts. The women wore skirts, trousers or dresses made from cloth or leather. Both men and women wore leather shoes. These are called moccasins.



People in China started to wear Han clothes over 3,000 years ago. They are made of

silk, a cloth which comes from the silk worm. Some people still wear Han clothes today: a shirt, a jacket, a skirt or trousers and white socks and black shoes made of cotton.



In Europe 2,000 years ago men wore tunics. This is like a long T-shirt which comes down to your knees or your feet. When it was cold they wore shirts under their tunics and some men wore tights or trousers. It was only 500 years ago when men stopped wearing tights.

2 Find these words.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 the outside part of a tree | 4 special clothes from China |
| 2 something for your head | 5 the hair of animals |
| 3 special Native American shoes | 6 rings for your ears |

3 Listen and answer.

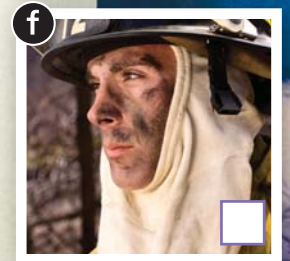
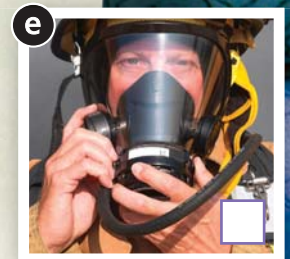
4 Read and match.

A lot of people have to wear special clothes at work or at school. These are called uniforms. Uniforms help us to identify people, so we can see what their job is or where they work or study. Some uniforms are also made of special materials to protect people when they work.

This is William. He's a firefighter from the Davis Fire Department in California, USA. In this picture he's wearing his day uniform. This is a shirt, which is made of cotton, and special trousers. He wears his day uniform when he isn't fighting fires.



- 1 His boots protect his feet. They are very strong. They are made of rubber and metal.
- 2 He wears these trousers over his day uniform. They're bigger than his other trousers so he can jump into them quickly. They've got big pockets and a plastic stripe at the bottom above the feet so people can see him in the dark.
- 3 His jacket protects the top of his body and helps him to stay dry. There are big pockets to carry things like a radio and his gloves.
- 4 He wears a special scarf around his neck which he can pull up over his head to protect it.
- 5 His mask is very important. It protects his face and eyes from the fire. It also protects his lungs because he mustn't breathe in gases.
- 6 His helmet is made of leather. Helmets which firefighters wear today are almost the same as the first ones from over 150 years ago, but they're better and stronger.
- 7 When the firefighter puts on his uniform, the last thing he puts on are his gloves. These are made of leather and they protect his hands from the fire.



Project

Design and write about a uniform.

You need:

- Paper
- Colours

- 1 Choose a job (a real one or one that you imagine).
- 2 Draw, label and colour the picture.
- 3 Write about the different parts of the uniform.
- 4 Make a class book.

